

LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model: DF-TFR0283FB-M1

This module uses ROHS materials

For customer acceptance

Customer	date
Approved	
Comments	

	Revision	1.0
The standard product specification may change without prior notice in order to improve performance or quality.	Engineering	
and product status before design for the standard product of	Date	2018/01/4
release of the order.	Our Reference	

REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1.0	2017-05-08	First Release	

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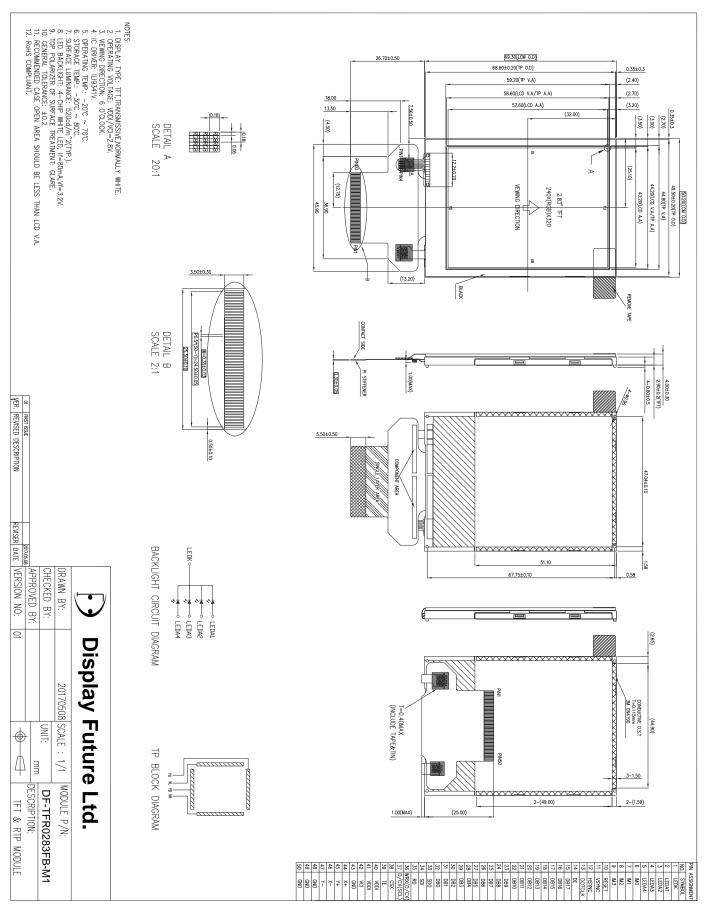
GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT Transmissive/Normally white	/
Size	2.83	Inch
Viewing direction	6:00(without image inversion and least brightness	O' Clock
	change)	
Gray scale inversion direction	12:00 (contrast peak located at)	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	50.20×69.30×4.0	mm ³
Active area (W×H)	43.20×57.60	mm^2
Pixel pitch (W×H)	0.18×0.18	mm^2
Number of dots	240 (RGB) × 320	/
Driver IC	ILI9341V	/
Backlight type	4 LEDs	/
Interface type	CPU/RGB/SPI	/
Color depth	262K	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Top polarizer surface treatment	Glare	/
Input voltage	2.8	V
With/Without TSP	With RTP	/
TP surface treatment	Glare	/
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1: RoHS compliant;

Note 2: LCM weight tolerance: \pm 5%.

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VCI	-0.3	4.6	V
Logic signal voltage	VDDI	-0.3	4.6	V
Operatingtemperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storagetemperature	TST	-30	80	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VCI	2.5	2.8	3.3	V
Logic signalI/O voltage	VDDI	1.65	2.8	3.3	V
Inputvoltage'H'level	VIH	0.7VDDI	-	VDDI	V
Inputvoltage'L'level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDDI	V
Outputvoltage'H'level	VOH	0.8VDDI	-	VDDI	V
Outputvoltage'L'leve	VOL	VSS	-	0.2VDDI	V

BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward voltage	Vf	-	3.2	-	V	Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}C$,
Forward current	If	-	80	-	mA	, í
Power consumption	WBL	-	256	-	mW	60%RH±5%
Operating life time	-	30000	40000	-	Hrs	

Note :

Operating life time means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness;

The life time of LED will be reduced if LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature and humidity conditions;

Typical operating life time is an estimated data.

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time		Tr+Tf		-	25	30	ms	FIG 1.	4
Contrast r	ratio	Cr	θ=0°	400	500	-		FIG 2.	1
Luminar uniform		δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25℃	80	90	-	%	FIG 2.	3
Surface Lum	inance	Lv		410	520	-	cd/m ²	FIG 2.	2
			$\emptyset = 90^{\circ}$	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
Viewing angl	0 100000	0	$\emptyset = 270^{\circ}$	-	57	-	deg	FIG 3.	6
Viewing angl	e range	θ	$\varnothing = 0^{\circ}$	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	0
			$\emptyset = 180^{\circ}$	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
	Red	Х		0.5868	0.6368	0.6868			
	Reu	У		0.2829	0.3329	0.3829			
	Green	Х	θ=0°	0.2897	0.3397	0.3897			
CIE (x, y)	Ulteri	У	Ø=0°	0.5638	0.6138	0.6638		FIG 2.	5
chromaticity	Blue	Х	± 0 Ta=25℃	0.0933	0.1433	0.1933		110 2.	5
	Diuc	У	1 a-25 C	0.0307	0.0807	0.1307			
	White	Х		0.2386	0.2886	0.3386			
	vv inte	у		0.2696	0.3194	0.3696			
NTSC Ratio	-	-	-	55	67	-	%	-	-

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.:

Contrast Ratio = $\frac{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}$

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P₁, P₂, P₃, P₄, P₅)

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance , δ WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta \text{ WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}{\text{Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}$

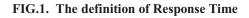
Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series

Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value

Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

Note 7. For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity,CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

Note 8. For TFT module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.



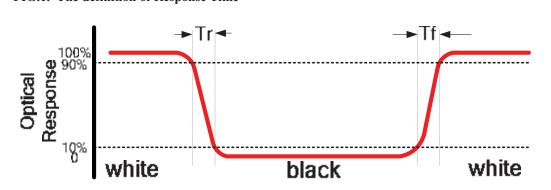


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

A : 5 mm B : 5 mm H,V : Active Area Light spot size Ø=5mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5

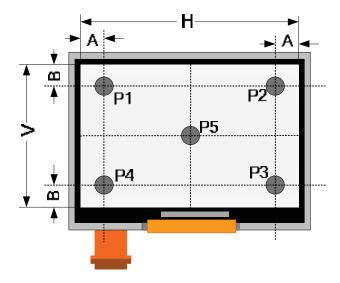
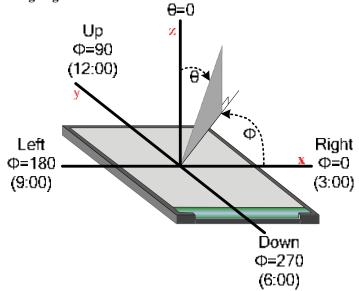


FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle



■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description					
1	LEDK	Cathode for LED backlighting					
2	LEDA1	Anode No.1 for LED backlighting					
3	LEDA2	Anode No.2 for LED backlighting					
4	LEDA3	Anode No.3 for LED backlighting					
5	LEDA4	Anode No.4 for LED backlighting					
6	IM0						
7	IM1	Select Interface Mode ;Note1					
8	IM2						
9	IM3						
10	RESET	Reset pin					
11	VSYNC	Frame Synchronizing Signal For RGB Interface					
12	HSYNC	Line Synchronizing Signal For RGB Interface					
13	DOTCLK	Dot Clock Signal For RGB Interface					
14	DE	Data Enable Signal For RGB Interface					
15	DB17						
I	I	DATA BUS					
32	DB0						
33	SDO	Serial Output Signal					
34	SDI	Serial Input Signal					
35	RD	Read execution control pin					
36	WRX(D/CX)	Write execution control pin; Serial Register select s Signal					
37	D/CX(SCL)	Register select signal; Serial Interface Clock					
38	CSX	Chip Select Signal					
39	TE	Tearing effect out pin synchronize MPU to frame writing					
40	VDDI	Logic power, provide with 1.8/2.8V					
41	VDDI	Logic power, provide with 1.8/2.8V					
42	VCI	Power Supply to the interface pins ,provide with 2.8V					
43	GND	Ground					
44	X+	Touch panel output					
45	Y+	Touch panel output					
46	Х-	Touch panel output					
47	Y-	Touch panel output					
48	GND	Ground					
49	GND	Ground					
50	GND	Ground					

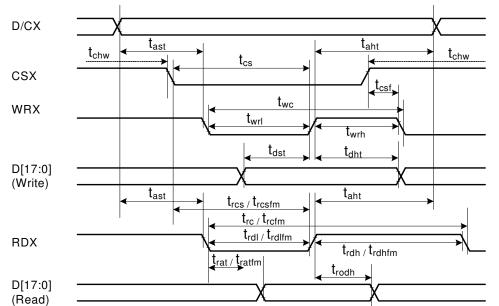
NOTE1:

IМЗ	IM2	IM1	IMO	MCU-Interface Mode	Pins in use			
11113	IIVI2	IIVII	IIVIO	MCO-Interface Mode	Register/Content	GRAM		
0	0	0	0	8080 MCU 8-bit bus interface I	D[7:0]	D[7:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
0	0	0	1	8080 MCU 16-bit bus interface ${ m I}$	D[7:0]	D[15:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
0	0	1	0	8080 MCU 9-bit bus interface I	D[7:0]	D[8:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
0	0	1	1	8080 MCU 18-bit bus interface I	D[7:0]	D[17:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
0	1	0	1	3-wire 9-bit data serial interface ${ m I}$	SCL,SDA,CSX			
0	1	1	0	4-wire 8-bit data serial interface ${ m I}$		SCL,SDA,D/CX,CSX		
1	0	0	0	8080 MCU 16-bit bus interface \square	D[8:1]	D[17:10],D[8:1],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
1	0	0	1	8080 MCU 8-bit bus interface II	D[17:10]	D[17:10],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
1	0	1	0	8080 MCU 18-bit bus interface \square	D[8:1]	D[17:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX		
1	0	1	1	8080 MCU 9-bit bus interface	D[17:10] D[17:9],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/0			
1	1	0	1	3-wire 9-bit data serial interface	SCL,SDI,SDO, CSX			
1	1	1	0	4-wire 8-bit data serial interface ${\scriptstyle\rm II}$	SCL,SDI,D/CX,SDO, CSX			

■ APPLICATION NOTES

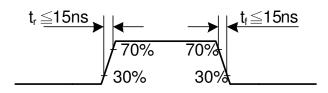
1. AC Characteristics

1.1 Display Parallel 18/16/9/8-bit Interface Timing Characteristics (8080- I system)



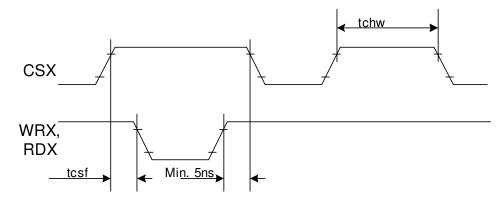
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
DCX	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	twc	Write cycle	66	-	ns	
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
D[17:0]	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[17:0], D[15:0],	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
D[15.0], D[8:0],	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For minimum CL=30pF
D[8.0], D[7:0]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	
5[7.0]	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 ℃, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, VSS=0V



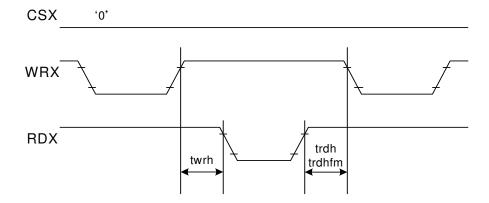
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CSX timings :



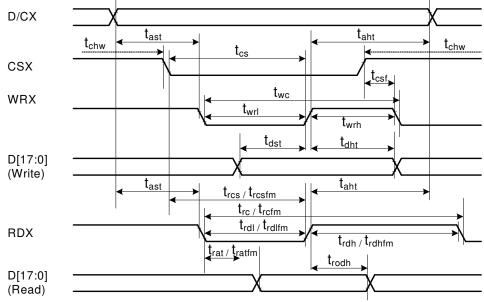
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

Write to read or read to write timings:



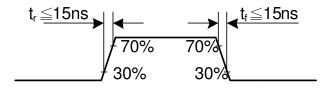
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

1.2 Display Parallel 18/16/9/8-bit Interface Timing Characteristics(8080-II system)



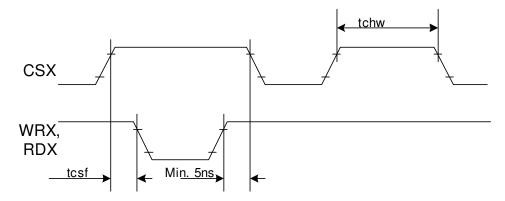
Signal	Symbo I	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
DOX	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	twc	Write cycle	66	-	ns	
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
D[17:0]	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[17:0],	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
D[17:10]&D[8:1], D[17:10],	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For minimum CL=30pF
D[17:10], D[17:9]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	
	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 ℃, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, VSS=0V.



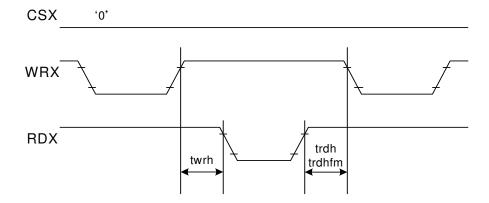
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CSX timings :

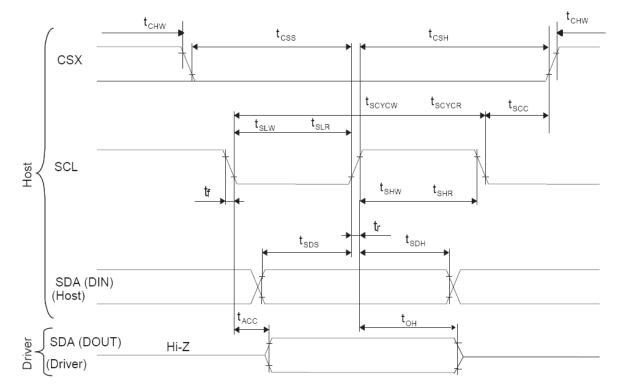


Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

Write to read or read to write timings:



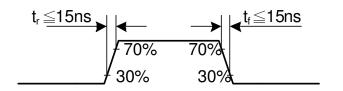
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

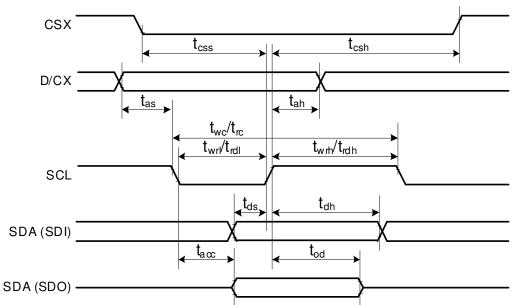


1.3 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (3-line SPI system)

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
	tscycw	Serial Clock Cycle (Write)	100	-	ns	
	tshw	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SCL	tslw	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SUL	tscycr	Serial Clock Cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	tshr	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	tslr	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
SDA / SDI	tsds	Data setup time (Write)	30	-	ns	
(Input)	tsdh	Data hold time (Write)	30	-	ns	
SDA / SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	-	ns	
(Output)	toh	Output disable time (Read)	10	50	ns	
	tscc	SCL-CSX	20	-	ns	
CSX	tchw	CSX "H" Pulse Width	40	-	ns	
038	tcss	CSX-SCL Time	60	-	ns	
	tcsh		65	-	ns	

Note: Ta = 25 °C, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, AGND=VSS=0V

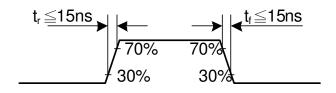


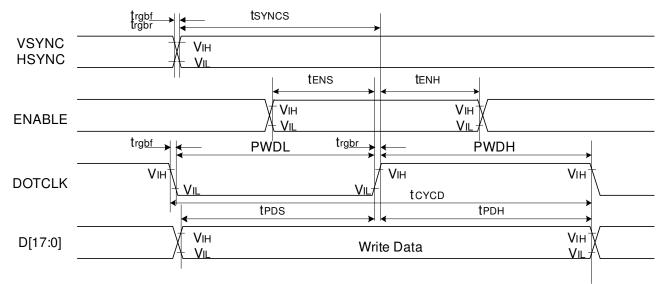


1.4 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (4-line SPI system)

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
csx	tcss	Chip select time (Write)	40	-	ns	
037	tcsh	Chip select hold time (Read)	40	-	ns	
	twc	Serial clock cycle (Write)	100	-	ns	
	twrh	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SCL	twrl	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SUL	trc	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	trdh	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	trdl	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
D/CX	tas	D/CX setup time	10	-		
D/CX	tah	D/CX hold time (Write / Read)	10	-		
SDA / SDI	tds	Data setup time (Write)	30	-	ns	
(Input)	tdh	Data hold time (Write)	30	-	ns	
SDA / SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
(Output)	tod	Output disable time (Read)	10	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

Note: Ta = 25 °*C*, *VDDI*=1.65*V* to 3.3*V*, *VCI*=2.5*V* to 3.3*V*, *AGND*=*VSS*=0*V*

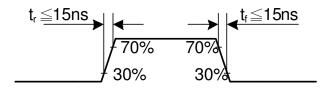




1.5 Parallel 18/16/6-bit RGB Interface Timing Characteristics

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
VSYNC /	t _{SYNCS}	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	
HSYNC	tsynch	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENS}	DE setup time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENH}	DE hold time	15	-	ns	
D[17:0]	t _{POS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	18/16-bit bus RGB
D[17.0]	t _{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	interface mode
	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level period	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level period	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	tcycd	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns	
	t _{rgbr} , t _{rgbf}	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	
VSYNC /	t _{SYNCS}	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	
HSYNC	t _{SYNCH}	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENS}	DE setup time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENH}	DE hold time	15	-	ns	
	t _{POS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	6-bit bus RGB
D[17:0]	t _{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	interface mode
	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level pulse period	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level pulse period	15	-	ns	
DUTCER	t _{CYCD}	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns	
	t _{rgbr} , t _{rgbf}	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	

Note: Ta = *-*30 *to* 70 ℃, *VDDI*=1.65*V to* 3.3*V*, *VCI*=2.5*V to* 3.3*V*, *AGND*=*VSS*=0*V*



INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION(ILITEK's ILI9341V

Regulative Command Set													
Command Function	D/CX	RDX	WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
No Operation	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00h
Software Reset	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01h
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04h
Read Display Identification	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
Information	1	↑	1	XX				ID1 [7:0]				XX
mornation	1	↑	1	XX				ID2 [7:0]				XX
	1	↑	1	XX				ID3 [7:0]				XX
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	09h
	1	↑	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
Read Display Status	1	↑	1	XX			D	[31:25]				Х	00
neau Display Status	1	L ↑	1	XX	Х		D [22:20]		D [1	9:16]		61
	1	L ↑	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х		D [10:8]		00
	1	L ↑	1	XX		D [7:5]		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0Ah
Read Display Power Mode	1	↑	1	XX	Х	X	х	Х	Х	Х	x	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX			D [7	:2]			0	0	08
	0	1	\uparrow	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0Bh
Read Display MADCTL	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX			D [7	:2]			0	0	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0Ch
Read Display Pixel Format	1	↑	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	L ↑	1	XX	RIM		DPI [2:0]		Х		DBI [2:0]		06
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0Dh
Read Display Image Format	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х		D [2:0]		00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0Eh
Read Display Signal Mode	1	↑	1	XX	Х	X	х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX			D [7	:2]			0	0	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0Fh
Read Display Self-Diagnostic	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
Result	1	↑	1	XX	D [7		Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	00
Enter Sleep Mode	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10h
Sleep OUT	0	1		XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11h
Partial Mode ON	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12h
Normal Display Mode ON	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	13h
Display Inversion OFF	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20h
Display Inversion ON	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21h
	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	26h
Gamma Set	1	1		XX				GC [01
Display OFF	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28h
Display ON	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	29h
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2Ah
	1	1		XX				SC [1		Ŭ		•	XX
Column Address Set	1	1		XX				SC []					XX
	1	1		XX				EC [1					XX
	1	1		XX				EC []					XX
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2Bh
	1	1	↑			0		 SP [1		U		I	XX
Page Address Set	1		T T	XX									
raye Audress Sel		1		XX				SP []					XX
	1	1	<u>↑</u>	XX				EP [1					XX
	1	1	\uparrow	XX				EP [7	/:0]				XX

	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2Ch
Memory Write	1	1	↑	707		Ū		D [17:0]			Ŭ	Ŭ	XX
	0	1		ХХ	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2Dh
	1	1	1	XX					R	00 [5:0]			XX
	1		1	ХХ						nn [5:0]			XX
	1		1	ХХ						31 [5:0]			XX
	1		1	ХХ						00 [5:0]			XX
Color SET	1	I ↑	1	ХХ						nn [5:0]			XX
	1	I ↑	1	ХХ						64 [5:0]			XX
	1	↑	1	XX						00 [5:0]			XX
	1	↑	1	XX						nn [5:0]			XX
	1	↑	1	XX						31 [5:0]			XX
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2Eh
Memory Read	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1		1				. [D [17:0]			•	•	XX
	0	1		XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30h
	1	1	L ↑	XX				S	R [15:8]				00
Partial Area	1	1	↑	XX				S	R [7:0]				00
	1	1	↑	XX				E	R [15:8]				01
	1	1	↑	XX				E	R [7:0]				3F
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33h
	1	1	↑	XX				TF	A [15:8]				00
	1	1	↑	XX				TI	FA [7:0]				00
Vertical Scrolling Definition	1	1	↑	XX				VS	SA [15:8]				01
	1	1	↑	XX				V	SA [7:0]				40
	1	1	↑	XX				BF	[:] A [15:8]				00
	1	1	↑	XX				B	FA [7:0]				00
Tearing Effect Line OFF	0	1		XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	34h
Tearing Effect Line ON	0	1		XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35h
Tearing Effect Line ON	1	1	L ↑	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	М	00
Memory Access Control	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36h
Memory Access Control	1	1	L ↑	XX	MY	MX	MV	ML	BGR	MH	Х	Х	00
	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	37h
Vertical Scrolling Start Address	1	1	L ↑	XX				VS	SP [15:8]				00
	1	1	L ↑	XX				V	SP [7:0]				00
Idle Mode OFF	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38h
Idle Mode ON	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	39h
Pixel Format Set	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	3Ah
Tixel Tolliat Set	1	1		XX	Х		DPI [2:0)]	Х		DBI [2:	0]	66
Write Memory Continue	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3Ch
White Memory Continue	1	1						0 [17:0]	r		1		XX
	0	1		XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3Eh
Read Memory Continue	1	↑	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	XX
	1	↑	1					D [17:0]	1		T	I	XX
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44h
Set Tear Scanline	1	1	↑	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	STS [8]	00
	1	1	↑	XX					TS [7:0]			1	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45h
Get Scanline	1	↑	1	XX	X	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	XX
Get Scamille	1	↑	1	XX	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	GT	S [9:8]	00
	1	↑	1	XX				G	TS [7:0]			1	00
Write Display Brightness	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	51h
while Display Dirginitiess	1	1	↑	XX				D	BV [7:0]				00

	0	1		XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	52
Read Display Brightness	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X>
	1	1	1	XX				DBV	' [7:0]				00
Write CTRL Display	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	53
While OTHE Display	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	Х	Х	0
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	54
Read CTRL Display	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	Х	Х	0
Write Content Adaptive	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	55
Brightness Control	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	C[1:0]	0
Dood Content Adentive	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	56
Read Content Adaptive Brightness Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
Brightheod Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	C[1:0]	0
Write CABC Minimum	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	58
Brightness	1	1	↑	XX				CME	8 [7:0]			-	0
Read CABC Minimum	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	51
Brightness	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X
Diigintiiooo	1	1	1	XX				CME	8 [7:0]				0
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	D
Read ID1	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X
	1	1	1	XX			Modu	ile's Mai	nufacture	e [7:0]			X
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	DI
Read ID2	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	х	х	Х	Х	X
	1	1	1	XX			LCD Mod	dule / Di	river Ver	sion [7:0]	1	X
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	D
Read ID3	1	↑	1	XX	x	Х	X	Х	Х	x	Х	Х	X
	1	1	1	XX			LCD N	/odule	Driver I	D [7:0]			X

tended Command Set													
Command Function	D/CX	RDX	WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
RGB Interface	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	B0h
Signal Control	1	1	↑	XX	ByPass_MODE	RCM	[1:0]	Х	VSPL	HSPL	DPL	EPL	40
Frame Control	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	B1h
(In Normal Mode)	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	х	DIVA	[1:0]	00
(III Normai Mode)	1 1 ↑ XX X X X RTNA [4:0]					1B							
Frame Control	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B2h
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	х	DIVE	8 [1:0]	00
(In Idle Mode)	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х		RTNB [4:0]				1B
Frame Control	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	B3h
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	DIVC	[1:0]	00
(In Partial Mode)	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х		F	TNC [4:	0]		1B
Diaplay Inversion Control	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	B4h
Display Inversion Control	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	NLA	NLB	NLC	02
	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B5h
	1	1	↑	XX	0				VFP [6:	0]			02
Blanking Porch Control	1	1	↑	XX	0				VBP [6:	:0]			02
	1	1	↑	XX	0	0	0			HFP [4:0	0]		0A
	1	1	\uparrow	XX	0	0	0			HBP [4:0)]		14

	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6h
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	Х	x	PTG	i [1:0]	PT	[1:0]	0A
Display Function Control	1	1	↑	XX	REV	GS	SS	SM		19	SC [3:0]		82
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х				NL [5:0]			27
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х			P	CDIV [5:	0]	1	XX
Entry Mode Set	0	1	<u>↑</u>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B7h
Entry Mode Oet	1	1	L ↑	XX	Х	Х	X	X	DSTB	GON	DTE	GAS	07
	0	1	<u>↑</u>	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	B8h
Backlight Control 1	1	1	1	XX	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	L ↑	XX	X	Х	X	X		TH	I_UI [3:0]	1	04
	0	1	L ↑	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	B9h
Backlight Control 2	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	↑	XX		TH_MV	[3:0]				_ST [3:0]	1	B8
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	BAh
Backlight Control 3	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	X	Х			H_UI [3:0]		04
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	BBh
Backlight Control 4	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX		DTH_M					H_ST [3:0]		C9
D	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	BCh
Backlight Control 5	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	X	Х	X	Х	X	X	XX
	1	1	↑	XX		DIM2			X		DIM1 [2:		44
Backlight Control 7	0	1	<u>↑</u>	XX	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	BEh
	1	1	1	XX		0			1_DIV [7				0F
Backlight Control 8	0	1		XX	1 	0	1	1 V	1	1	1	1	BFh
	1	1	Ť	XX	X 1	X	X 0	X 0	X 0	LEDONR 0	LEDONPOL		1
Power Control 1	1	1		XX XX	X	1 X	0	0	-		0	0	C0h 26
		1		XX	1	1	0	0	0	0:0 <u>0 RH</u> / 0	0	1	
Power Control 2	0	1		XX	X	X	0 X		X		BT [2:		C1h
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0		0	1	0	1	C5h
VCOM Control 1	1	1		XX	X	1	0	0	VMH		0		31
	1	1		XX	X				VML				3C
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	0	0	<u>[0.0]</u> 1	1	1	C7h
VCOM Control 2	1	1		XX	nVM	1	0	0	VMF			1	C0
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	D0h
NV Memory Write	1	1	 ↑	XX	X	X	x	X	X		GM_ADR	•	00
NV Memory White	1	1	↑	XX	~				DATA [[2.0]	XX
	0	1	↓	XX	1	1	0	1		<u>0 0</u>	0	1	D1h
	1	1	↓	XX	<u> </u>	1 1	_ 0		Y [23:16				55
NV Memory Protection Key	1	1	↑	XX					Y [15:8]				AA
	1	1	↑	XX					EY [7:0]				66
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	D2ł
	1	↑	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
NV Memory Status Read	1	↑	1	XX	X				X		D1_CNT [•	XX
	1		1	XX	BUSY				X		D3_CNT		XX

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	0	↑	1	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	D3h
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	X	XX
Read ID4	1	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00
	1	1	1	XX	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	93
	1	↑	1	XX	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	E0h
	1	1	1	XX	x	X	X	X		-	0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	1	XX	X	X			VP1 [5		- []		0E
	1	1	1	XX	X	X			VP2 [5	-			12
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	х	Х			4 [3:0]		05
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X		VI	P6 [4			03
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	X			3 [3:0]		09
Positive Gamma	1	1	↑	XX	X				- 20 [6:0]	•••	0 [0.0]		47
Correction	1	1	1	XX		VP36	[3:0]			VP2	27 [3:0]		86
	1	1	1	XX	x	1.00	[0.0]	VI	- P43 [6:0]		., [0:0]		2B
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	х	X		VP	50 [3:0]		0B
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X		VF	257 [4			04
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	x			59 [3:0]		00
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	~		VP61 [5		0 [0.0]		00
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X			VP62 [5				00
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	x	X			63 [3:0]		00
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	E1h
	1	1	↑	XX	x	X	x	X		-	0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X			VN1 [5		0 [0.0]		1A
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X			VN2 [5				20
	1	1		XX	X	X	x	X			4 [3:0]		07
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X		I VI	N6 [4	<u> </u>		0F
	1	1		XX	X	X	x	x	V		.0] 3 [3:0]		05
Negative Gamma	1	1	↑	XX	x	Λ	Λ		v20 [6:0]		0 [0.0]		3A
Correction	1	1	1	XX	~	VN36	[3.0]	VI		VN2	27 [3:0]		8A
Controllon	1	1	 ↑	XX	x	1100	[0.0]	V	V43 [6:0]	V 1 12	., [0.0]		40
	1	1	 ↑	XX	x	х	x	X	<u>++0 [0.0]</u>	VNF	50 [3:0]		04
	1	1	↑	XX	x	X	x		VN	157 [4			18
	1	1	 	XX	x	X	x	x			59 [3:0]		0F
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X			VN61 [5		0.0]		3F
	1	1	↑	XX	x	X			VN62 [5				3F
	1	1	↑	XX	x	X	x	Х			63 [3:0]		0F
Digital Gamma Control 1	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	E2h
1 st Parameter	1	1	↑	XX		RCA0		0			40 [3:0]		XX
:	1	1	↑	XX		RCAx					Ax [3:0]		XX
16 th Parameter	1	1	↑	XX		RCA15					15 [3:0]	1	XX
Digital Gamma Control 2	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	E3h
1 st Parameter	1	1	 ↑	XX		RFA0				-	40 [3:0]		XX
:	1	1	↑	XX		RFAx					Ax [3:0]		XX
	1	1	↑	XX		RFA63					63 [3:0]		XX
64 th Parameter	1	1			1	1	1	1	0	<u>БГА</u>			F6h
64 th Parameter	0		*	V Y Y									
64 th Parameter	0	1	↑ ^	XX							1 X		
64 th Parameter	0 1 1	1 1 1	↑ ↑	XX XX XX	MY_EOR	MX_EOR	MV_EOR	Х	BGR_EOR	X X	Х	0 WEMODE ОТ [1:0]	01

Note 1: Undefined commands are treated as NOP (00h) command.

Note 2: B0 to D9 and DE to FF are for factory use of display supplier. USER can decide if these commands are available or they are treated as NOP (00h) commands before shipping to USER. Default value is NOP (00h).

Note 3: Commands 10h, 12h, 13h, 26h, 28h, 29h, 30h, 36h (Bit B4 only), 38h and 39h are updated during V-SYNC when ILI9341V is in Sleep OUT mode to avoid abnormal visual effects. During Sleep IN mode, these commands are updated immediately. Read status (09h), Read display power mode (0Ah), Read display MADCTL (0Bh), Read display pixel format (0Ch), Read display image mode (0Dh), Read display signal mode (0Eh) and Read display self diagnostic result (0Fh) of these commands are updated immediately both in Sleep IN mode and Sleep OUT mode.

TOUCH PANEL SPECIFICATION

1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ltem		Value		Unit	Remark
nem	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onic	Remark
Linearity	-1.5	-	1.5	%	Analog X and Y directions
Terminal	150	-	550	Ω	X(Film side)
Resistance	300	-	850Ω		Y(Glass side)
Insulation resistance	20	-	-	MΩ	DC 25V
Voltage	-	-	10	V	DC
Chattering	-	-	15	ms	100kΩ pull-up

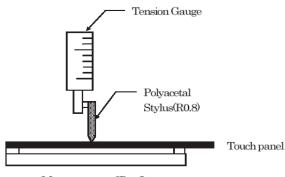
Note: Avoid operating with hard or sharp material such as a ball point pen or a mechanical pencil except a polyacetal pen (tip R0.8mm or less) or a finger.

2. MECHANICAL & RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

ltem		Value		Unit	Remark	
item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Nemark	
Active force	-	-	100	gf	Note 1	
Durability-surface scratching	Write 100,000	-	-	characters	Note 2	
Durability-surface pitting	1,000,000	-	-	touches	Note 3	
Surface hardness	3	-	-	Н		

Note 1: Active force test condition

- (1) Input DC 5V on X direction, Drop off Polyacetal Stylus (R0.8), until output voltage stabilize ,then get the activation force °
- (2) R8.0mm Silicon rubber for finger Activation force test
- (3) Test point: 9 points



<Measurement of Pen Input>

Note 2: Measurement for surface area.

-Scratch 100,000 times straight line on the film with a stylus change every 20,000 times.

-Force: 250gf.

-Speed: 60mm/sec.

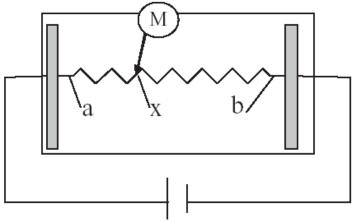
-Stylus: R0.8 polyacetal tip.

Note 3: Pit 1,000,000 times on the film with a R0.8 silicon rubber.

-Force: 250gf.

-Speed: 2times/sec.

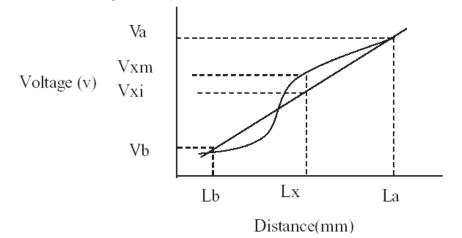
3. LINEARITY DEFINITION



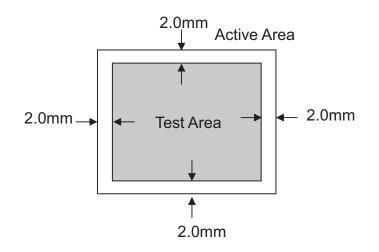
Va: maximum voltage in the active area of touch panel Vb: minimum voltage in the active area of touch panel X: random measuring point

Vxm: actual voltage of Lx point

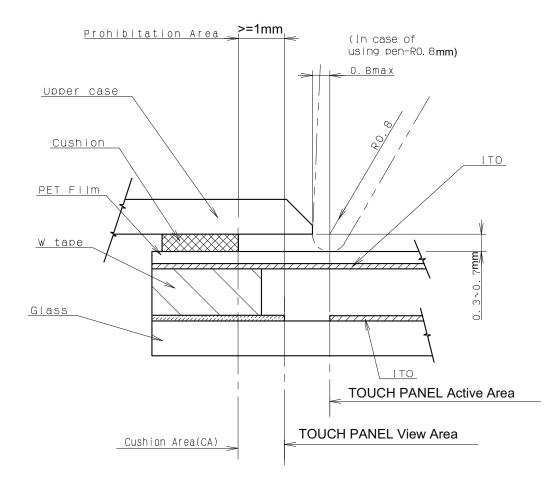
Vxi: theoretical voltage of Lx point



Linearity = [|Vxi-Vxm |/(Va-Vb)]*100% Note: Test area is as follows and operation force is 150gf.



4. Design guidance for the upper case and cushion



Note 1:Upper case opening

- a. Please place the upper case opening to maintain the operation by a stylus pen inside the TP response area.
- b. The any pressures in the area between TP response area and TP viewing area is prohibited.
- c. Please use the appropriate material(PMMA,PC,etc.) as the upper case.

Note 2:Cushion design

- a. Please put the cushion on the upper case.
- b. Do not use an adhesive tape to stick on the TP suface.
- c. Please position the cushion over the cushion area to avoid a short.

RELIABILITY TEST

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Storage Test	$80^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C/96$ Hrs.	Note2
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	$-30^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}/96\text{Hrs.}$	Note1,2
3	High Temperature Operation Test	70°C±2°C/96Hrs.	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	-20°C±2°C/96Hrs.	Note1
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	60±5℃, 90%RH 96Hrs.	Note1,2
6	Thermal Shock Test (Non-operating)	-30±2°C(30Min.)~25±2°C(5Min.)~80±2°C(30Min.) 10Cycles	
7	Vibration Test (Non-operating)	Frequency:10~55Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm Sweep Time: 11Mins Test Period: 6 Cycles For Each Direction Of X, Y, Z (Packing Condition)	
8	Shock Test (Non-operating)	100G, 6Ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z Cycle: 3 Times	
9	Electro Static Discharge Test (Non-operating)	Voltage: ±8KV, R:330Ω, C:150pF, Air Discharge, 10 Times. (Packing Condition)	

Note 1: Without water condensation

Note 2: The function test shall be conducted after 2 hours storage at the room temperature and humidity after removed from the test chamber.

■ INSPECTION CRITERION

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 5
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	
This specification is made to be used as the standard accept	tance/rejection criteria for TFT module.
1 Sample plan	
1.1 Lot size: Quantity per shipment lot per model	
1.2 Sampling type: Normal inspection, Single sampling	
1.3 Inspection level: II	
1.4 Sampling table: MIL-STD-105D	
1.5 Acceptable quality level (AQL)	
Major defect: AQL=0.65	
Minor defect: AQL=1.50 2. Inspection condition	
2.1 Ambient conditions:	
a. Temperature: Room temperature $25\pm 5^{\circ}$ C	
b. Humidity: (60 ± 10) %RH	
c. Illumination: Single fluoresœnt lamp non-directive ((300 to 700 Lux)
2.2 Viewing distance:	
The distance between the LCD and the inspector's eye	s shall be at least $35\pm$ 5cm.
2.3 Viewing Angle	
U/D: 45° /45° , L/R: 45° /45°	
Eye position	
45° 45° 35cm-40cm 90° LCD Panel	
3. Definition of Inspection Item.	
3.1 Definition of inspection zone in LCD.	
A B C	
Zone A: character/Digit area	· · · · · · · ·
Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=r	
Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after asser	nbly in customer's product)
Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.	5 1 <i>)</i>

|--|

TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.

4. Inspection standards

Defects are classified as majot defects and minor defects according to the degree of defectiveness defined herein.

4.1 Major defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard
4.1.1	All functional defects	 No display Display abnormally Short circuit Line defect Excess power consumption
4.1.2	Missing	Missing function component
4.1.3	Crack	Glass crack

4.2 Minor defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection standard	
	Spot Defect	For dark/white spot is defined $\varphi = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) \neq 2$ $\longrightarrow \mathbf{X} \leftarrow \mathbf{y}$	ined
4.2.1	Including Black spot White spot	• y x y Size φ(mm)	AcceptableQuantity
	Pinhole Foreign particle	φ≤0.15 2mm(min) apart	Ignore
	Polarizer dirt	0.15 < φ≤ 0.25 5mm(min) apart	3
		0.25<φ	Not allowed

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD		PAGE 3 OF 5	
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA			
		Define:	Vidth
4.2.2	Line Defect Including Black line	Width(mm) Length(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
	White line	W≤0.05 and L≤10	Ignore
Scratch	Scratch	0.05 < W≤0.08 and L≤10 3mm(min) apart	3
		0.08 < W≤0.10 andL≤5 3mm(min) apart	1
		0.10< W or 10 <l< td=""><td>Not allowed</td></l<>	Not allowed
	Polarizer Dent/Bubble	Size $\varphi(mm)$	Acceptable Quantity
		φ ≤0.25	Ignore
4.2.3		Non visible area	Ignore
		0.25<φ≤0.40 5mm(min) apart	2
		0.40< φ	Not allowed
4.2.4	Electrical Dot Defect	Bright and Black dot defi	ine:
		Inspection pattern: Full white, Full black, Red, green and blue screens	
		Item	Acceptable Quantity
		Black dot defect	2
		Bright dot defect	0
		Total Dot	2

TLE:FUN		NG QUALITY STANDARE	PAGE 4 OF 5
		1.Corner chips:	X Z Z
		Size(mm)	AcceptableQuantity
4.2.5	Touch panel chips	X≤3mm Y≤3mm Z≤T	Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness
	2. Side chips:	Y Z	
		Size(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
		X≤5mm Y ≤3mm Z≤T	Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness

	OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 5 OF 5
TLE:FUN	CTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	
Note:		or black and bright dot defects distance between two bright dot appears on active display area. The ed if the polarizer bubble appears on

PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone

- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

Correct handling:



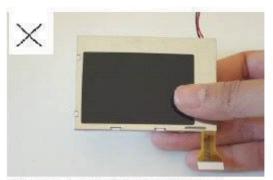


As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

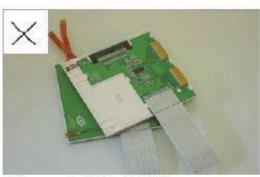
Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stack LCM.



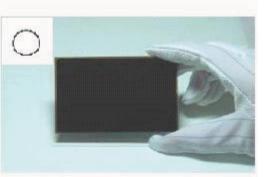
Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.

Handling precaution for LCD

LCD is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

Correct handling:



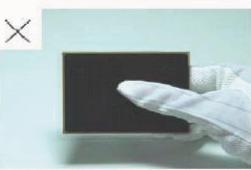


As above photo, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCD edges.

Incorrect handling:



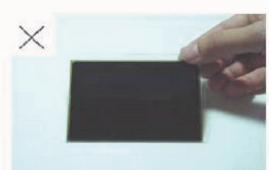
Please don't stack the LCDS.



Please don't hold the surface of LCD.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't touch ITO glass without anti-static gloves.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

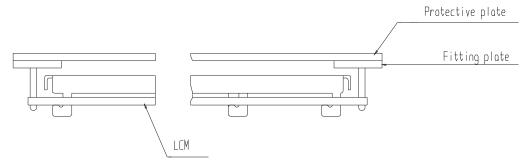
-Terminal electrode sections.

USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

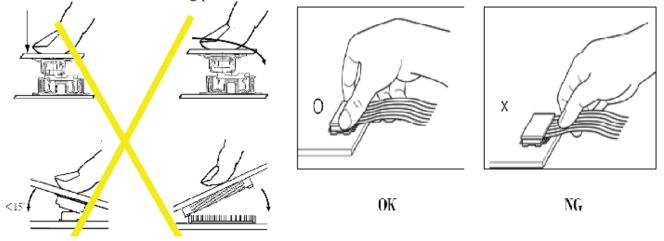
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C ∼370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

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Limited Warranty

Unless agreed otherwise between Display Future Ltd and customer, Display Future will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned within 90 days of the shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on the product.

The warranty liability of Display Future limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Display Future will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

1. (1) For Display Future standard products, we keep the right to change material and processes for improving the product, without notice to our customers.

⁽²⁾For OEM products, if any change is needed, which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.

2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.