

Comments

The standard product specification may change without	Revision	1.0
prior notice in order to improve performance or quality. Please contact Display Future Ltd for updated specification	Engineering	
and product status before design for the standard product or	Date	2018/01/4
release of the order.	Our Reference	

# **REVISION RECORD**

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REVISED PAGE NO.
1.0	2017-08-29	First Release	

# CONTENTS

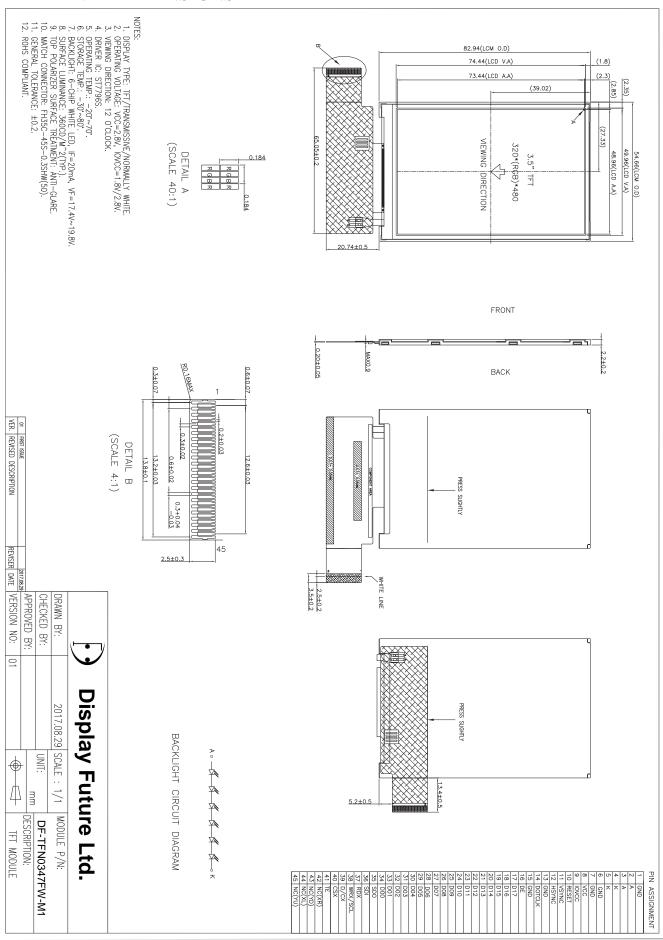
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# ■ GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive/Normally white	/
Size	3.5	Inch
Viewing direction	12:00(without image inversion and least brightness	O' Clock
	change)	
Gray scale inversion direction	6:00 (contrast peak located at)	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	54.66×82.94×2.20	mm <sup>3</sup>
Active area (W×H)	48.96×73.44	$mm^2$
Pixel pitch (W×H)	0.184×0.184	$mm^2$
Number of dots	320 (RGB) × 480	/
Driver IC	ST7796S	/
Backlight type	6 LEDs	/
Interface type	(1) 3-wire SPI (2) 3-wire SPI + 16-/18-bit RGB	/
Color depth	262K	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Top polarizer surface treatment	Anti-glare	/
Input voltage	2.8	V
With/Without TSP	Without TSP	/
TP surface treatment	-	/
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1: RoHS compliant; Note 2: LCM weight tolerance:  $\pm 5\%$ .

# EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	IOVCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Supply voltage for analog	VCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Supply current (one LED)	Iled	-	30	mA
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	Тѕт	-30	80	°C

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	IOVCC	1.65	1.8/2.8	3.3	V
Supply voltage for analog	VCC	2.5	2.8	3.3	V
Input leakage currentI	LKG	-1	-	1	μA
Input voltage ' H ' level	Vih	0.7IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V
Input voltage ' L ' level	Vil	GND	-	0.3IOVCC	V

# BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward voltage	Vf	17.4	19.2	19.8	V	Ta=25±2°C,
Forward current	If	-	20	30	mA	,
Power consumption	WBL	-	384	594	mW	60%RH±5%
LED lifetime	-	30,000	50,000	-	Hrs	

Note :

Operating life time means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness;

The life time of LED will be reduced if LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature and humidity conditions;

Typical operating life time is an estimated data.

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response	time	Tr+Tf		-	30	50	ms	FIG 1.	4
Contrast r	atio	Cr	θ=0°	350	500	-		FIG 2.	1
Luminar uniform		δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25℃	80	-	-	%	FIG 2.	3
Surface Lum	inance	Lv		280	360	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	FIG 2.	2
			$\emptyset = 90^{\circ}$	55	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	- 6
Viewing angl	0 10000	θ	$\emptyset = 270^{\circ}$	45	60	-	deg	FIG 3.	
viewing angi	Viewing angle range		$\emptyset = 0^{\circ}$	55	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	0
			$\emptyset = 180^{\circ}$	55	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
	Red	X		0.554	0.604	0.654			
	Reu	у		0.319	0.369	0.419			
	Green	Х	θ=0°	0.274	0.324	0.374			
CIE (x, y)	CIE (x, y)	у	Ø=0°	0.565	0.615	0.665		FIG 2.	5
chromaticity		Х	Ta=25℃	0.092	0.142	0.192		110 2.	
	Diuc	у	1 a-25 C	0.064	0.114	0.164			
	White	Х		0.230	0.280	0.330			
	wille	у		0.285	0.335	0.385			

# **ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.

Contrast Ratio = <u>Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)</u> Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance  $\delta$  WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

δ WHITE = <u>Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)</u> Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

- Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series.
- Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value.
- Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.
- Note 7. For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

#### FIG. 1 The definition of Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

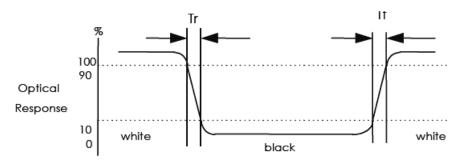
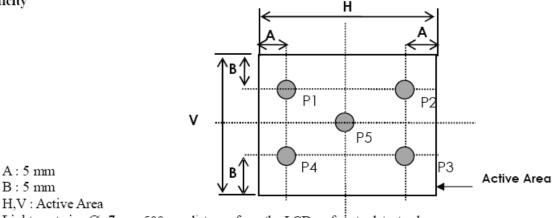


FIG. 2 Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

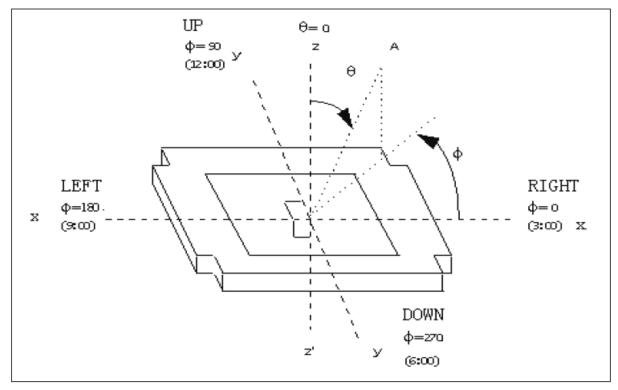


Light spot size Ø=7mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5

#### FIG. 3 The definition of viewing angle

A: 5 mm

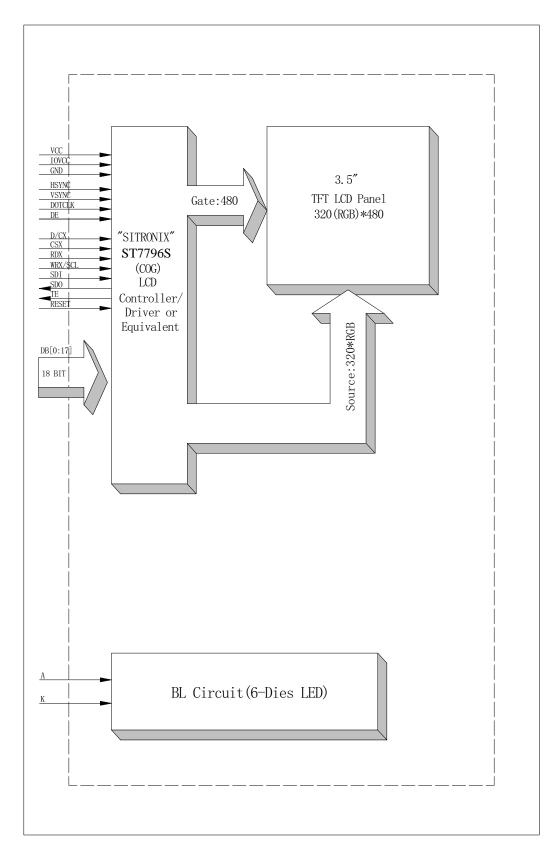
B:5 mm



# ■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

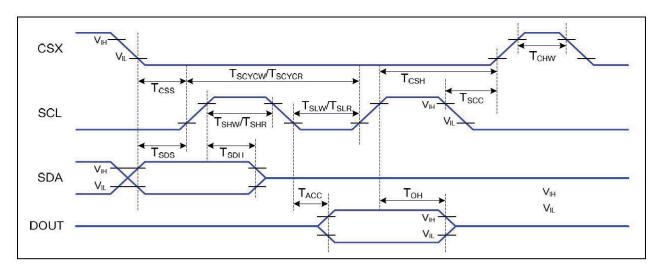
NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	GND	Power ground.
2	A	Backlight for Anode.
3	A	Backlight for Anode.
4	K	Backlight for Cathode.
5	K K	Backlight for Cathode.
		<u> </u>
6	GND	Power ground.
7	GND	Power ground.
8	VCC	Power supply for analog voltage.
9	IOVCC	Power supply for I/O system.
10	RESET	This signal will reset the device and it must be applied to properly initialize the chip.
		Signal is active low.
11	VSYNC	Vertical synchronizing signal in RGB interface.
12	HSYNC	Horizontal synchronizing signal in RGB interface.
13	GND	Power ground.
14	DOTCLK	Dot clock signal in RGB interface.
15	GND	Power ground.
16	DE	A data ENABLE signal in RGB mode.
17	DB17	Data bus(MSB).
18	DB16	Data bus.
19	DB15	Data bus.
20	DB14	Data bus.
21	DB13	Data bus.
22	DB12	Data bus.
23	DB11	Data bus.
24	DB10	Data bus.
25	DB9	Data bus.
26	DB8	Data bus.
27	DB7	Data bus.
28	DB6	Data bus.
29	DB5	Data bus.
30	DB4	Data bus.
31	DB3	Data bus.
32	DB2	Data bus.
33	DB1	Data bus.
33	DB0	Data bus(LSB).
	220	Serial data output.
35	SDO	If SDO EN=0, SDO is not use.
55	520	If SDO_EN=1, SDO is serial data output.
<u> </u>		Serial data input pin and output pin in serial bus system interface.
36	SDI	The data is inputted on the rising edge of the SCL signal.
37	RDX	MPU mode: Serves as a read signal and read data at the low level.
51	КDА	MPU mode: Serves as a read signal and read data at the low level. MPU mode: Serves as a write signal and write data at the low level.
38	WRX/SCL	SPI mode: it servers as SCL(Serial Clock)
39	D/CX	
37	$D/C\Lambda$	MPU, SPI-4line: Data/Command Selection pin.
40	COV	Chip select signal.
40	CSX	Low: chip can be accessed; High: chip can not be accessed.
4.1	a r	
41	TE	Tearing effect output.
42	NC(XR)	No Connection
43	NC(YD)	No Connection
44	NC(XL)	No Connection
45	NC(YU)	No Connection

# BLOCK DIAGRAM



# APPLICATION NOTES

- 1 Timing Characteristics
  - 1.1 SPI interface characteristic



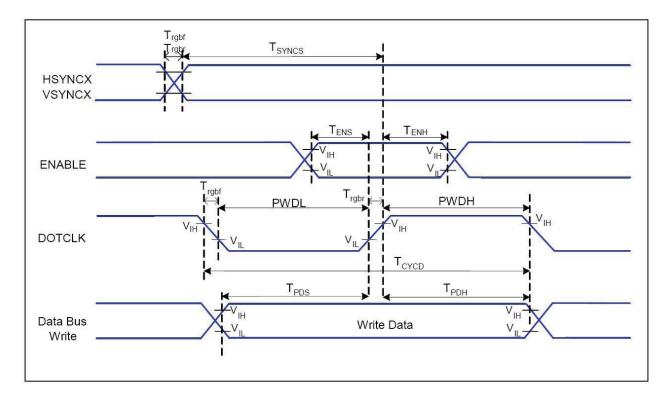
3-SPI Interface Timing Characteristics

VDDI=1.8V, VDDA=2.8V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=25 C

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit	Description
	T <sub>css</sub>	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time (write)	15		ns	
CSX	T <sub>css</sub>	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>scc</sub>	Chip select hold time (read)	65		ns	
5	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
SCL	$T_{SLW}$	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
SUL	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SLR</sub>	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
SDA	$T_{SDS}$	Data setup time	10		ns	
(DIN)	$T_{SDH}$	Data hold time	10		ns	
	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access time	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
DOUT	Тон	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

3-SPI Interface Characteristics

# 1.2 RGB interface characteristics



#### VDDI=1.8V,VDDA=2.8V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=25 C

Signal	Symbol	Symbol Parameter		MAX	Unit	Description
HSYNC, VSYNC	T <sub>SYNCS</sub>	VSYNC, HSYNC Setup Time			ns	
ENABLE	T <sub>ENS</sub>	Enable Setup Time	15	24	ns	
ENADLE	T <sub>ENH</sub>	Enable Hold Time	15	72	ns	
	PWDH	DOTCLK High-level Pulse Width	30	N. <del>11</del>	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK Low-level Pulse Width	30	2-	ns	
DUTCLK	T <sub>CYCD</sub>	DOTCLK Cycle Time	66		ns	
	Trghr, Trghf	DOTCLK Rise/Fall time	22	15	ns	
DB	T <sub>PDS</sub>	PD Data Setup Time	15	N. <del>13</del>	ns	
	T <sub>PDH</sub>	PD Data Hold Time	15	2-	ns	

RGB Interface Timing Characteristics

# **RELIABILITY TEST**

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Storage Test	ge Test $80^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C/240$ Hrs.	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	$-30^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}/240\text{Hrs.}$	Note1,2
3	High Temperature Operation Test	70°C±2°C/240Hrs.	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	-20°C±2°C/240Hrs.	Note1
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	60±5℃, 90%RH 240Hrs.	Note1,2
6	Thermal Shock Test (Non-operating)	-30±2°C(30Min.)~25±2°C(5Min.)~80±2°C(30Min.) 10Cycles	
7	Vibration Test (Non-operating)	Frequency:10~55Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm Sweep Time: 11Mins Test Period: 6 Cycles For Each Direction Of X, Y, Z (Packing Condition)	
8	Shock Test (Non-operating)	100G, 6Ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z Cycle: 3 Times	
9	Electro Static Discharge Test (Non-operating)	Voltage: ±4KV, R:330Ω, C:150pF, Air Discharge, 5 Times. (Packing Condition)	

Note 1: Without water condensation

Note 2: The function test shall be conducted after 2 hours storage at the room temperature and humidity after removed from the test chamber.

# ■ INSPECTION CRITERION

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for TFT module. 1 Sample plan 1.1 Lot size: Quantity per shipment lot per model 1.2 Sampling type: Normal inspection,Single sampling 1.3 Inspection level: II 1.4 Sampling table: MIL-STD-105D 1.5 Acceptable quality level (AQL) Major defect: AQL=0.65 Minor defect: AQL=1.50 2. Inspection condition 2.1 Ambient conditions: a. Temperature: Room temperature $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C b. Humidity: ( $60\pm10$ ) %RH c. Illumination: Single fluorescent lamp non-directive (300 to 700 Lux) 2.2 Viewing distance: The distance between the LCD and the inspector's eyes shall be at least $35\pm5$ cm. 2.3 Viewing Angle $U/D$ : $45^{\circ}$ / $45^{\circ}$ , $L/R$ : $45^{\circ}$ / $45^{\circ}$ 3. Definition of Inspection Item. 3.1 Definition of Inspection zone in LCD. Zone A: character/Digit area Zone A: character/Digit area Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area) Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)	OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 5
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U/D: 45° /45° , L/R: 45° /45° $ \begin{array}{c} \hline & \\ \hline \hline & \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline \hline \hline \hline \\ \hline \hline$	· · ·	es shall be at least $35\pm$ 5cm.
<ul> <li>S. Definition of Inspection Item.</li> <li>3.1 Definition of inspection zone in LCD.</li> <li>Image: A gradient of A gr</li></ul>	0 0	
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A       B         C       A         Cone A: character/Digit area         Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)         Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)	3. Definition of Inspection Item.	-
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Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)	_	minimum Viewing area)
		<b>-</b> ,
High Lingportion zones in an $L(1)$	Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.	mory in customer's product)

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 2 OF 5

## TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.

# 4. Inspection standards

Defects are classified as majot defects and minor defects according to the degree of defectiveness defined herein.

## 4.1 Major defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard
4.1.1	All functional defects	<ol> <li>No display</li> <li>Display abnormally</li> <li>Short circuit</li> <li>Line defect</li> <li>Excess power consumption</li> </ol>
4.1.2	Missing	Missing function component
4.1.3	Crack	Glass crack

## 4.2 Minor defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection standard	
4.2.1	Spot Defect Including Black spot	For dark/white spot is define $\varphi = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) / 2$ $\mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{y}$ $\mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{y}$	ined
	White spot Pinhole Foreign particle	Size φ(mm) φ≤0.15 2mm(min) apart	Acceptable Quantity Ignore
	Polarizer dirt	0.15 < φ≤ 0.25 5mm(min) apart	3
		0.25<φ	Not allowed

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD			PAGE 3 OF 5
TTLE:FUN	CTIONAL TEST & IN	SPECTION CRITERIA	
		Define:	
		Length V	Vidth
4.2.2	Line Defect Including Black line	Width(mm) Length(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
	White line	W≤0.05 and L≤10	Ignore
	Scratch	0.05 < W≤0.08 and L≤10 3mm(min) apart	3
		0.08 < W≤0.10 andL≤5 3mm(min) apart	1
		0.10< W or 10 <l< td=""><td>Not allowed</td></l<>	Not allowed
	Polarizer Dent/Bubble	Size $\phi(mm)$	Acceptable Quantity
		φ≤0.25	Ignore
4.2.3		Non visible area	Ignore
		0.25<φ≤0.40 5mm(min) apart	2
		0.40< φ	Not allowed
	Electrical Dot Defect	Bright and Black dot defi	and
4.2.4		Inspection pattern: Full white, Full black, Red, green and blue screens	
		Item	Acceptable Quantity
		Black dot defect	2
		Bright dot defect	0
		Total Dot	2

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD		PAGE 4 OF 5	
FITLE:FUN	CTIONAL TEST & I	NSPECTION CRITERIA	
		1.Corner chips:	X Z Z
		Size(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
4.2.5	4.2.5 Touch panel	X≤3mm Y≤3mm Z≤T	Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness
chips	2. Side chips:	x y z	
		Size(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
		X≤5mm Y ≤3mm Z≤T	Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness

ispiay	ruture Lta	DF-TEN0347EW-M1 ver
	OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 5 OF 5
TLE:FUN	CTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	
TLE:FUN		or black and bright dot defects distance between two bright dot appears on active display area. The d if the polarizer bubble appears on

## PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

#### **Handing Precautions**

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

#### Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

## Correct handling:



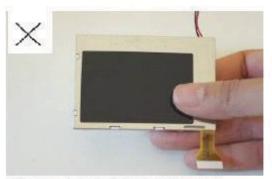


As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

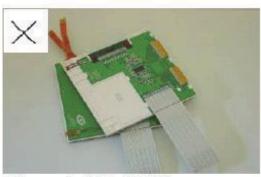
## Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stack LCM.



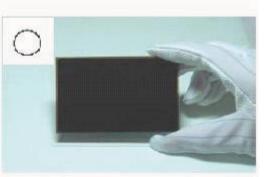
Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.

## Handling precaution for LCD

LCD is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

## Correct handling:





As above photo, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCD edges.

# Incorrect handling:



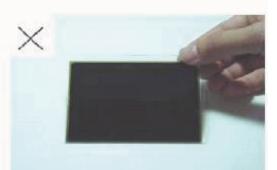
Please don't stack the LCDS.



Please don't hold the surface of LCD.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't touch ITO glass without anti-static gloves.

## **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

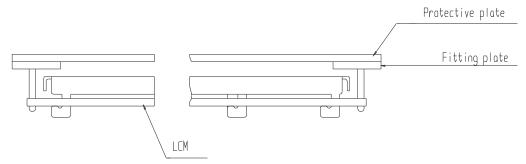
-Terminal electrode sections.

## USING LCD MODULES

## Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

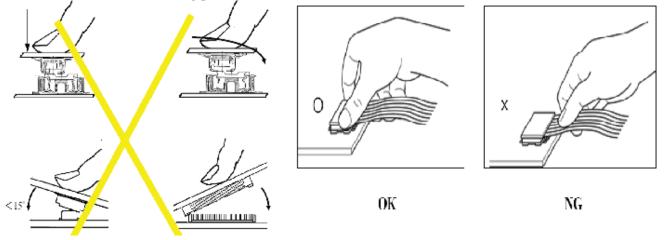
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be  $\pm 0.1$  mm.

#### Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



## Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C ∼370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

## **Precautions for Operation**

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

## Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

## Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

## **Limited Warranty**

Unless agreed otherwise between Display Future Ltd and customer, Display Future will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned within 90 days of the shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on the product.

The warranty liability of Display Future limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Display Future will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

## **Return LCM under warranty**

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

# PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

1. (1) For Display Future standard products, we keep the right to change material and processes for improving the product, without notice to our customers.

<sup>(2)</sup>For OEM products, if any change is needed, which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.

2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.