

MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

www.multi-inno.com

LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model: MI0430PT

This module uses ROHS material

For Customer's Acceptance:

	-
Customer	
Approved	
Comment	

This specification may change without prior notice in
order to improve performance or quality. Please contact
Multi-Inno for updated specification and product status
before design for this product or release of this order.

Revision	1.4
Engineering	
Date	2013-07-29
Our Reference	



REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1.0	2010-09-13	Preliminary Specification	
1.1	2010-11-07	Modify description "current of backlight"→ "current of one LED" Add Max current value of backlight Add Max response time Add IDD current value Modify Pin define pin39→LEDK,pin40→ LEDA	
1.2	2010-12-20	Add RoHS compliance description	
1.3	2011-03-16	Remove DE Timing Characteristics	
1.4	2013-07-29	Modify Digital current parameters Add Input voltage for logic parameters Modify Pin define pin34"NC"→ "DE" Modify response time parameters Modify contrast ratio parameters Update reference application notes	



CONTENTS

- GENERAL INFORMATION
- EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS
- ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- INTERFACE DESCRIPTION
- ■BLOCK DIAGRAM
- REFERENCE APPLICATION NOTES
- RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS
- ■INSPECTION CRITERION
- PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES
- PACKING SPECIFICATION
- PRIOR CONSULT MATTER



■ GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive/Normally white	/
Size	4.3	Inch
Viewing direction	12:00	O' Clock
Gray scale inversion direction	6:00	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	105.50×67.20×5.05	mm ³
Active area (W×H)	95.04×53.856	mm ²
Pixel size (W×H)	0.198×0.198	mm ²
Number of dots	480 (RGB) × 272	/
Backlight type	12 LEDs	/
Interface type	24 bits RGB	/
Color depth	16.7M	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Surface treatment	Anti-glare	/
Input voltage	3.3	V
With/Without TSP	With TSP	/
Weight	60	g

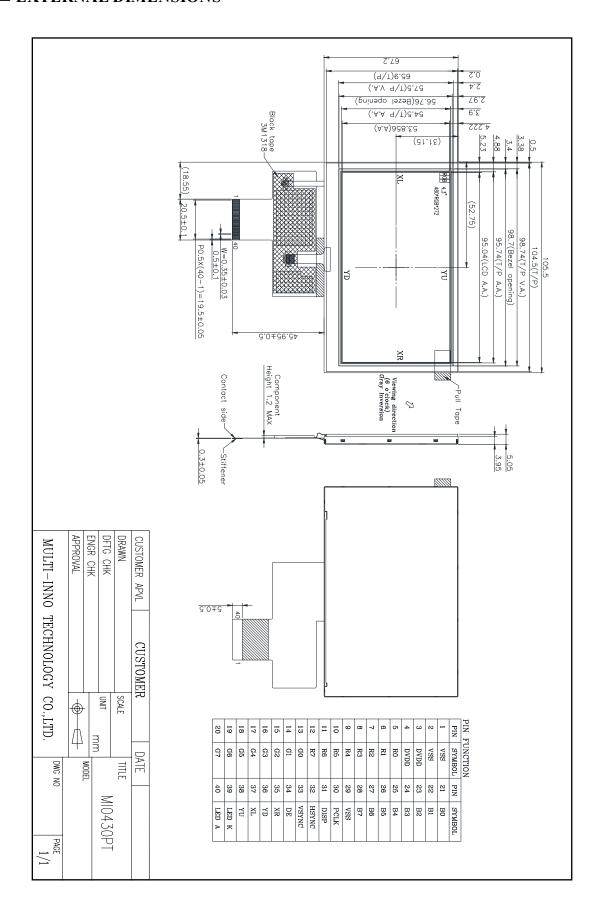
Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift.

Note 2 : RoHS compliant;

Note 3: LCM weight tolerance: ± 5%.



■ EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





MODULE NO.: MI0430PT Ver 1.4

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter of absolute maximum ratings	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	4.5	V
Current of one LED	Iled	-	25	mA
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	TST	-30	80	°C

- Note (1) 95 % RH Max. (40 °C ≥ Ta). Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta > 40 °C) No condensation.
- Note (2) In case of below 0°, the response time of liquid crystal (LC) becomes slower and the color of panel becomes darker than normal one. Level of retardation depends on temperature, because of LC's character
- Note (3) Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast, response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25°C.
- Note (4) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded or reverse voltage is loaded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C, V_{DD}=3.3V)$

Item		Cumbal		Unit	Condition		
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Power supply voltage		V_{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Voltage	H Level	VIH	0.7xV _{DD}	-	V_{DD}	V	
for logic	L Level	VIL	0	-	0.3xV _{DD}	٧	
Digital Current		I_{DD}	-	15	18	mA	

Note (1) The specified power consumption is under the conditions at V_{DD} =3.3V , F_V =60Hz, whereas a Power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

Black Pattern / 0 Gray



Active Area



MODULE NO.: MI0430PT Ver 1.4

■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

The back-light system is an edge-lighting type with white LED (Light Emitting Diode)s.

 $(Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C)$

Item	Symbol		Value		Unit	Condition	
Item	Зуппоог	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Condition	
LED Voltage	VL	-	19.8	21	V		
LED Current	If	-	40	50	mA		
Power Consumption	P _{LED}	-	792	1050	mW	(2)	
LED Life Time (25°C)	-	20000	-	-	hr	(3)	

Note (1) 6 LEDs serial 2 parallel type.

- (2) Where $I_B = 40 \text{mA}$, $V_F = 19.8 \text{V}$, $P_{BL} = V_F \times I_B$
- (3) The environmental conducted under ambient air flow ,at Ta=25±2°C,60%RH±5%

■ ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item of electro-optical characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr+ Tf		-	20	30	ms	Fig.1	4
Contrastratio	Cr	$\theta=0^{\circ}$	200	250	-		FIG2.	1
Luminance uniformity	δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25°C	70	80	-	%	FIG2.	3
Surface Luminance	Lv	1 1a-23 C	640	800	-	cd/m ²	FIG 2.	2
		Ø = 90°	40	50	-	deg	FIG3.	
Viewing angle	θ	Ø = 270°	50	60	-	deg	FIG3.	6
range		$\emptyset = 0_{\circ}$	50	65	-	deg	FIG3.] 0
		Ø = 180°	50	65	-	deg	FIG3.	
	Red x		0.57	0.62	0.67			
	Red y		0.29	0.34	0.39			
	Green x	θ=0°	0.29	0.34	0.39			
CIE (x, y)	Green y	Ø=0°	0.52	0.57	0.62		FIG 2.	5
chromaticity	Blue x	Ta=25°C	0.09	0.14	0.19		FIG 2. 3)
	Blue y	1 a-23 C	0.05	0.10	0.15			
	White x		0.27	0.32	0.37			
	White y		0.29	0.34	0.39			

Note1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically by the following formula. For more information see FIG 2.:

Contrast Ratio = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P 1,P2, P 3,P4, P5) Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P3,P4, P5)

Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. Note2. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3,P4, P5)

The uniformity in surface luminance (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring luminance at Note3. each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P₁, P₂, P₃, P₄, P₅) Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P₁, P₂, P₃,P₄, P₅)



Note4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1..

Note5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity ,The x,y value is determined by screen active area position 5. For more information see FIG 2.

Note6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

Note7. For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE, the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

Note8. For TFT transmissive module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.

FIG.1. The definition of Response Time

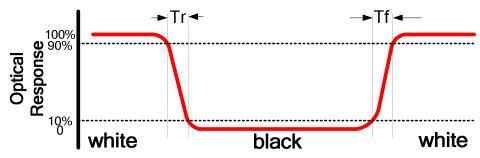


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

A: 5 mm B: 5 mm

H,V: Active Area

Light spot size \varnothing =5mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens

measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5

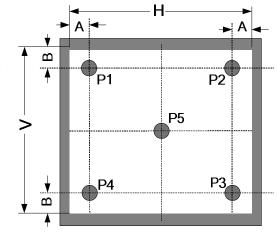
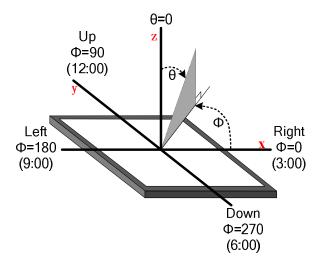


FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle





MODULE NO.: MI0430PT Ver 1.4

■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

1.1 Pin Assignment

(Reference Connector: Hirose Electric Co., LTD. Product No. FH12A-40S-0.5SH(55) Top contact type)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark		
1	VSS	Р	Ground			
2	VSS	Р	Ground			
3	V_{DD}	Р	Logic power supply(+3.0~3.6V)			
4	V_{DD}	Р	Logic power supply(+3.0~3.6V)			
5	R0	I	Red Data Bit 0(LSB)			
6	R1	I	Red Data Bit 1			
7	R2	I	Red Data Bit 2			
8	R3	I	Red Data Bit 3			
9	R4	I	Red Data Bit 4			
10	R5	I	Red Data Bit 5			
11	R6	I	Red Data Bit 6			
12	R7	I	Red Data Bit 7(MSB)			
13	G0	I	Green Data Bit 0(LSB)			
14	G1	I	Green Data Bit 1			
15	G2	I	Green Data Bit 2			
16	G3	I	Green Data Bit 3			
17	G4	I	Green Data Bit 4			
18	G5	I	Green Data Bit 5			
19	G6	I	Green Data Bit 6			
20	G7	I	Green Data Bit 7(MSB)			
21	В0	I	Blue Data Bit 0 (LSB)			
22	B1	I	Blue Data Bit 1			
23	B2	I	Blue Data Bit 2			
24	В3	I	Blue Data Bit 3			
25	B4	I	Blue Data Bit 4			
26	B5	I	Blue Data Bit 5			
27	В6	I	Blue Data Bit 6			
28	В7	I	Blue Data Bit 7(MSB)			
29	VSS	Р	Ground			
30	P _{CLK}	I	Dot Data Clock			
31	DISP	I	Display on/off			
32	H_{SYNC}	I	Horizontal Sync Input			



Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description		
33	V_{SYNC}	I	Vertical Sync Input		
34	NC	-	No Connect		
35	XR	0	Touch Right		
36	YD	0	Touch Bottom		
37	XL	0	Touch Left		
38	YU	0	Touch Top		
39	LEDK	Р	Backlight Cathode		
40	LEDA	Р	Backlight Anode		

2.1 Touch Screen Panel Specifications

2.1.1 Electrical Characteristics

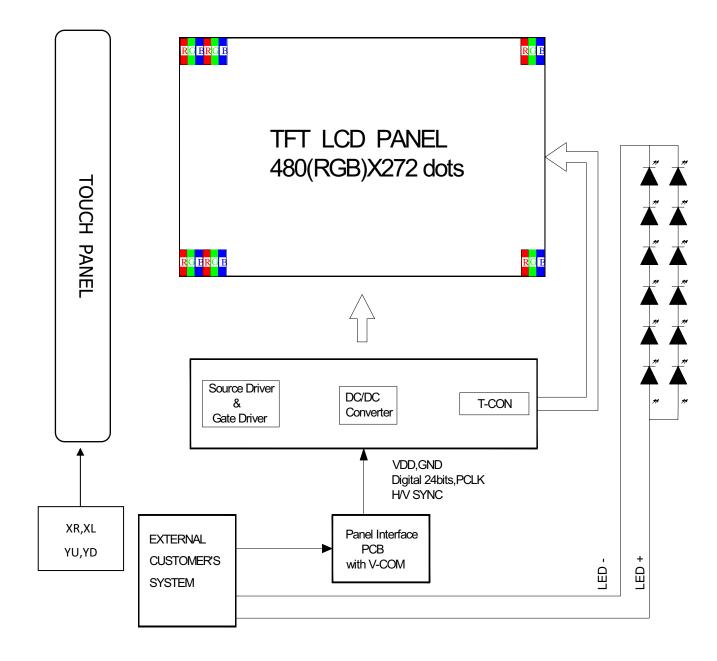
Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Linearity	-1.5	-	1.5	%	Analog X and Y directions
Terminal resistance	(500)	-	(1300)	Ω	X (Glass side)
Terrilliai resistance	(100)	-	(540)	Ω	Y (Film side)
Insulation resistance	20	-	-	MΩ	DC 25V
Voltage	-	5.0	7.0	٧	DC
Chattering	-	-	10	ms	100kΩ pull-up

2.1.2 Mechanical & Reliability Characteristics

Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Activation force	60		100	g	
Durability-surface scratching	Write 100,000	-	-	characters	
Durability-surface pitting	1,000,000	-	-	touches	
Surface hardness	3	-	-	Н	JIS K5400,ASTM D3363



■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



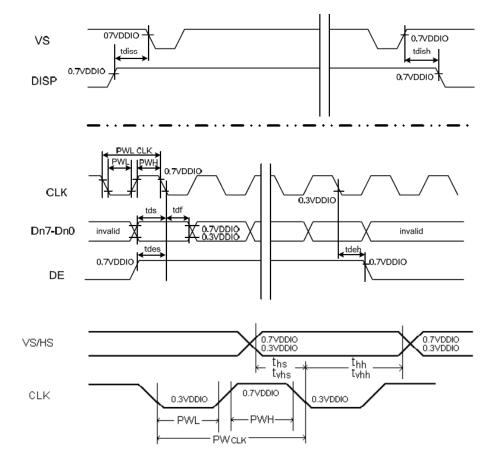
■ REFERENCE APPLICATION NOTES

1 AC Timing

1.1 AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DISP setup time	tdiss	10	-	-	ns
DISP hold time	tdish	10	-	-	ns
Clock period	PWCLK(1)	66.7	-	-	ns
Clock pulse high period	PWH(1)	26.7	-	-	ns
Clock pulse low period	PWL(1)	26.7	-	-	ns
Hsync setup time	ths	10	-	-	ns
Hsync hold time	thh	10	-	-	ns
Data setup time	tds	10	-	-	ns
Data hold time	tdh	10	-	-	ns
DE setup time	tdes	10	-	-	ns
DE hold time	tdeh	10	-	-	ns
Vsync setup time	tvhs	10	-	-	ns
Vsync hold time	tvhh	10	-	-	ns

Note (1): For parallel interface, maximum clock frequency is 15MHz



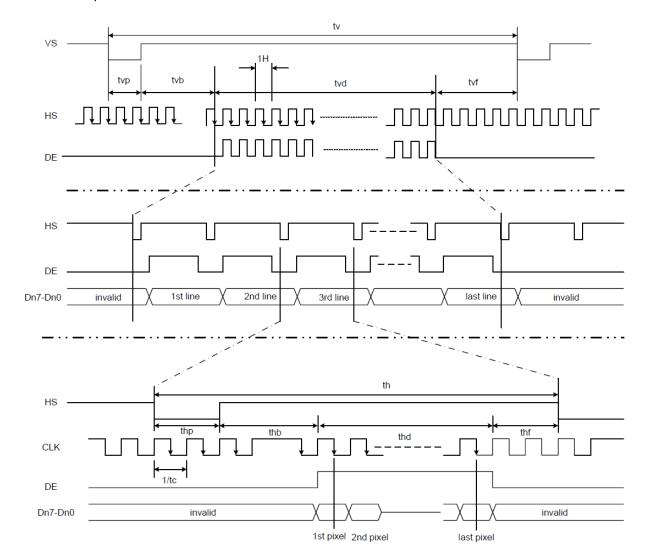


1.2 Parallel RGB Input Timing Table

Signal	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit.	Remark
CLK	DCLK frequency	fCLK	-	9	15	MHz	
	Hsync cycle	1/th	-	17.14	-	KHz	
	Horizontal cycle	th	525	525	605	CLK	
Немпе	Display Period	thd	480	480	480	CLK	
Hsync	Back Porch	thb	2	2	41	CLK	(2)
	Front Porch	thf	2	2	82	CLK	
	Pulse Width	Thp	2	41	41	DCLK	(2)
	Vsync cycle	1/tv	-	59.94	-	Hz	
	Vertical cycle	tv	285	286	399	Н	(1)
Vovno	Display Period	tvd	272	272	272	Н	(1)
Vsync	Back Porch	tvb	1	2	11	Н	(1)
	Front Porch	tvf	1	2	227	Н	(1)
	Pulse Width	tvp	1	10	11	Н	(1)

Note (1): Unit: CLK=1/fCLK, H= th,

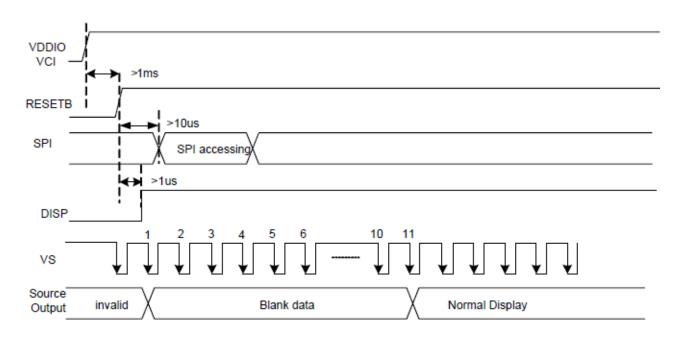
Note (2): It is necessary to keep tvp+tvb=12 and thp+thb=43 in sync mode. DE mode is unnecessary to keep it.



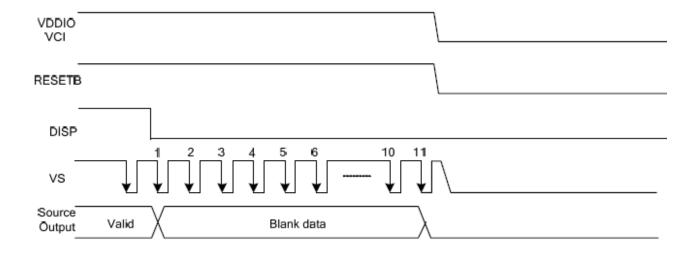


1.3 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

1.3.1 Power ON Sequence



10.3.2 Power OFF Sequence





MODULE NO.: MI0430PT Ver 1.4

2 Basic Display Color and Gray Scale

	Color & Gray											Da	ita S	Sign	al										
	Scale	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dad	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(127)	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(127)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Diac	Blue(127)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{0 :} Low level voltage, 1 :High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. With the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16,777,216-color display can be achieved on the screen.



■ RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test
1	High Temperature Storage	$80\pm2^{\circ}$ C/240 hours	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30±2°C/240 hours	
3	High Temperature Operating	70±2°C/240 hours	
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20±2°C/240 hours	
5	Damp proof Test operating	60 °C ±5 °C ×90%RH/240 hours	
6	Vibration test	Vibration Frequency:10~55Hz. Total fixed amplitude:1.5mm. One cycle 60 seconds to 3 direction of X, Y, Z each 15 minutes.	
7	Dropping test	To be measured after dropping from 60cm high on the concrete surface in packing state.	
8	Electro static discharge test (non-operating)	Panel Surface/Top Case: 150pF, Air: ±12kV, Contact: ±6kV	



■ INSPECTION CRITERION

Mir	OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 7
TITLE:FUNCTION	NAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Color mobile phone LCM with touch panel.

1 Sample plan

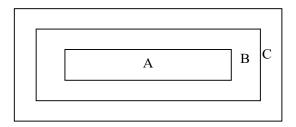
Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

Major defect: AQL 0.65 Minor defect: AQL 1.5

2. Inspection condition

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 20~40W light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.







OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 2 OF 7

TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

4. Inspection standards

4.1 Major Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects			
4.1.1	All functional defects	 No display Display abnormally Missing vertical, horizontal segment Short circuit Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting. 				
4.1.2	Missing	Missing component				
4.1.3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed.				
4.1.4	linearity	No more than 1.5%				

4.2 Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Standard						
	Clear Spots Black and white Spot defect	For dark/white spot, as $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$ 1.							
	Pinhole,	Size(mm)	A	Qty C	Minor				
	Foreign	Ф ≤ 0.1	Igt	nore		TVIIIIOI			
	Particle,	0.10<Φ≤0.15		2	- Ignore				
	polarizer Dirt	0.15< Ф ≤ 0.20		1					
4.2.1		0.20<Ф		0					
		2.							
		Zone		Acceptable (Qty				
		Size(mm)	A	В	С				
	Clear Spots	Ф ≤ 0.1	Igi	nore		Minor			
	TP Dirt	0.10<Φ≤0.15		3	_ Ignore	IVIIIIOI			
		$0.15 < \Phi \le 0.25$	0		Ignore				
		0.25<Ф							





OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 3 OF 7

TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

	3.				
Dim Snots	2. Zone		Acceptable Q		
Dim Spots	Size(mm)	A	В	С	
Circle	Φ ≤0.2	Igı	nore		Minor
shaped and dim edged	$0.20 < \Phi \le 0.40$	2		Lamana	
defects	0.40< Ф ≤ 0.60	1		- Ignore	
	0.60<Ф		0		

4.2 Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Standard								
		S	ize(mm)	P	Acceptable	Qty					
	Line defect	L(Length)	W(Width)		zone						
	Black line,	L(Length)	L(Length) W(Width)		A B C						
	White line, Foreign	Ignore	W≤0.02	Ig	nore						
	material on polarizer	L≤3.0	0.02 <w≤0.03< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">2</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.03<>		2						
		L≤2.0	0.03 <w≤0.05< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">1</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.05<>		1						
4.2.2			0.05 <w< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">Define as spot defect</td><td></td><td>26</td></w<>		Define as spot defect			26			
4.2.2		The line car condition:	Minor								
		si	ze(mm)	A	cceptable	Qty					
	Foreign	L(Length)	W(Width)		zone						
	material on TP film	L(Length)	w (widii)	A	В	C					
		Ignore	W≤0.03	Ign	ore						
		L≤5.0	0.03 <w≤ 0.05</w≤ 	3	3	Ignore					
			0.05 <w< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></w<>								
		assembling	If the scratch can be seen after mobile phone cover assembling or in the operating condition, judge by the line defect of 4.2.2.								
			f the scratch can be seen only in non-operating condition or ome special angle, judge by the following.								





OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 4 OF 7

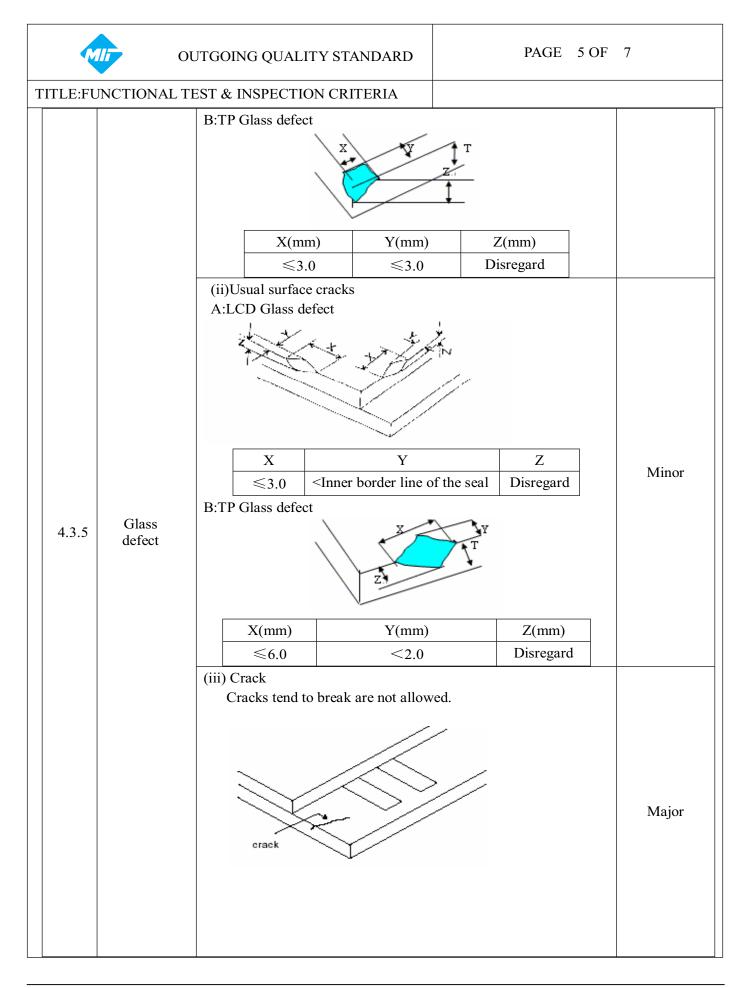
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

	Dim line	Size	e(mm)	Acc	eptable Qty	
	defect	L(Length)	W(Width)		Zone	
	Polarizer	E(Ecingui)	W (Widdil)	A	ВС	
4.2.3	scratch TP film	Ignore	W≤0.03	Ignor	e	Minor
	scratch	5.0 <l≤10.0< td=""><td>$0.03 < W \le 0.05$</td><td>2</td><td>Ignora</td><td></td></l≤10.0<>	$0.03 < W \le 0.05$	2	Ignora	
		L≤5.0	0.05 <w≤0.08< td=""><td>1</td><td>Ignore</td><td></td></w≤0.08<>	1	Ignore	
			0.08 <w< td=""><td>0</td><td></td><td></td></w<>	0		
		Air bubbles betw	een glass & polariz	zer		
		2. Zone	Acc	ceptable (Qty	
		Size(mm)	A	В	С	
4.2.4	Polarize Air bubble	Ф ≤0.2	Ignore	;		Minor
	1111 0 400010	0.20< Ф ≤ 0.30	2		Iomono	
		0.30< Ф ≤ 0.50) 1		- Ignore	
		0.50<Ф	0			

4.3. Cosmetic Defect

of defects
Minor
]









OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 6 OF 7

TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

4.4 Parts Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects	
	4.4.1 Parts contraposition	 Not allow IC and FPC/heat-seal lead width is more than 50% beyond lead pattern. Not allow chip or solder component is off center more than 50% of the pad outline. 	Major	
	4.4.2 SMT	According to the Acceptability of electronic assemblies>IPC-A-610C class 2 standard. Component missing or function defect are Major defect, the others are Minor defect.		





OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 7 OF 7

TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

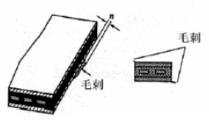
1. Pattern font:

Pattern fonts are clear and symmetrical, pattern fonts filter lightly are allowed; The fort line is not allow to thinner or thicker than 1/3of normal size, and swing is not more than 0.1mm. the line is smooth and not broken.



2. The wing forward in the side of Visual Area:

The length of wing forward inside of the Visual Area: $n \le 0.2$ mm; Not excess 3 point, and the distanceD ≥ 20 mm.



- 3. Film impression: With operation, must be invisibility.
- 4. Touch panel knob: if writing function normally,it could be allowed.

4.4.3 TP Defect



TP鼓 TP knob

5. Newton ring

Without operation, the color circle of Regularity or Non-regularity from the normal or slope angle of view.

- 1. **Regularity:** The area of the newton ring is less than 1/3 area of the touch panel; and no character affected and line distorted after touch panel lightening. It's ok.
- 2. **Non-regularity**: The area of the Newton ring is less than the 1/2 area of touch panel with lightening. And no character affected and line





P.23

Minor

■ PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

1 Handing Precautions

- 1.1 The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- 1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- 1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- 1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on it. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming in to contact with room temperature air.
- 1.5 If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- 1.6 Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contact with oil and fats.

- 1.7 Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- 1.8 Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- 1.9 Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- 1.10 NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- 1.11 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 1.12 Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. Make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
 - To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling



and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dry. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- 1.13 Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist the LCM.





2 Handling precaution for LCM

- 2.1 LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling.
- 2.2 Correct handling:





As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

2.3 Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't hold the surface of IC.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



3 Storage Precautions

- 3.1 When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution are necessary.
 - 3.1.1 Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the desiccant.
 - 3.1.2 Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
 - 3.1.3 The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped).

3.2 Others

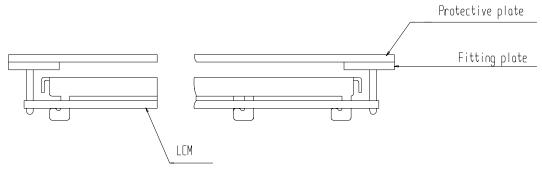
- 3.2.1 Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.
- 3.2.2 If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- 3.2.3 To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.
 - 3.2.3.1 Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
 - 3.2.3.2 -Terminal electrode sections.

4 USING LCD MODULES

4.1 Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

4.1.1 Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.

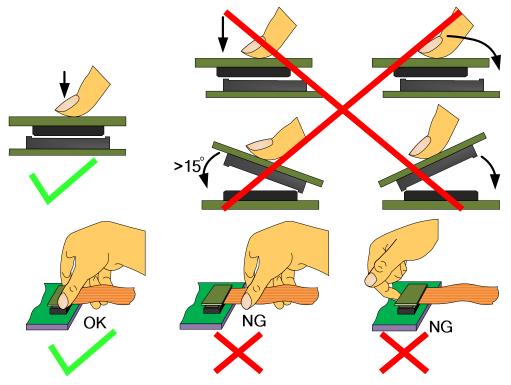


4.1.2 When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.



4.2 Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows





4.3 Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No RoHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 15-17 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
Troduct			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
RoHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 15-17 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
Froduct			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

- 4.3.1 If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux). It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- 4.3.2 When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- 4.3.3 When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

4.4 Precautions for Operation

- 4.4.1 Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.
- 4.4.2 It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- 4.4.3 Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operating temperature.
- 4.4.4 If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- 4.4.5 A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.
- 4.4.6 Input logic voltage before apply analog high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analog high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- 4.4.7 Please keep the temperature within the specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

4.5 Safety

- 4.5.1 It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- 4.5.2 If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

4. 6 Limited Warranty

Unless agreed between Multi-Inno and the customer, Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability of Multi-Inno limited to repair and/or replace on the terms set forth above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

4.7 Return LCM under warranty

- 4.7.1 No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :
 - 4.7.1.1 Broken LCD glass.
 - 4.7.1.2 PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
 - 4.7.1.3 -PCB conductors damaged.
 - 4.7.1.4 Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
 - 4.7.1.5 PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
 - 4.7.1.6 Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.
- 4.7.2 Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

■ PACKING SPECIFICATION

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

■ PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1 For Multi-Inno standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without prior notice to our customer.
- 2 For OEM products, if any changes are needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.