

MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

www.multi-inno.com

LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model: MI0430PT-2

This module uses ROHS material

For Customer's Acceptance:

	-
Customer	
Approved	
Comment	

This specification may change without prior notice in
order to improve performance or quality. Please contact
Multi-Inno for updated specification and product status
before design for this product or release of this order.

Revision	1.1
Engineering	
Date	2013-07-29
Our Reference	



REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1.0	2011-09-26	Preliminary specification	
1.1	2013-07-29	Modify Digital current parameters Modify Pin define pin34"NC"→ "DE" Modify response time parameters Update reference application notes	



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■ GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive/Normally white	/
Size	4.3	Inch
Viewing direction	12:00	O' Clock
Gray scale inversion direction	6:00	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	105.50×67.20×3.75	mm ³
Active area (W×H)	95.04×53.856	mm^2
Pixel size (W×H)	0.198×0.198	mm ²
Number of dots	480 (RGB) × 272	/
Backlight type	12 LEDs	/
Interface type	24 bits RGB	/
Color depth	16.7M	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Surface treatment	Anti-glare(AG)	/
Input voltage	3.3	V
With/Without TSP	Without TSP	/
Weight	60	g

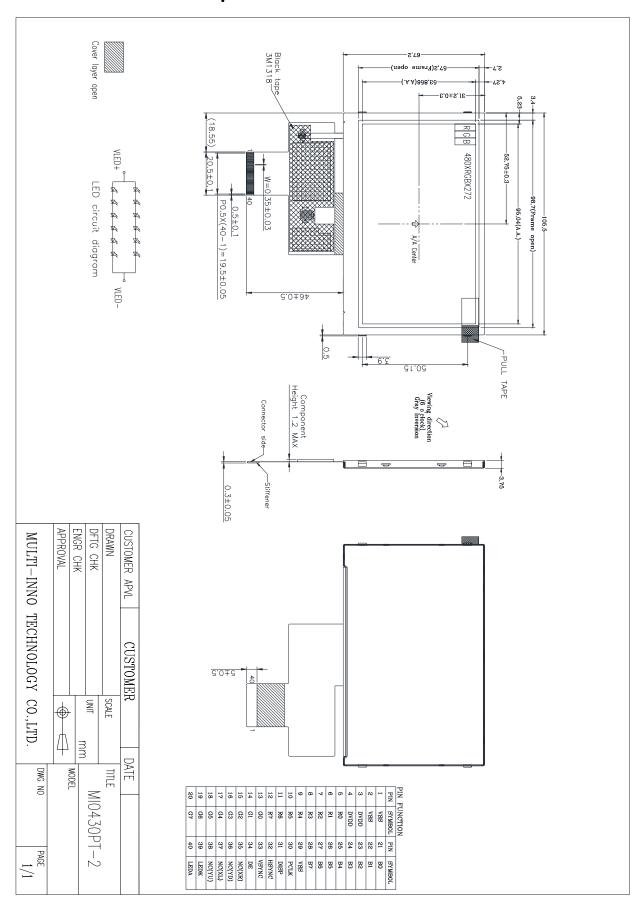
Note 1:Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift.

Note 2 : RoHS compliant;

Note 3: LCM weight tolerance: ± 5%.



■ EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter of absolute maximum ratings	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	4.5	V
Current of one LED	I_{LED}	-	25	mA
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	TST	-30	80	°C

- Note (1) 95 % RH Max. (40 °C ≥ Ta). Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39 °C or less. (Ta > 40 °C) No condensation.
- Note (2) In case of below 0°, the response time of liquid crystal (LC) becomes slower and the color of panel becomes darker than normal one. Level of retardation depends on temperature, because of LC's character
- Note (3) Only operation is guarantied at operating temperature. Contrast, response time, another display quality are evaluated at +25°C.
- Note (4) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded or reverse voltage is loaded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS

 $(Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C, V_{DD}=3.3V)$

Item		Cumbal		Lloit	Com dition		
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Power supply voltage		V_{DD}	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Voltage for logic	H Level	VIH	0.7xV _{DD}	-	V_{DD}	V	
	L Level	VIL	0	-	0.3xV _{DD}	٧	
Digital Current		I_{DD}	-	(15)	(18)	mA	

Note (1) The specified power consumption is under the conditions at V_{CC} =3.3V , F_V =60Hz, whereas a Power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

Black Pattern / 0 Gray



Active Area



MODULE NO.: MI0430PT-1 Ver 2.0

■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

The back-light system is an edge-lighting type with white LED (Light Emitting Diode)s.

 $(Ta=25\pm2^{\circ}C)$

Item	Symbol		Value		Unit	Condition	
Item	Зуппол	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic		
LED Voltage	VL	-	19.8	21	V		
LED Current	If	-	40	50	mA		
Power Consumption	P _{LED}	-	792	1050	mW	(2)	
LED Life Time (25°C)	-	20000	-	-	hr	(3)	

Note (1) 6 LEDs serial 2 parallel type.

- (2) Where $I_B = 40 \text{mA}$, $V_F = 19.8 \text{V}$, $P_{BL} = V_F \times I_B$
- (3) The environmental conducted under ambient air flow, at Ta=25±2°C,60%RH±5%

■ ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item of electro-optical characteristics	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr+ Tf		-	20	30	ms	Fig.1	4
Contrastratio	Cr	θ=0°	250	350	-		FIG2.	1
Luminance uniformity	δ WHITE	0=0 Ø=0° Ta=25℃	70	80	-	%	FIG2.	3
Surface Luminance	Lv	1a-23 C	800	1000	-	cd/m ²	FIG 2.	2
		Ø = 90°	40	50	-	deg	FIG3.	6
Viewing angle	θ	Ø = 270°	50	60	-	deg	FIG3.	
range		$\emptyset = 0$ °	50	65	-	deg	FIG3.	
		Ø = 180°	50	65	-	deg	FIG3.	
NTSC ratio			-	48	-	%	-	-
	Red x		0.57	0.62	0.67			
	Red y		0.29	0.34	0.39			
	Green x	$\theta=0^{\circ}$	0.29	0.34	0.39		1	
CIE (x, y)	Green y	Ø=0°	0.52	0.57	0.62		FIG 2.	5
chromaticity	Blue x	Ta=25°C	0.09	0.14	0.19		FIG 2.	3
	Blue y	1 a-23 C	0.05	0.10	0.15			
	White x		0.27	0.32	0.37			
	White y		0.29	0.34	0.39			

Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically by the following formula. information see FIG 2.:

Contrast Ratio = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P 1,P2, P 3,P4, P5) Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P3,P4, P5)

Note2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)

The uniformity in surface luminance (δ WHITE) is determined by measuring luminance at Note3. each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P₁, P₂, P₃, P₄, P₅) **Maximum** Surface Luminance with all white pixels $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)$

Note4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1.. Time, Tr)



Note5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity ,The x,y value is determined by screen active area position 5. For more information see FIG 2.

Note6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

Note7. For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE, the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

Note8. For TFT transmissive module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.

FIG.1. The definition of Response Time

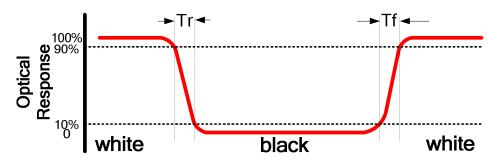


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

A: 5 mm

B:5 mm

H,V: Active Area

Light spot size ∅=5mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens

measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance

meter BM-5

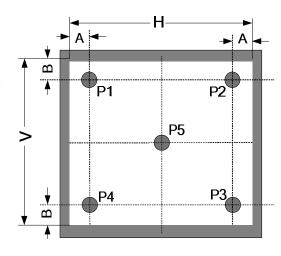
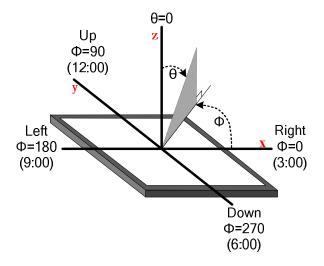


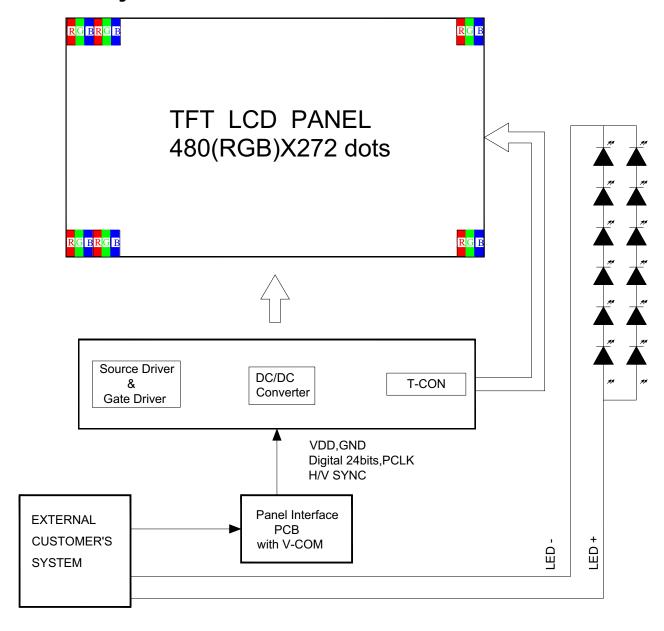
FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle





■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

1 Block Diagram





2 Input Terminal Pin Assignment

2 CN1 Pin Assignment

(Reference Connector: Hirose Electric Co., LTD. Product No. FH12A-40S-0.5SH(55) Top contact type)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Remark
1	VSS	Р	Ground	
2	VSS	Р	Ground	
3	V_{DD}	Р	Logic power supply(+3.0~3.6V)	
4	V_{DD}	Р	Logic power supply(+3.0~3.6V)	
5	R0	I	Red Data Bit 0(LSB)	
6	R1	I	Red Data Bit 1	
7	R2	I	Red Data Bit 2	
8	R3	I	Red Data Bit 3	
9	R4	I	Red Data Bit 4	
10	R5	I	Red Data Bit 5	
11	R6	I	Red Data Bit 6	
12	R7	I	Red Data Bit 7(MSB)	
13	G0	I	Green Data Bit 0(LSB)	
14	G1	I	Green Data Bit 1	
15	G2	I	Green Data Bit 2	
16	G3	I	Green Data Bit 3	
17	G4	I	Green Data Bit 4	
18	G5	I	Green Data Bit 5	
19	G6	I	Green Data Bit 6	
20	G7	I	Green Data Bit 7(MSB)	
21	В0	I	Blue Data Bit 0 (LSB)	
22	B1	I	Blue Data Bit 1	
23	B2	I	Blue Data Bit 2	
24	В3	I	Blue Data Bit 3	
25	B4	I	Blue Data Bit 4	
26	B5	I	Blue Data Bit 5	
27	B6	I	Blue Data Bit 6	
28	В7	I	Blue Data Bit 7(MSB)	
29	VSS	Р	Ground	
30	P _{CLK}	I	Dot Data Clock	



31	DISP	I	Display on/off
32	H _{SYNC}	I	Horizontal Sync Input
33	V_{SYNC}	I	Vertical Sync Input
34	DE	I	Data Enable
35	NC	-	No Connect
36	NC	-	No Connect
37	NC	ı	No Connect
38	NC	-	No Connect
39	LEDK	Р	Backlight Cathode
40	LEDA	Р	Backlight Anode

■ REFERENCE APPLICATION NOTES

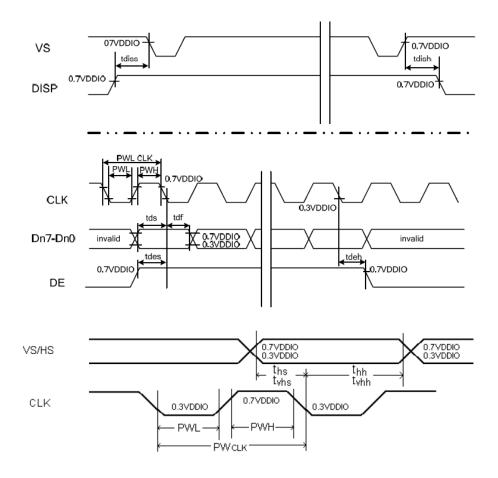
1 AC Timing

1.1 AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DISP setup time	tdiss	10	-	-	ns
DISP hold time	tdish	10	-	-	ns
Clock period	PWCLK(1)	66.7	-	-	ns
Clock pulse high period	PWH(1)	26.7	-	-	ns
Clock pulse low period	PWL(1)	26.7	-	-	ns
Hsync setup time	ths	10	-	-	ns
Hsync hold time	thh	10	-	-	ns
Data setup time	tds	10	-	-	ns
Data hold time	tdh	10	-	-	ns
DE setup time	tdes	10	-	-	ns
DE hold time	tdeh	10	-	-	ns
Vsync setup time	tvhs	10	-	-	ns
Vsync hold time	tvhh	10	-	_	ns

Note (1): For parallel interface, maximum clock frequency is 15MHz





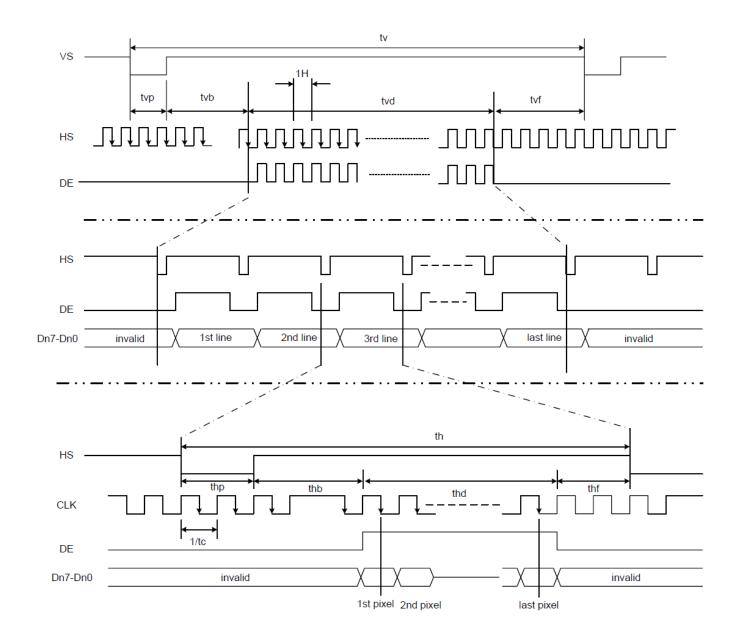
1.2 Parallel RGB Input Timing Table

Signal	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit.	Remark
CLK	DCLK frequency	fCLK	-	9	15	MHz	
	Hsync cycle	1/th	-	17.14	-	KHz	
	Horizontal cycle	th	525	525	605	CLK	
Houne	Display Period	thd	480	480	480	CLK	
Hsync	Back Porch	thb	2	2	41	CLK	(2)
	Front Porch	thf	2	2	82	CLK	
	Pulse Width	Thp	2	41	41	DCLK	(2)
	Vsync cycle	1/tv	-	59.94	-	Hz	
	Vertical cycle	tv	285	286	399	Н	(1)
Vounc	Display Period	tvd	272	272	272	Н	(1)
Vsync	Back Porch	tvb	1	2	11	Н	(1)
	Front Porch	tvf	1	2	227	Н	(1)
	Pulse Width	tvp	1	10	11	Н	(1)

Note (1): Unit: CLK=1/ fCLK, H= th,

Note (2): It is necessary to keep tvp+tvb=12 and thp+thb=43 in sync mode. DE mode is unnecessary to keep it.

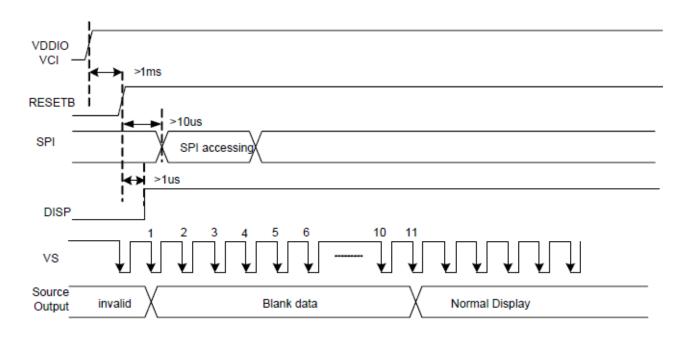




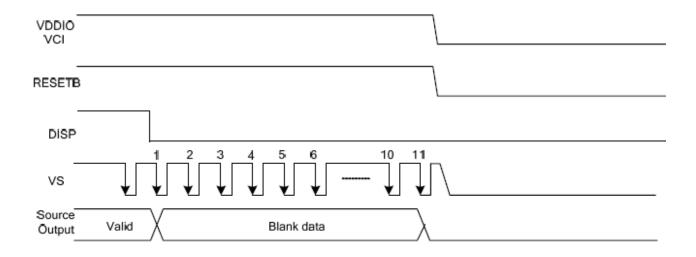


1.3 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

1.3.1 Power ON Sequence



1.3.2 Power OFF Sequence





2 Basic Display Color and Gray Scale

	Color & Gray											Da	ıta S	Sign	al										
	Scale	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	В6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	ВО
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(127)	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(127)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Dive	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(127)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 :High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. With the combination of total 24 bit data signals, the 16,777,216-color display can be achieved on the screen.



■ RELIABILITY TEST CONDITIONS

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Inspection after test
1	High Temperature Storage	80 ± 2 °C/240 hours	
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30±2°C/240 hours	
3	High Temperature Operating	70 ±2 °C/240 hours	
4	Low Temperature Operating	-20±2°C/240 hours	
5	Damp proof Test operating	$60 \degree \text{C} \pm 5 \degree \text{C} \times 90\% \text{RH/240 hours}$	
6	Vibration test	Vibration Frequency:10~55Hz. Total fixed amplitude:1.5mm. One cycle 60 seconds to 3 direction of X, Y, Z each 15 minutes.	
7	Dropping test	To be measured after dropping from 60cm high on the concrete surface in packing state.	
8	Electro static discharge test (non-operating)	Panel Surface/Top Case: 150pF, Air: ±12kV, Contact: ±6kV	

■ INSPECTION CRITERION

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Normal LCM Product.

1 Sample plan

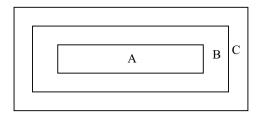
Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

Major defect: AQL 0.65 Minor defect: AQL 1.5

- 2. Inspection condition
- •Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 20~40W light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line. (Normal temperature 20~25°C and normal humidity 60±15%RH).
 - Driving voltage

The Vop value from which the most optimal contrast can be obtained near the specified Vop in the specification (Within ± 0.5 V of the typical value at 25°C.).

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.



4.Inspection Standard

4.1 Major Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects
4.1.1	All functional defects	1) No display 2) Display abnormally 3) Missing vertical, horizontal segment 4) Short circuit 5) Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting.	
4.1.2	Missing	Missing component	Major
4.1.3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed.	

4.2 Cosmetic Defect

4.2.1 Module Cosmetic Criteria

No.	Item	Judgement Criterion	Partition
1	Difference in Spec.	None allowed	Major
2	Pattern peeling	No substrate pattern peeling and floating	Major
3	Soldering defects	No soldering missing	Major
		No soldering bridge	Major
		No cold soldering	Minor
4	Resist flaw on Printed Circuit Boards	visible copper foil (Ø0.5mm or more) on substrate pattern	Minor
5	Accretion of metallic	No accretion of metallic foreign matters (Not exceed Ø0.2mm)	Minor
	Foreign matter	,	Minor
6	Stain	No stain to spoil cosmetic badly	Minor
7	Plate discoloring	No plate fading, rusting and discoloring	Minor
8	Solder amount 1. Lead parts	a. Soldering side of PCB Solder to form a 'Filet' all around the lead.	Minor
		Solder should not hide the lead form perfectly. (too much) b. Components side (In case of 'Through Hole PCB')	
		Solder to reach the Components side of PCB.	
	2. Flat packages	Either 'Toe' (A) or 'Seal' (B) of the lead to be covered by 'Filet'.	Minor
		Lead form to be assume over solder.	
	3. Chips	$(3/2) H \ge h \ge (1/2) H$	Minor



9	Solder ball/Solder	a. The spacing between solder ball and	Minor				
	splash	the conductor or solder pad $h \ge 0.13$ mr					
		The diameter of solder ball d ≤0.15mm. d ↓	2.6				
		b. The quantity of solder balls or solder h	Minor				
		Splashes isn't beyond 5 in 600 mm ² .	Major				
		c. Solder balls/Solder splashes do not violate minimum electrical					
		clearance.	Minor				
		d. Solder balls/Solder splashes must be entrapped/encapsulated Or attached to the metal surface.					
		Of attached to the metal surface.					
		NOTE: Entrapped/encapsulated/attached is intended to mean					
		that normal service environment of the product will not cause					
		a solder ball to become dislodged.					

4.2.2Cosmetic Criteria (Non-Operating)

4.2.2	4.2.2 Cosmetic Criteria (Non-Operating)								
No.	Defect	Ju	Judgment Criterion						
1	Spots	In accordance with Screen Co.	smetic Criteria (Operating) No.1.	Minor					
2	Lines	In accordance with Screen Co.	smetic Criteria (Operating) No.2.	Minor					
3	Bubbles in polarizer			Minor					
	_	Size : d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area						
		d ≤ 0.3	Disregard						
		$0.3 < d \le 1.0$	3						
		$1.0 < d \le 1.5$	1						
		1.5 < d	0						
4	Scratch	In accordance with spots and	lines operating cosmetic criteria. When the	Minor					
			ace, the scratches are not to be remarkable.						
5	Allowable density	Above defects should be separ	rated more than 30mm each other.	Minor					
6	Coloration	Not to be noticeable coloration in the viewing area of the LCD panels.							
		Back-lit type should be judged	l with back-lit on state only.						
7	Contamination	Not to be noticeable.		Minor					



4.2.3 Cosmetic Criteria (Operating)

No.	Defect	J	Judgment Criterion					
1	Spots	A) Clear						
		Lcd size	Size : d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area				
		Led Size	d≤0.1	Disregard Disregard				
		Lcd size≤8.0'	0.1≤d≤0.2	6				
			$0.1 < d \le 0.2$	2				
			0.2 < d_0.3 < d	0				
			d ≤0.1	Disregard				
		Lcd size>8.0'	0.1 <d≤0.3< td=""><td>10</td><td></td></d≤0.3<>	10				
			0.3 <d≤0.5< th=""><th>5</th><th></th></d≤0.5<>	5				
			0.5 < d	0				
			e dots which must be within o Il not exceed 6 pcs no more that an 8 inch LCD.					
		Lcd size	Size : d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area				
			d≤0.2	Disregard				
		Lcd size≤	0.2 <d≤0.5< td=""><td>6</td><td></td></d≤0.5<>	6				
		8.0'	0.5 <d≤0.7< th=""><th>2</th><th></th></d≤0.7<>	2				
			0.7 <d< th=""><th>0</th><th></th></d<>	0				
			d≤0.2	Disregard				
			0.2 <d≤0.5< td=""><td>10</td><td></td></d≤0.5<>	10				
		Lcd size > 8.0 '	0.5 <d≤0.7< td=""><td>3</td><td></td></d≤0.7<>	3				
			0.7 <d≤1.0< td=""><td>1</td><td></td></d≤1.0<>	1				
			1.0< d	0				
		inch LCD and 10PCS for m		xceed 6 pcs for no more than h LCD.				
2	Lines	A) Clear			Minor			
		L 5.0	.05	See No. 1 0.1				
		Note: () - Acceptable (
		L - Length (mm) W - Width (mm) ∞ - Disregard B) Unclear L 10.0 (0)						
		LCD operation voltage chang	ging .the defect size of the li	ne or dot are changed with t				



3	Rubbing line	Not to be noticeable.	Minor
4	Allowable density	Above defects should be separated more than 10mm each other.	Minor
5	Rainbow	Not to be noticeable.	Minor
6	Dot size	To be 95% ~ 105% of the dot size (Typ.) in drawing. Partial defects of each dot (ex. pin-hole) should be treated as 'Spot'. (see Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating) No.1)	Minor
7	Uneven brightness (only back-lit type module)		Minor
		0 0	
		O : Measuring points	

Note:

- (1) Size : d = (long length + short length) / 2
- (2) The limit samples for each item have priority.
- (3) Complex defects are defined item by item, but if the numbers of defects are defined in above table, the total number should not exceed 10.
- (4) In case of 'concentration', even the spots or the lines of 'disregarded' size should not allowed. Following three situations should be treated as 'concentration'.
 - 7 or over defects in circle of Ø5mm.
 - 10 or over defects in circle of \emptyset 10mm.
 - 20 or over defects in circle of Ø20mm.



■ PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

1 Handing Precautions

- 1.1 The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- 1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- 1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- 1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on it. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming in to contact with room temperature air.
- 1.5 If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- 1.6 Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

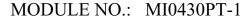
Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contact with oil and fats.

- 1.7 Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- 1.8 Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- 1.9 Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- 1.10 NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- 1.11 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 1.12 Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment
 - Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. Make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
 - To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling



and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dry. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- 1.13 Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist the LCM.

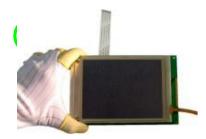




2 Handling precaution for LCM

- 2.1 LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling.
- 2.2 Correct handling:





As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

2.3 Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't hold the surface of IC.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.

3 Storage Precautions

- 3.1 When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution are necessary.
 - 3.1.1 Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the desiccant.
 - 3.1.2 Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
 - 3.1.3 The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped).

3.2 Others

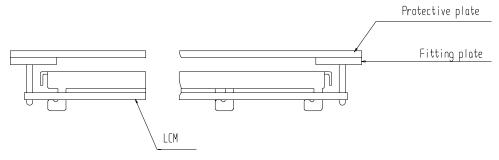
- 3.2.1 Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.
- 3.2.2 If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- 3.2.3 To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.
 - 3.2.3.1 Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
 - 3.2.3.2 -Terminal electrode sections.

4 USING LCD MODULES

4.1 Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

4.1.1 Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.

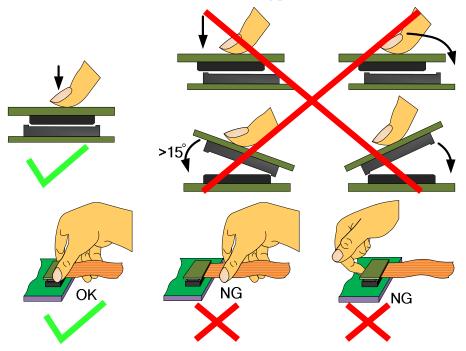


4.1.2 When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.



4.2 Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows





4.3 Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No RoHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 15-17 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
Troduct			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
RoHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
Product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 15-17 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
Froduct			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

- 4.3.1 If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux). It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- 4.3.2 When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- 4.3.3 When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

4.4 Precautions for Operation

- 4.4.1 Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.
- 4.4.2 It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- 4.4.3 Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, which will come back in the specified operating temperature.
- 4.4.4 If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- 4.4.5 A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.
- 4.4.6 Input logic voltage before apply analog high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analog high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- 4.4.7 Please keep the temperature within the specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

4.5 Safety

- 4.5.1 It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- 4.5.2 If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.



4. 6 Limited Warranty

Unless agreed between Multi-Inno and the customer, Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability of Multi-Inno limited to repair and/or replace on the terms set forth above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

4.7 Return LCM under warranty

- 4.7.1 No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :
 - 4.7.1.1 Broken LCD glass.
 - 4.7.1.2 PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
 - 4.7.1.3 -PCB conductors damaged.
 - 4.7.1.4 Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
 - 4.7.1.5 PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
 - 4.7.1.6 Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.
- 4.7.2 Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

■ PACKING SPECIFICATION

Please consult our technical department for detail information.

■ PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1 For Multi-Inno standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without prior notice to our customer.
- 2 For OEM products, if any changes are needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.