

# MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

www.multi-inno.com

# **LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION**

Model : MI0283QT-8

# For Customer's Acceptance:

Customer		
Approved		
Comment		

Revision	1.2
Engineering	
Date	2012-11-26
Our Reference	



# **REVISION RECORD**

REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
2011-06-03	First release	
2012-02-22	Update Viewing Direction	
2012-11-26	Update Power Consumption	
	2011-06-03 2012-02-22	2011-06-03   First release     2012-02-22   Update Viewing Direction



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## ■ GENERAL INFORMATION

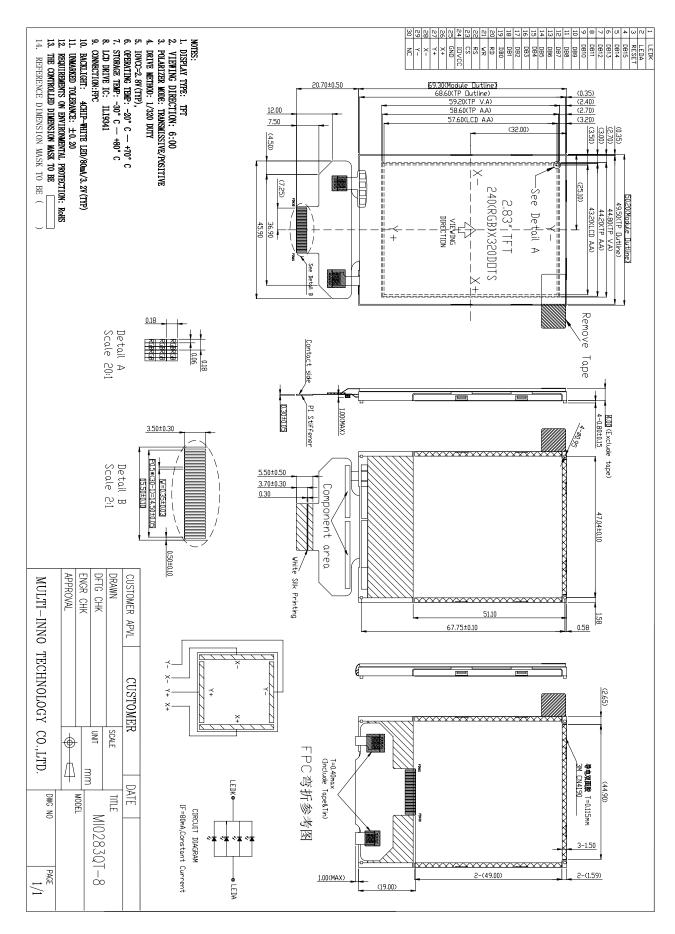
Item	Contents	Unit/Note
LCD type	TFT/TRANSMISSIVE/POSITIVE	/
Viewing direction	6:00	O'Clock
Gray scale inversion direction	12:00	O'Clock
Module area $(W \times H)$	50.2×69.3×4.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
Active area (W×H)	43.2×57.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
Number of Dots	240(RGB)×320	/
Pixel pitch( $W \times H$ )	$0.18 \times 0.18$	mm <sup>2</sup>
DriverIC	ILI9341	/
Colors	65K/262K	/
Backlight Type	4LED	/
Module Power consumption	220	mw
InterfaceType	16bit CPU	/
Input voltage	2.8	V
Weight	24.16	g

Note 1:Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift. Note 2 : RoHS compliant;

Note 3: LCM weight tolerance:  $\pm 5\%$ .



# EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



# ■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VCI	-0.3	4.6	V
Logic signal voltage	VDDI	-0.3	4.6	V
Operatingtemperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storagetemperature	TST	-30	80	°C
Humidity	RH	-	90%(Max60 °C)	RH

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## DC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VCI	2.5	2.8	3.3	V
Logic signalI/O voltage	VDDI	1.65	2.8	3.3	V
Inputvoltage'H'level	VIH	0.7VDDI	-	VDDI	V
Inputvoltage'L'level	VIL	VSS	-	0.3VDDI	V
Outputvoltage'H'level	VOH	0.8VDDI	-	VDDI	V
Outputvoltage'L'leve	VOL	VSS0	-	0.2VDDI	V

Note:

1: Display full white. Backlight on state.

2: IC on standby mode.

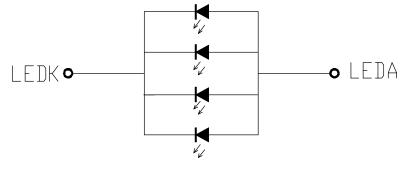
3: the default voltage is 2.8V, for N lights in series, the power is that the current multiply N.

# ■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Ite	em	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply	Supply voltage		If=80mA	-	3.2	-	V	
Supply	Supply current		-	-	-	-	mA	
Reverse	e voltage	Vr _		-	-	-	v	
Forward	Normal	I <sub>pn</sub> 4-chip		80	-		4	
current	Dimming	I <sub>pd</sub>	Parallel				mA	1
Reverse	e Current	I <sub>r</sub>	-	-	-	-	μA	
Unifo	Uniformity			80%				
Color coordinate*		х	I <sub>f</sub> =80mA	0.270	-	0.315	-	
		Y		0.270	-	0.315	-	



White LED CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM If=80mA,Constant Current

### NOTE:

1 The LED 's driver mode needs to be constant current mode.

2 Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded or reverse voltage is loaded .Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions described under normal operating conditions.

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
<b>Response time</b>	Tr +Tf		-	50	80	ms	Fig.1	4
Contrastratio	Cr	θ=0°	-	500	-	_	FIG 2.	1
Luminance uniformity	δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25℃	80	90.8	-	%	FIG 2.	3
Surface Luminance	Lv	1a-25 C	150	240	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	<b>FIG 2.</b>	2
		$\emptyset = 90^{\circ}$	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
Viewing angle range	θ	$\emptyset = 270^{\circ}$	-	57	-	deg	FIG 3.	6
		$\emptyset = 0^{\circ}$	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	0
		Ø = 180°	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	]
	Red x		-	0.6368	-			
	Red y		-	0.3329	-			
	Green x	θ=0°	-	0.3397	-			
CIE (x, y) chromaticity	Green y		-	0.6138	-		FIG 2.	5
	Blue x	Ø=0°	-	0.1433	-		110 2.	
	Blue y	Ta=25℃	-	0.0807	-			
	White x	]	-	0.2886	-	]		
	White y		-	0.3194	-			
NTSC Ratio	S		55	67	-	%		

## **■ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.:

Contrast Ratio =  $\frac{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}{\text{Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}$ 

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels  $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)$ 

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance ,  $\delta$  WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta \text{ WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}{\text{Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}$ 

Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series

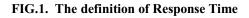
Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value

Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

Note 7. For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity,CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

Note 8. For TFT module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.





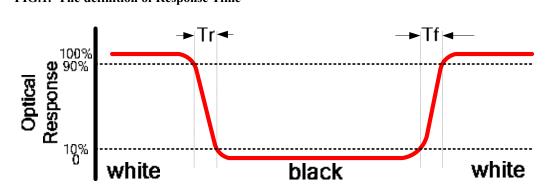


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

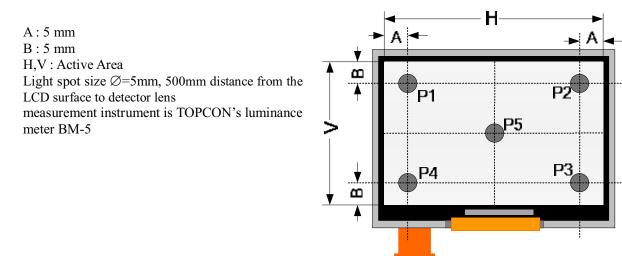
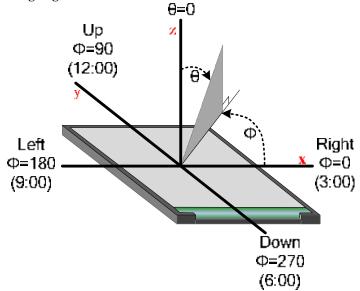


FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle





# ■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

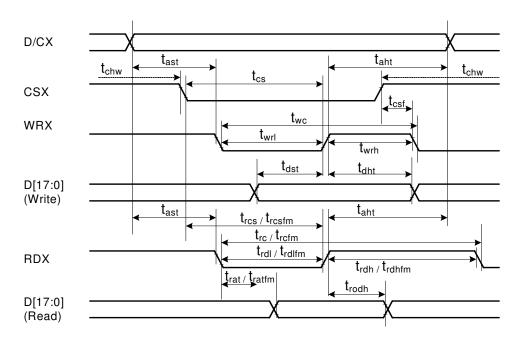
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	LEDA	Р	Anode for LED backlighting
2	LEDK	Р	Cathode for LED backlighting
3	/RESET	Ι	Reset pin
4	DB15	IO	
5	DB14	IO	
6	DB13	IO	
7	DB12	IO	
8	DB11	IO	
9	DB10	IO	
10	DB9	IO	16bit- Parallel data
11	DB8	IO	
12	DB7	IO	
13	DB6	IO	
14	DB5	IO	
15	DB4	IO	
16	DB3	IO	
17	DB2	IO	
18	DB1	IO	
19	DB0	IO	
20	RD	Ι	Read execution control pin
21	WR	Ι	Write execution control pin
22	RS	Ι	Register select signal
23	CS	Ι	Chip Select Signal
24	IOVCC	Р	Logic power ,provide with 2.8V
25	GND	G	Ground
26	X+	0	Touch panel output
27	Y+	0	Touch panel output
28	Х-	0	Touch panel output
29	Y-	0	Touch panel output
30	NC	-	No Connect



## ■ APPLICATION NOTES

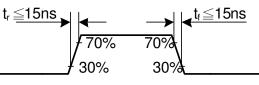
## **1.1 Interface Timing Chart**

Note: Please refer to ILITEK's <u>ILI9341</u> data sheet for more details. ILITEK's <u>ILI9341</u> INTERFACE PROTOCOL Inter 80 system CPU interface



Signal	Symbo I	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
DUX	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	twc	Write cycle	66	-	ns	
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
D(17.0)	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[17:0],	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	
D[17:10]&D[8:1], D[17:10],	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For maximum CL=30pF For minimum CL=8pF
D[17:10], D[17:9]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	
	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 ℃, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, VSS=0V.



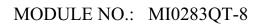


# INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION(ILITEK's <u>ILI9341</u>

Regulative Command Set													
Command Function	D/CX	RDX	WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
No Operation	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00h
Software Reset	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01h
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04h
Deed Disulary Identification	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
Read Display Identification	1	↑	1	XX				ID1 [	7:0]				XX
Information	1	↑	1	XX				ID2 [	7:0]				XX
	1	↑	1	XX				ID3 [	7:0]				XX
	0	1	$\uparrow$	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	09h
	1	1	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX			D	[31:25]				Х	00
Read Display Status	1	↑	1	XX	Х		D [22:20	1		D [1	9:16]		61
	1	↑	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х		D [10:8]		00
	1	↑	1	XX		D [7:5]		Х	Х	X	Х	Х	00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0Ah
Read Display Power Mode	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	ХХ			D [7	:2]			0	0	08
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0Bh
Read Display MADCTL	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX			D [7				0	0	00
	0	1	1	ХХ	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0Ch
Read Display Pixel Format	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX	RIM		DPI [2:0		Х		DBI [2:0]		06
	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0Dh
Read Display Image Format	1		1	XX	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	↑	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		D [2:0]		00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0Eh
Read Display Signal Mode	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
	1	<u>↑</u>	1	XX	D [7:2] 0			0	00				
	0	1	<b>↑</b>	ХХ	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0Fh
Read Display Self-Diagnostic	1	 ↑	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
Result	1	1	1	XX	D [7		X	X	X	X	X	Х	00
Enter Sleep Mode	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10h
Sleep OUT	0	1		XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11h
Partial Mode ON	0	1		XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12h
Normal Display Mode ON	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	13h
Display Inversion OFF	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20h
Display Inversion ON	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21h
	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	26h
Gamma Set	1	1		XX	Ŭ			GC [				<u> </u>	01
Display OFF	0	1		XX	0	0	1		1	0	0	0	28h
Display ON	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	29h
	0	1		XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2Ah
	1	1		XX			<u> </u>	SC [1				v	XX
Column Address Set	1	1		XX				SC []					XX
	1	1		XX	1			EC [1					XX
	1	1	↑	XX	1			EC []					XX
					0	0	1		1	0	1	1	2Bh
	0	1	↑ ↑	XX		U			1	U		1	
Page Address Set	1	1	↑ ↑	XX				SP [1					XX
Page Address Set	1	1		XX				SP []					XX
	1	1		XX	+			EP [1					XX
	1	1	ÎÌ	XX				EP [7	/:0]				XX



Memory Write	0	1	Ť	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2Ch
	1	1	↑				C	D [17:0]	1	1	1	1	XX
-	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DI
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX						00 [5:0]			XX
-	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX		Rnn [5:0]							XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX					R	31 [5:0]			XX
Color SET	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX		G00 [5:0]						XX	
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX		Gnn [5:0]							XX
	1	↑	1	XX					G	64 [5:0]			XX
	1	↑	1	XX					В	00 [5:0]			XX
	1	Î	1	XX					В	nn [5:0]			XX
	1	↑	1	XX					B	31 [5:0]			ХХ
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2Eł
Memory Read	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1				[	D [17:0]					XX
	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30ŀ
	1	1	↑	XX				S	R [15:8]				00
Partial Area	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX				S	R [7:0]				00
	1	1	↑	XX	ER [15:8]						01		
	1	1	↑	XX				E	R [7:0]				3F
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33h
	1	1	1	XX				TF	A [15:8]				00
	1	1	1	XX									00
Vertical Scrolling Definition	1	1	1	XX					SA [15:8]				01
5	1	1	1	XX					SA [7:0]				40
_	1	1	1	XX					A [15:8]				00
	1	1	1	XX					FA [7:0]				00
Tearing Effect Line OFF	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	34h
Tearing Effect Line OFF	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35ł
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	X	X	x	x	M	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36h
Memory Access Control	1	1	↑	XX	MY	МХ	MV	ML	BGR	МН	X	x	00
	0	1	 ↑	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	37h
Vertical Scrolling Start Address	1	1	 ↑	XX		0		1	P [15:8]			I	00
Ventical Scrolling Start Address	1	1	 ↑	XX					SP [7:0]				00
					0	0	4			0	0	0	
Idle Mode OFF Idle Mode ON	0	1	1	XX XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38h
	-	1	1		0	0	1	1	1	0	-		39h
Pixel Format Set	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0		0	3Ah
	1	1	1	XX	X		DPI [2:0		X		DBI [2:0		66
Write Memory Continue	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3Cł
-	1	1	1					D [17:0]					XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3Eł
Read Memory Continue	1	<u> </u>	1	XX	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	X	XX
	1	↑	1					D [17:0]					XX
-	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44ł
Set Tear Scanline	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	STS [8]	00
	1	1	↑	XX		1		S	TS [7:0]	1	1	1	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45h
Get Scanline	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	GTS	6 [9:8]	00
	1	↑	1	XX			_	G	TS [7:0]	-	_		00
Write Dieploy Drichtmas	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	51h
Write Display Brightness	1	1	1	XX				ום	BV [7:0]				00



	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	52h
Read Display Brightness	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX			•	DBV	[7:0]			•	00
Write CTRL Display	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	53h
While CTRL Display	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	Х	Х	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	54h
Read CTRL Display	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	Х	XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	X	Х	00
Write Content Adaptive	0	1	L ↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	55h
Brightness Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	C[	1:0]	00
Deed Content Adaptive	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	56h
Read Content Adaptive Brightness Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
Bightioco control	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	C [	1:0]	00
Write CABC Minimum	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	5Eh
Brightness	1	1	↑	XX	CMB [7:0]								00
Read CABC Minimum	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	5Fh
Brightness	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
Brighthood	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX				CME	8 [7:0]				00
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	DAh
Read ID1	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX			Modu	le's Mai	nufacture	e [7:0]			XX
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	DBh
Read ID2	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX			LCD Mod	dule / Di	river Ver	sion [7:0	]		XX
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	DCł
Read ID3	1	L ↑	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX			LCD N	/Iodule /	Driver I	D [7:0]			XX

Extended Command Set													
Command Function	D/CX	RDX	WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
RGB Interface	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	B0h
Signal Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	ByPass_MODE	RCM	[1:0]	Х	VSPL	HSPL	DPL	EPL	40
Frame Central	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	B1h
Frame Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	DIVA	[1:0]	00
(In Normal Mode)	1	1		XX	Х	Х	Х		F	TNA [4:0	0]		1B
Frome Control	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B2h
Frame Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	DIVE	8 [1:0]	00
(In Idle Mode)	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х		F	RTNB [4:0	D]		1B
France Control	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	B3h
Frame Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	х	DIVC	[1:0]	00
(In Partial Mode)	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	RTNC [4:0]				1B	
Disalau lauraisa Osatusl	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	B4h
Display Inversion Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	NLA	NLB	NLC	02
	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B5h
	1	1	↑	XX	0				VFP [6:	0]			02
Blanking Porch Control	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0				VBP [6:	0]			02
	1	1	$\uparrow$	XX	0	0	0			HFP [4:0	]		0A
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	0	0	0			HBP [4:0	)]		14



	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6h
	1	1	↑	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	PTG	i [1:0]	PT	[1:0]	0A
Display Function Control	1	1	1	XX	REV	GS	SS	SM		1	SC [3:0]		82
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х				NL [5:0]			27
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х			PC	CDIV [5:	0]		XX
Entry Mode Set	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B7h
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	Х	Х	DSTB	GON	DTE	GAS	07
	0	1		XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	B8h
Backlight Control 1	1	1	↑	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	XX
	1	1	Î	XX	X	Х	Х	Х					04
	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	B9h
Backlight Control 2	1	1	↑	XX	X	Х	X	Х	X	Х	X	X	XX
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX		TH_MV					_ST [3:0]	_	B8
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	BAł
Backlight Control 3	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	XX
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX	X	X	X	X			H_UI [3:0]		04
Deallisht Ocashal 4	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	BBh
Backlight Control 4	1	1		XX	X		X	Х	X	X	X	X	XX
	1	1	1	XX		DTH_M	- ·	4	4		H_ST [3:0]	0	C9
Dealdight Control 5	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1 X	1 X	1 X	1 X	0 X	0	BCł
Backlight Control 5	1	1	↑	XX	X	X				X	XX		
	1	1	T↑	XX XX	1	DIM2	1	1	1	1	1	·	44 BEh
Backlight Control 7	0	1		XX	1	0		-	1_DIV [7			0	
	0	1		XX	1	0	1	1	1	.0j 1	1	1	BFh
Backlight Control 8	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	X	X				. 00
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	LEDPWMOPL 0	COh
Power Control 1	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	0	0	-	/RH [5:0		0	26
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	C1h
Power Control 2	1	1	 ↑	XX	x	X	X	X	X		BT [2:		00
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	C5h
VCOM Control 1	1	1	1	XX	x		Ū	0	VMH	•	Ū		31
	1	1	1	XX	X				VML				3C
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	C7h
VCOM Control 2	1	1	1	XX	nVM				VMF	[6:0]			CO
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	D0h
NV Memory Write	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	Х		GM_ADR		00
·	1	1		XX					DATA [		—		XX
	0	1		XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	D1h
	1	1		XX				KE.	Y [23:16	]			55
NV Memory Protection Key	1	1	↑	XX					Y [15:8]				AA
	1	1		XX					EY [7:0]				66
	0	1		XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	D2h
	1	<b>↑</b>	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	XX
NV Memory Status Read	1		1	XX	Х		_CNT		Х		D1_CNT		XX
	1	1	1	XX	BUSY		_ CNT		Х		ID3_CNT [		XX

#### MIDDODOT O



Read ID4

0

1

1

1

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1 1

N	MODU	LE NC	).: M]	[02830	QT-8					Ver 1.2
	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	D3h
	XX	X	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	XX
	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00
	ХХ	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	93
	ХХ	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41
	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	E0h
	ХХ	Х	х	х	Х		VP	0 [3:0]		08
	XX	Х	Х			VP1 [	5:0]			0E
	ХХ	Х	Х			VP2 [	5:0]			12
	ХХ	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP	4 [3:0]		05
	XX	Х	Х	Х		١	VP6 [4	:0]		03
	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP1	3 [3:0]		09
	XX	Х			VF	P20 [6:0]				47
	XX		VP36	[3:0]			VP2	27 [3:0]		86
	XX	Х			VF	P43 [6:0]				2B
	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP5	50 [3:0]		0B
	ХХ	Х	Х	Х		V	'P57 [4	:0]		04
	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP5	59 [3:0]		00
	XX	Х	Х			VP61	[5:0]			00
	XX	Х	Х			VP62	[5:0]			00
	VV	V	N N	V	~					00

	1	↑	1	XX	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41
	0	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	EO
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	X	Х	Х			0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	X			VP1 [5	:0]			0E
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х		1	VP2 [5				12
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP	4 [3:0]		05
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	X	Х		V	P6 [4	:0]		03
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP1	3 [3:0]		09
Positive Gamma	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х			V	P20 [6:0]				47
Correction	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX		VP36	[3:0]			VP2	27 [3:0]		86
	1	1	L ↑	XX	Х		VP43 [6:0]						28
	1	1	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х			50 [3:0]		05
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	X	Х		VF	°57 [4			04
	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX	Х	X	Х	X			59 [3:0]		00
	1	1	1	XX	Х	X			VP61 [5				00
	1	1	L ↑	XX	X	X		1	VP62 [5	5:0]			00
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	Х	Х			63 [3:0]		00
	0	1	↑	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	E1
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	Х	Х			0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X			VN1 [5				1/
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X		1	VN2 [5				20
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	Х	Х			4 [3:0]		07
	1	1	↑	XX	Х	X	Х		VI	N6 [4			08
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	Х	X		VN1	3 [3:0]		05
Negative Gamma	1	1	1	XX	Х			V	N20 [6:0]				3/
Correction	1	1	↑	XX		VN36	[3:0]			VN2	27 [3:0]		8/
	1	1	↑	XX	X				N43 [6:0]				4(
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	X			50 [3:0]		04
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X		- VN	157 [4			18
	1	1	L ↑	XX	X	X	Х	X			59 [3:0]		0
	1	1	<u>↑</u>	XX	X	X			VN61 [5				31
	1	1	1	XX	X	X			VN62 [5				31
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X	X			3 [3:0]		0
Digital Gamma Control 1	0	1	Î.	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	E2
1 <sup>st</sup> Parameter	1	1	Î	XX		RCA0					0 [3:0]		X
: 10 <sup>th</sup> Devenenter	1	1	<b>↑</b>	XX		RCAX					Ax [3:0]		
16 <sup>th</sup> Parameter	1			XX	4	RCA15		0			<u>15 [3:0]</u> 1		X
Digital Gamma Control 2 1 <sup>st</sup> Parameter	0	1		XX	1		1	0	0	0		1	E3
i raiailletei	1	1		XX XX		RFA0					<u>\0 [3:0]</u> \x [3:0]		
64 <sup>th</sup> Parameter	1	1	   ↑	XX		RFAx RFA63					63 [3:0]		x)
04 Faidilielei	0	1			1	1	[3.0] 1	1	0	<u>БГА</u>	<u>63 [3:0]</u> 1	0	 F6
	1	1	↑   ↑	XX XX				1 X					
Interface Control	1	1		XX	MY_EOR X	MX_EOR	MV_EOR						01
	1	1		XX	X	X		1.0j	X DM [1:		RM	RIM	00

Note 2: B0 to D9 and DE to FF are for factory use of display supplier. USER can decide if these commands are available or they are treated as NOP (00h) commands before shipping to USER. Default value is NOP (00h).

Note 3: Commands 10h, 12h, 13h, 26h, 28h, 29h, 30h, 36h (Bit B4 only), 38h and 39h are updated during V-SYNC when ILI9341 is in Sleep OUT mode to avoid abnormal visual effects. During Sleep IN mode, these commands are updated immediately. Read status (09h), Read display power mode (0Ah), Read display MADCTL (0Bh), Read display pixel format (0Ch), Read display image mode (0Dh), Read display signal mode (0Eh) and Read display self diagnostic result (0Fh) of these commands are updated immediately both in Sleep IN mode and Sleep OUT mode.



# ■ INITIAL CODE

code void INIT()
write_cmd(0x01); //software reset delay(5); write_cmd(0x28); // display off
//
write_cmd(0xed); write_data16(0x00,0x64); write_data16(0x00,0x03); write_data16(0x00,0x12); write_data16(0x00,0x81);
write_cmd(0xe8); write_data16(0x00,0x85); write_data16(0x00,0x01); write_data16(0x00,0x79);
write_cmd(0xcb); write_data16(0x00,0x39); write_data16(0x00,0x2c); write_data16(0x00,0x00); write_data16(0x00,0x34); write_data16(0x00,0x02);
write_cmd(0xf7); write_data16(0x00,0x20);
write_cmd(0xea); write_data16(0x00,0x00); write_data16(0x00,0x00);
//power control write_cmd(0xc0); //power control write_data16(0x00,0x26);
write_cmd(0xc1); //power control write_data16(0x00,0x11); //VCOM设定不符合并机会闪烁 write_cmd(0xc5); //vcom control write_data16(0x00,0x35);//35 write_data16(0x00,0x3e);//3E
write_cmd(0xc7); //vcom control write_data16(0x00,0xbe); // 0x94 //memory access control write_cmd(0x36); // memory access control write_data16(0x00,0x48); //0048 my,mx,mv,ml,BGR,mh,0.0
write_cmd(0x3a); // pixel format set write_data16(0x00,0x55);//16bit /pixel // frame rate
//GammaGamma Function Disable write_cmd(0xf2); // 3Gamma Function Disable write_data16(0x00,0x08);
write_cmd(0x26); write_data16(0x00,0x01); // gamma set 4 gamma curve 01/02/04/08

write\_cmd(0xE0); //positive gamma correction write\_data16(0x00,0x1f); write\_data16(0x00,0x1a); write\_data16(0x00,0x18); write data 16(0x00, 0x0a);write\_data16(0x00,0x0f); write\_data16(0x00,0x06); write\_data16(0x00,0x45); write\_data16(0x00,0x87); write\_data16(0x00,0x32); write\_data16(0x00,0x32); write\_data16(0x00,0x03); write\_data16(0x00,0x07); write\_data16(0x00,0x02); write\_data16(0x00,0x02); write\_data16(0x00,0x07); write\_data16(0x00,0x05); write\_data16(0x00,0x00); write\_cmd(0xE1); //negamma correction write\_data16(0x00,0x00); write\_data16(0x00,0x25); write\_data16(0x00,0x27); write\_data16(0x00,0x27); write\_data16(0x00,0x05); write\_data16(0x00,0x05); write\_data16(0x00,0x10); write\_data16(0x00,0x09); write\_data16(0x00,0x3a); write<sup>-</sup>data16(0x00,0x78); write data 16(0x00, 0x4d); write\_data16(0x00,0x05); write\_data16(0x00,0x18); write\_data16(0x00,0x0d); write\_data16(0x00,0x38); write\_data16(0x00,0x3a); write\_data16(0x00,0x1f); ----ddram write cmd(0x2a); // column set write data16(0x00,0x00); write\_data16(0x00,0x00); write\_data16(0x00,0x00); write<sup>-</sup>data16(0x00,0xEF); write\_cmd(0x2b); write\_data16(0x00,0x00); // page address set write\_data16(0x00,0x00); write\_data16(0x00,0x01); write\_data16(0x00,0x3F); // write cmd(0x34); // tearing effect off //write cmd(0x35);// tearing effect on //write\_cmd(0xb4); // dis //write\_data16(0x00,0x00); // display inversion write\_cmd(0xb7); //entry mode set write\_data16(0x00,0x07); //------display write cmd(0xb6); // write data16(0x00,0x0a); display function control write\_data16(0x00,0x82); write\_data16(0x00,0x27); write\_data16(0x00,0x27); write cmd(0x11); //sleep out delay(100); write cmd(0x29); delay(T00); // display on write cmd(0x2c); //memory write }



## **RELIABILITY TEST**

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Remark
1	High Temperature Storage	$80\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours	The test result shall be
2	Low Temperature Storage	$-30\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours	evaluated after the sample has been left at room
3	High Temperature Operating	$70\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours	temperature and humidity for 2 hours without load.
4	Low Temperature Operating	$-20\pm2^{\circ}C/96$ hours	No condensation shall be accepted. The sample shall be free from defects:
5	Temperature Cycle storage	$-30\pm2^{\circ}C\sim25\sim80\pm2^{\circ}C\times10$ cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	<ol> <li>Air bubble in the LCD;</li> <li>Sealleak;</li> <li>Non-display;</li> </ol>
6	Damp proof Test operating	$60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C} \times 90\%$ RH/96hours	4.Missing segments; 5.Glass crack;
7	Vibration Test	10Hz~150Hz,100m/s <sup>2</sup> ,120min	
8	Drop test(package state)	800mm, concrete floor,1corner,	
9	ESD test	C=150pF,R=330Ω Air: ±8KV,30times Contact: ±4KV,20times	
10	Shock test	Half-sine,wave,300m/s	



## ■ INSPECTION CRITERION

MIF	OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 7
TITLE:FUNCTION	NAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Color mobile phone LCM with touch panel.

1 Sample plan

Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

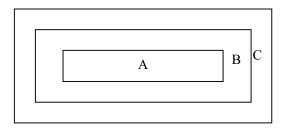
Major defect: AQL 0.65

Minor defect: AQL 1.5

2. Inspection condition

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of  $20\sim40W$  light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within  $45^{\circ}$  against perpendicular line.

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.



OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

PAGE 2 OF 7

## TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

## 4. Inspection standards

## 4.1 Major Defect

MF

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects
4.1.1	All functional defects	<ol> <li>No display</li> <li>Display abnormally</li> <li>Missing vertical, horizontal segment</li> <li>Short circuit</li> <li>Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting.</li> </ol>	
4.1.2	Missing	Missing component	Major
4.1.3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed.	
4.1.4	linearity	No more than 1.5%	

### 4.2 Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Standard								
	Clear Spots Black and white Spot defect	For dark/white spot as $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$ 1. Zone									
	Pinhole, Foreign Particle,	Size(mm)	А	В	C	Minor					
		Φ≤0.1	Ig	nore							
		$0.10 < \Phi \le 0.15$		2	– Ignore						
	polarizer Dirt	$0.15 < \Phi \le 0.20$		1							
4.2.1		0.20<Φ		0							
		2.									
		Zone	Acceptable Qt		Qty						
		Size(mm)	А	В	С						
	Clear Spots	Φ ≤ 0.1	Ig	nore							
	TP Dirt	0.10<Φ≤0.15		3	– Ignore	Minor					
		$0.15 < \Phi \le 0.25$		2	Ignore						
		0.25<Φ	0								



	<b></b> Ot	JTGOING QU	JALIT	Y STANDA	RD			PAGE .	3 0	F 7	
TITLE: F	UNCTIONAL T	EST & INSPE	CTIO	N CRITERI	A						
		3.									
	Dim Spots		lone	Accepta		able Qty					
	Dimopoto	Size(mm)		А	B			С			
	Circle	$\Phi \leq 0.2$	).2		Ignore						Minor
	shaped and dim edged	$0.20 < \Phi \le$	£0.40		2		La				
	defects	0.40<Φ≤	60.60		1			nore			
		0.60<0	Þ		0						
4.2 Cos	metic Defect									1	
Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard								Classification of defects	
		S	ize(mr	n)		Ac	ceptable	Qty			
	Line defect	L(Length) W(Width)				zone					
	Black line, White line, Foreign material on polarizer		•		A		В	C			
		Ignore	V	W≤0.02	]	gnc	ore				
		L≤3.0 0.0		<w≤0.03< td=""><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.03<>		2					
		L≤2.0	0.03	<w≤0.05< td=""><td colspan="2">1</td><td></td><td>Ignore</td><td>e</td><td></td></w≤0.05<>	1			Ignore	e		
			C	0.05 <w< td=""><td colspan="2">Define as spot defect</td><td></td><td colspan="2"></td><td></td></w<>	Define as spot defect						
4.2.2		The line can be seen after mobile phone in the oper condition:					perating		- Minor		
		siz	ze(mm	ı)		Acc	ceptable (	Qty			
	Foreign	L(Length)	W	(Width)			zone				
	material on TP film		**	(widdi)	А		В	C			
		Ignore	W	/≤0.03	Iş	gnor	re	Ignore			
		L≤5.0	0.0	0.05 0.05		3					
			0.	05 <w< td=""><td>Define a</td><td>ıs spo</td><td>ot defect</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></w<>	Define a	ıs spo	ot defect				
		If the scratch can be seen after mobile phone cover assembling or in the operating condition, judge by the lin defect of 4.2.2.									
		If the scratch can be seen only in non-operating condition or some special angle, judge by the following.									

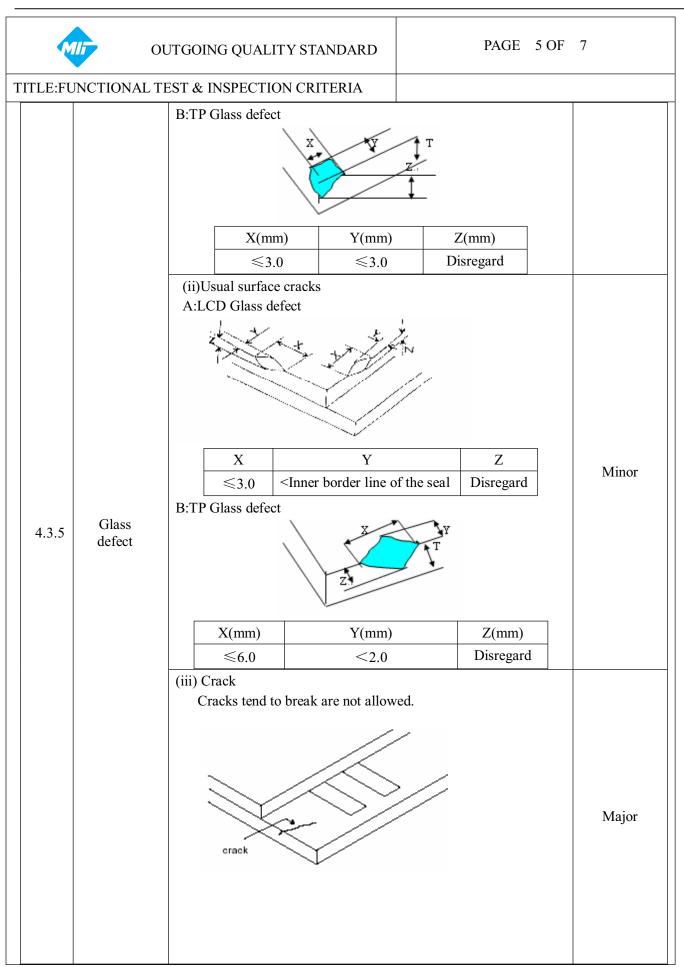


	M	ου	TGOING QUALI			PAGE	4 OF	7	
Τľ	TLE:FU	NCTIONAL TE	EST & INSPECTIO	ON CRITERIA					
		Dim line defect	Size	e(mm)	A	-	ıble Qty		
		Polarizer	L(Length)	) W(Width)		Zo B	C C	-	
	4.2.3	scratch TP film	Ignore	W≤0.03	Igr	ore			Minor
		scratch	5.0 <l≤10.0< td=""><td>0.03<w≤0.05< td=""><td>,</td><td>2</td><td rowspan="2">- Ignore</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.05<></td></l≤10.0<>	0.03 <w≤0.05< td=""><td>,</td><td>2</td><td rowspan="2">- Ignore</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.05<>	,	2	- Ignore		
			L≤5.0	0.05 <w≤0.08< td=""><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.08<>		1			
				0.08 <w< td=""><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></w<>		0			
			Air bubbles betw	een glass & polari	zer				
			2. Zone	2. Zone Acce		eptable Qty			
			Size(mm)	A	В		С		
	4.2.4	Polarize Air bubble	Φ≤0.2	Ignor	e				Minor
			0.20< Ф ≤0.30	) 2			Ignore		
			0.30< Φ ≤0.50	) 1			ignore		
			0.50<Φ	0	0				

### 4.3. Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard			Classification of defects	
		(i) Chips on corner A:LCD Glass defect z z x $\leq 2.0$ Notes: S=contact part Chips on the corner of ter the ITO pad or expose pert	minal shall not b	Z Disregard be allowed to exter	] nd into	Minor







## OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD

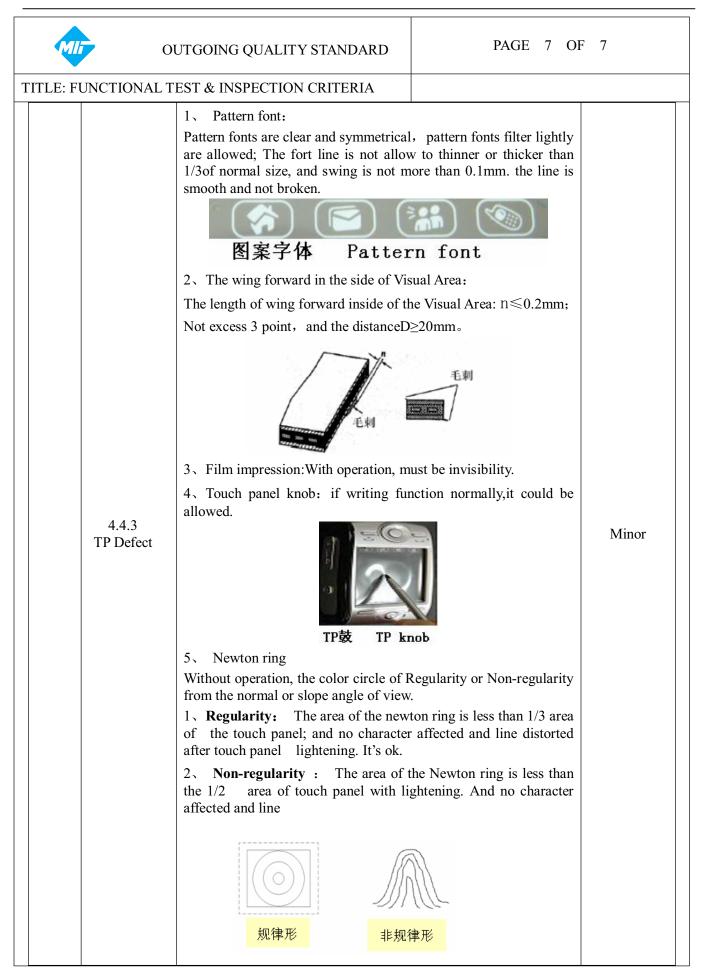
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### TITLE: FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA

#### 4.4 Parts Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classification of defects
	4.4.1 Parts contraposition		
	4.4.2 SMT	According to the <acceptability assemblies="" electronic="" of=""> IPC-A-610C class 2 standard. Component missing or function defect are Major defect, the others are Minor defect.</acceptability>	







## PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

#### **Handing Precautions**

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breather on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone

- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.



# Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling. Correct handling:

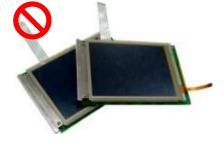




As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

#### **Incorrect handling:**





Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't touch IC directly.

Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't hold the surface of IC.



#### **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped.

#### Others

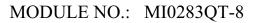
Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

-Terminal electrode sections.

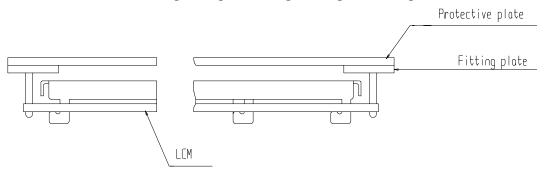


## ■ USING LCD MODULES

#### **Installing LCD Modules**

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

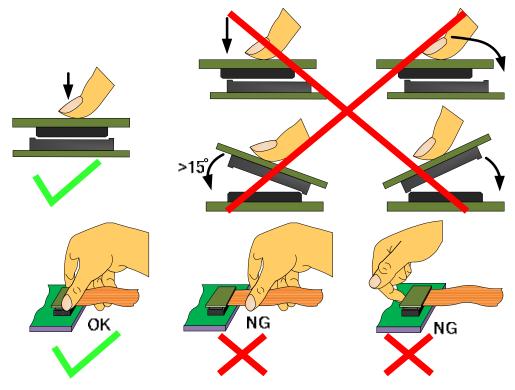
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be  $\pm 0.1$  mm.

#### Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



#### Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No RoHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°С ~350°С.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
RoHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa



(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

#### **Precautions for Operation**

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input logic voltage before apply analog high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analog high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.



#### Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

#### Limited Warranty

Unless agreed betweenMulti-Inno and customer,Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability ofMulti-Inno limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

#### **Return LCM under warranty**

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

## **PRIOR CONSULT MATTER**

- 1. (1) For Multi-Inno standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.
  - <sup>(2)</sup>For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- 2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.