

MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

www.multi-inno.com

LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model : MI0240ST-7

For Customer's Acceptance:

Customer		
Approved		
Comment		

Revision	1.0
Engineering	
Date	2012-10-21
Our Reference	



REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1.0	2012-10-21	First specifition	



CONTENTS

- GENERAL INFORMATION
- EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS
- ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS
- ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- INTERFACE DESCRIPTION
- TOUCH SCREEN PANEL SPECIFICATION
- APPLICATION NOTES
- RELIABILITY TEST
- INSPECTION CRITERION
- PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES
- PRIOR CONSULT MATTER



■ GENERAL INFORMATION

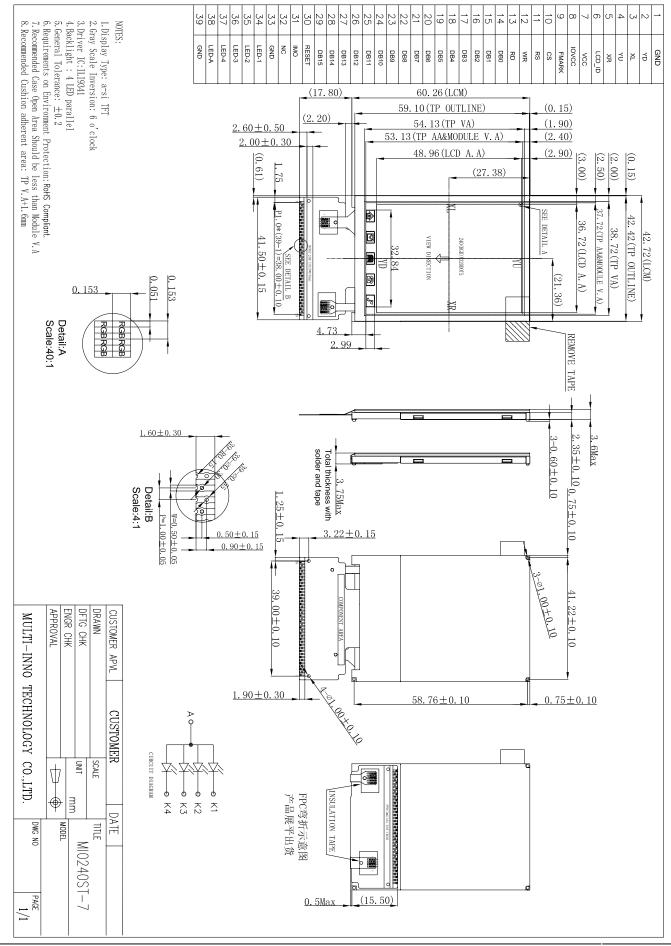
Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive/Normally white	/
Size	2.4	Inch
Viewing direction	12:00	O' Clock
Gray scale inversion direction	6:00	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	42.72×60.26×3.60	mm ³
Active area (W×H)	36.72×48.96	mm ²
Pixel pitch (W×H)	0.153×0.153	mm^2
Number of dots	240 (RGB) × 320	/
Driver IC	ILI9341	/
Backlight type	4 LEDs	/
Interface type	CPU 8/16 bits	/
Color depth	65K/262K	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Surface treatment(Up polarizer)	Clear type(3H)	/
Input voltage	2.8	V
With/Without TSP	With TSP	/
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1:Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition, there is a 180 degree shift. Note 2 : RoHS compliant;

Note 3: LCM weight tolerance: \pm 5%.



EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	Vcc,IOVcc	-0.3	4.6	V
Input voltage	Vin	-0.3	IOVcc +0.5	V
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	Тѕт	-30	80	°C
Humidity	RH		90%(Max60°C)	RH

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS DC CHARACTERISTICS

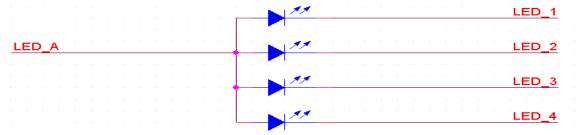
GND=0V, Ta=25℃

ltem		Symbol	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	Unit	Remark
Logic Supply Voltage		IOVCC	1.65	1.8/2.8	3.3	V	
Analog Volta	• • •	VCC	2.3	2.8	3.3	V	
Input	Low Level	V _{IL}	0.8x IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V	DB0-DB15,IM0,RD,RS,
Signal Voltage	High Level	V _{IH}	-	-	0.2xIOVCC	V	CS,WR,RESET
Output Signal	Low Level	V _{OL}	0.8xIOVCC	-	-	V	
Voltage	High Level	V _{OH}	-		0.2xIOVCC	V	
(Panel	+ LSI)	Black Mode (60Hz)	-	21.64	-	mW	
Power Consumption		8 Color Mode	-	5.897	-	mW	
		Sleeping Mode	-	0.095	-	mW	

■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Current	I _F	-	15	-	mA	For each LED
Forward Voltage	V _F	2.9	3.2	3.4	V	For each LED
Power Consumption	W _{BL}	-	192	-	mW	4 LEDs

Note1: Figure below shows the connection of backlight LED.



Note 2: One LED: 1/4xI_F =15 mA, V_F =3.2V



Item		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time		Tr+Tf			20	30	ms	FIG 1.	4
Contrast r	atio	Cr	θ=0°	400	500			FIG 2.	1
Luminan uniform		δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25℃		80		%	FIG 2.	3
Surface Lum	inance	Lv		210	250		cd/m ²	FIG 2.	2
			$\emptyset = 90^{\circ}$	50	60		deg	FIG 3.	
Viewing angl	0 100 000	θ	$\emptyset = 270^{\circ}$	60	70		deg	FIG 3.	6
viewing angi	Viewing angle range		$\emptyset = 0^{\circ}$	60	70		deg	FIG 3.	0
			$\emptyset = 180^{\circ}$	60	70		deg	FIG 3.	
	Red	Х		0.542	0.592	0.642			
	Reu	у		0.294	0.344	0.394			
	Green	Х	θ=0°	0.285	0.332	0.385			
CIE (x, y)	Ulteri	У	0=0° ∅=0°	0.531	0.581	0.631		FIG 2.	5
chromaticity	Blue	Х	∑=0 Ta=25℃	0.099	0.149	0.199		FIC 2.	5
	Diue	у	1 a-25 C	0.054	0.104	0.154			
	White	Х	0.240 0.290 0.340						
	white	у		0.270	0.320	0.370			
NTSC	-	-	-		53		%	-	-

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.

Contrast Ratio = <u>Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P3, P4, P5)</u> Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance δ WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

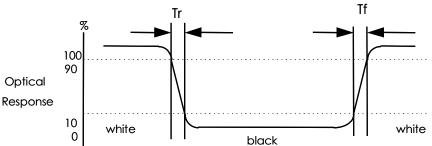
δ WHITE =Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P1, P2, P 3, P4, P5)

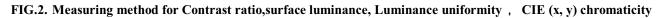
- Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series.
- Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x, y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value.
- Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.
- Note 7. For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.



FIG.1. The definition of Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".





A : 5 mm B : 5 mm H,V : Active Area Light spot size \emptyset =7mm, 500mm distance from the LCD surface to detector lens measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5

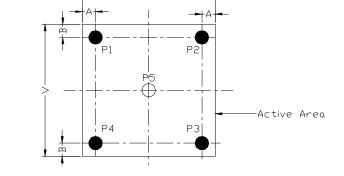
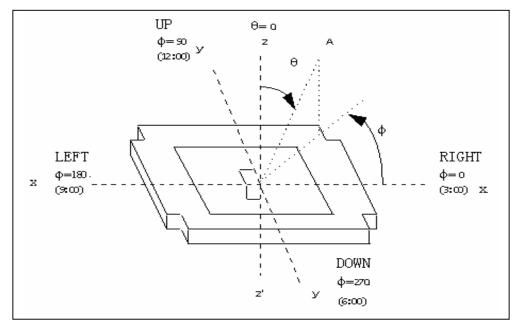


FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle





■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

No	Symbol	I/O	Description	Comment
1	GND	Р	Power Ground	
2	YD	0	Touch Panel Bottom Side	
3	XL	0	Touch Panel Left Side	
4	YU	0	Touch Panel Up Side	
5	XR	0	Touch Panel Right Side	
6	LCD_ID	0	LCD identify signal. The voltage is about 2.470V when VCC is 2.8V.	
7	VCC	Р	Power Supply of Analog	
8	IOVCC	Р	Power Supply of Logic	
9	FMARK	0	Tearing effect output pin to synchronize MPU to frame writing	
10	CS	I	Chip select signal	
11	RS	I	Register select signal	
12	WR	I	Write enables signal	
13	RD	I	Read enables signal	
14	DB0	I/O	Data Input	
15	DB1	I/O	Data Input	
16	DB2	I/O	Data Input	
17	DB3	I/O	Data Input	
18	DB4	I/O	Data Input	
19	DB5	I/O	Data Input	
20	DB6	I/O	Data Input	
21	DB7	I/O	Data Input	
22	DB8	I/O	Data Input	
23	DB9	I/O	Data input	
24	DB10	I/O	Data input	
25	DB11	I/O	Data input	
26	DB12	I/O	Data input	
27	DB13	I/O	Data input	
28	DB14	I/O	Data input	
29	DB15	I/O	Data input	
30	RESET		Reset signal	
31	IM0		Mode select signal	Note2
32	NC	-	Floating	
33	GND	Р	Power Ground	
34	LED_1	P	LED light cathode	
35	LED_2	Р	LED light cathode	
36	LED_3	Р	LED light cathode	
37	LED_4	Р	LED light cathode	
38	LED_A	Р	LED light anode	
39	GND	Р	Power Ground	

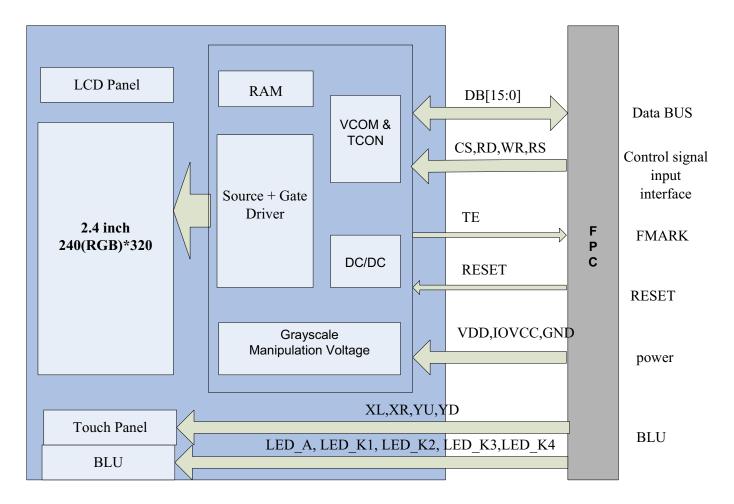
Note1: I/O definition: I-----Input O---Output P----Power/ Ground NC--- Not Connected

Note2:

	lu to afo o o	Data Bus Use				
IM0	Interface	Register/Content	GRAM			
0	8080 MCU 16_Bit Parallel	DB7~DB0	DB15~DB0			
1	8080 MCU 8_Bit Parallel	DB15~DB8	DB15~DB8			



Block Diagram



■ TOUCH SCREEN PANEL SPECIFICATIONS

1.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Linearity	-	-	1.5	%	X-Axis,Y-Axis
Terminal Resistance	-	TBD	-	Ω	X(Glass side)
Terminar Resistance	-	TBD	-	Ω	Y(Film side)
Insulation Resistance	10	-	-	MΩ	DC 25V
Operating voltage	-	5	-	V	DC
Response Time	-	-	10	Ms	-
Transmittance	80	-	-	%	-

Note 1) : Do not operate it with a thing except a polyacetal pen(tip R0.8mm or less) or a finger, especially those with hard or sharp tips such as a ball point pen or a mechanical pencil

2. Mechanical & Durability Characteristics

Item	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Operating Force	50	-	200	G	(1)
Touch Test	1,000,000	-	-	Times	(2)
Handwriting Friction Test	100,000	-	-	Times	(3)
Surface hardness	3	-	-	Н	(4)

Note (1) Pen : 0.8N or less (R0.8mm)

Finger : 0.8N or less (0.8mm)

(2) Measusuement for Center part of Panel

-Hitting Pad : Tip R8mm Silicon Rubber & Tip R0.8mm Stylus pen -Lode :150gf

-Speed :2times/sec

- -Electric lode :None
- (3) Measurement for 2.0mm inside of transparent insulation
 - -Sliding Pen : Tip R0.8mm Stylus pen
 - -Lode :150gf
 - -Speed :60mm/sec
 - -Sliding Length :25mm
 - -Electric lode : None
- (4) Pressure 500gf, 45deg

3. Integration Design Guide

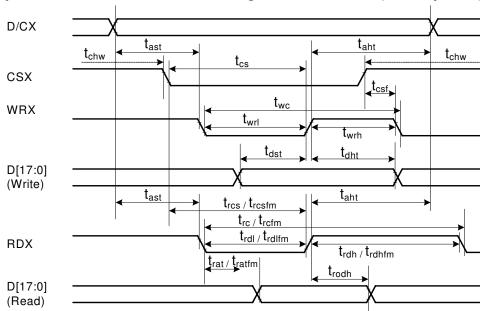
- Avoid the design that Front-case overlap and press on the active area of the touch-panel.
- Give enough gap (over 0.5mm at compressed) between the front case and touch-panel to protect wrong operating.
- Use a buffer material(Gasket) between the touch-panel and Front-case to protect damage and wrong operating.
- Avoid the design that buffer material overlap and press on the inside of touch-panel viewing area.



■ APPLICATION NOTES

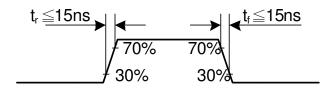
1. AC Characteristics

1.1 Display parallel 8/16 bite interface tim ing Characteristics (8080 system)



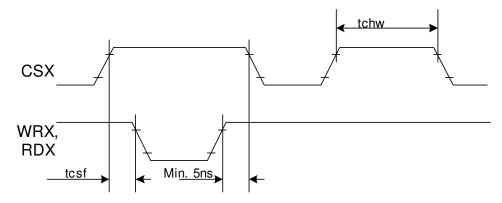
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
DOX	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	twc	Write cycle	66	-	ns	
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[15:0],	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For minimum CL=30pF
D[7:0]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	
	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 ℃, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, VSS=0V



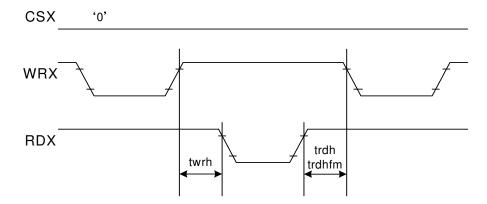


CSX timings :



Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

Write to read or read to write timings:



Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.



RELIABILITY TEST

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Remark
1	High Temperature Storage	80 ± 2 °C/240 hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.2
2	Low Temperature Storage	-30 ± 2 °C/240 hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1
3	High Temperature Operating	$70\pm2^{\circ}C/240$ hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.2
4	Low Temperature Operating	$-20\pm2^{\circ}C/240$ hours	IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1
5	Temperature Cycle storage	$-30\pm2^{\circ}C\sim25\sim70\pm2^{\circ}C\times20$ cycles (30min.) (5min.) (30min.)	Start with cold temperature, with high temperature, IEC60068-2-14 GB2423.22
6	Damp proof Test operating	$60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C} \times 90\%$ RH/240 hours	IEC60068-2-78 GB/T2423.3
7	Vibration Test (non-operation)	Frequency range:10Hz~55Hz, Stroke:1.5mm Sweep:10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2hours for each direction of X,Y,Z(6 hours for total)	IEC60068-2-6 GB/T2423.10
8	Package drop test	Height:80 cm,1 corner,3 edges,6 surfaces	IEC60068-2-32,GB2423.8
9	ESD test (operation)	C=150pF,R=330Ω,5points/panel Air: ±8KV,5times Contact: ±4KV,5times(Environment: 15℃~35℃,30%~60%,86Kpa~106Kpa)	IEC61000-4-2 GB/T17626.2
10	Shock(non-operation)	$60G 6ms, \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$ 3times each direction	IEC60068-2-27 GB/T2423.5

Note 1:Ts is the temperature of panel's surface. Note 2:Ta is the ambient temperature of sample.



■ INSPECTION CRITERIA

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 6
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	MDS Product

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Color mobile phone LCM.

1 Sample plan

Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

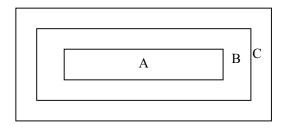
Major defect: AQL 0.65

Minor defect: AQL 1.5

2. Inspection condition

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of $20 \sim 40$ W light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product.



	·		OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 2 OF 6		
Г	FITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA MDS Production					
4	-	ction standa jor Defect	rds			
	Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	d	Classification of defects	
	4.1.1					
	4.1.2	Missing	Missing component		Major	

	_	
4.1.3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed.

4.2 Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected		Classification of defects			
	Clear Spots	For dark/white spot as $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$, size⊅is defin	ed	∑ ↓ ^y	
	Black and white Spot	1. Zon	e	Acceptable	Oty	
	defect Pinhole,	Size(mm)	A	B	C	 Minor
	Foreign	Foreign Particle, $\Phi \leq 0.10$ Dirt under $0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.15$		nore		
	Dirt under polarizer			2		
				1		
4.2.1		Φ>0.20		0		
	Dim Spots	2.				
	Circle	2. Zone	Ac	ceptable Qt	ty	
	shaped and dim edged	Size(mm)	A	В	С	
	defects	$\Phi \leqslant 0.2$	Ignore			Minor
		$0.20 < \Phi \le 0.40$		3		
		$0.40 < \Phi \le 0.60$	2		Ignore	
		$0.60 < \Phi \le 0.80$	1			
		0.80<Φ	0			

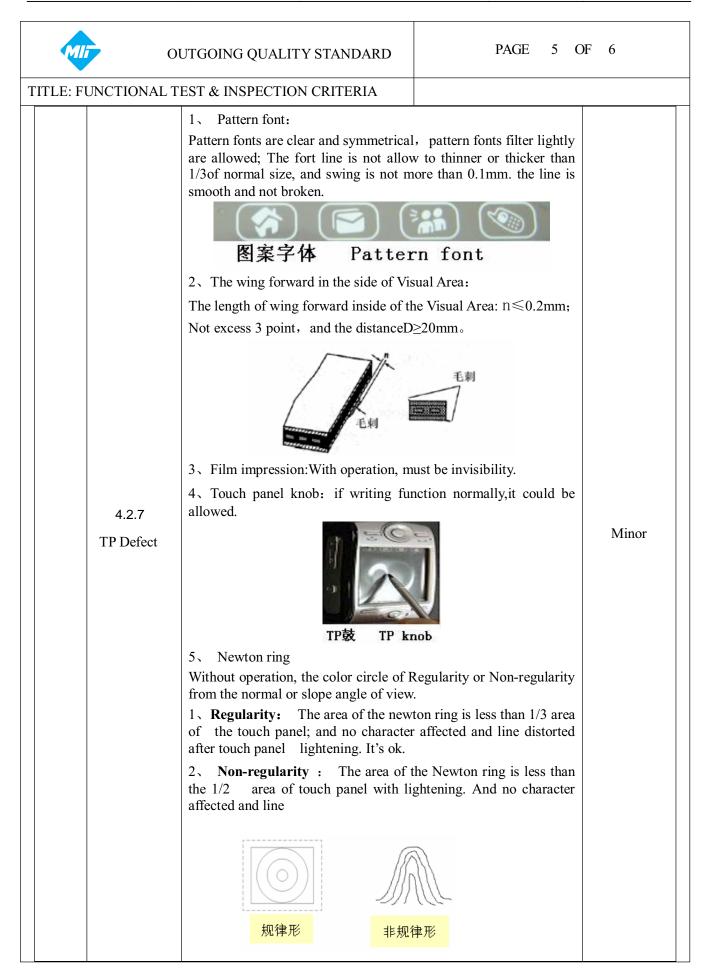


OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD					P	PAGE	3 OF 6	
ГLE: F	FUNCTIONAL 7	TEST & INSPECT	ION CRITERIA			MDS Product		
.2. Co	smetic Defect							
Item No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Sta	andard			Classification of defects	
		Size(mm)			ptable (
	Line defect Black line, White line,	L(Length)	W(Width)	A	Zone B	С	-	
4.2.2	Foreign material	Ignore	W≤0.02	Ignor	e		Minor	
	under	L≤3.0	0.02 <w≤0.03< td=""><td>2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.03<>	2				
	polarizer,	L≤2.0	0.03 <w<0.05< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td>Ignore</td><td></td></w<0.05<>	1		Ignore		
			0.05 <w< td=""><td>Define as defec</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></w<>	Define as defec	-			
			scratch can be s	•				
	Polarizer	condition or so	e(mm)	judge by t	he follo table Qi	owing.		
4.2.3	Polarizer scratch	condition or so	me special angle,	judge by t Accep Z	he follo table Q Zone	ty	Minor	
4.2.3		condition or so Siz	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width)	judge by t Accep Z A B	he follo table Q Zone	owing.		
4.2.3		condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) W≤0.03	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore	he follo table Q Zone	ty		
4.2.3		condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) W < 0.03 0.03 < W < 0.05	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2	table Qu Zone	ty		
4.2.3		condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) W≤0.03 0.03 <w≤0.05 0.05<w≤0.08< td=""><td>judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1</td><td>table Qu Zone</td><td>ty C</td><td></td></w≤0.08<></w≤0.05 	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1	table Qu Zone	ty C		
4.2.3		condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ L ≤ 5.0	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) W < 0.03 0.03 < W < 0.05	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0	table Qu Zone	ty C		
4.2.3		condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ $L \le 5.0$ Air bubbles bet	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) $W \leq 0.03$ $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ $0.05 < W \leq 0.08$ 0.08 < W tween glass & polar	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0	he follo table Qu Zone	ty C		
4.2.3	scratch	condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ L ≤ 5.0	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) $W \leq 0.03$ $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ $0.05 < W \leq 0.08$ 0.08 < W tween glass & polar	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0	he follo table Qu Zone	ty C		
	scratch	condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ $L \le 5.0$ Air bubbles bet 2. Zone	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) $W \leq 0.03$ $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ $0.05 < W \leq 0.08$ 0.08 < W tween glass & polar Accorder	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0 :izer ceptable Qty B	he follo table Qu Zone Igr	ty C		
	scratch	condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ L ≤ 5.0 Air bubbles bet 2. Zone Size(mm)	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) $W \leq 0.03$ $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ $0.05 < W \leq 0.08$ 0.08 < W ween glass & polar A Ignore	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0 :izer ceptable Qty B	he follo table Qt Zone Igr	ty	Minor	
4.2.3	scratch	condition or so Siz L(Length) Ignore $5.0 < L \le 10.0$ L ≤ 5.0 Air bubbles bet 2. Zone Size(mm) $\Phi \le 0.2$	me special angle, e(mm) W(Width) $W \leq 0.03$ $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ $0.05 < W \leq 0.08$ 0.08 < W ween glass & polar A Ignore 0 2	judge by t Accep Z A B Ignore 2 1 0 :izer ceptable Qty B	he follo table Qu Zone Igr	ty	Minor	



		condition:								
Foreign material on		size(mm)			A	cceptabl				
		L(Length) W(Width)			.	zone			Minor	
	TP film	Ignore	v	N < 0.02	A		B	C		WIIIOI
I.2.5		L≤5.0	W≤0.03 0.03 <w≤< td=""><td></td><td colspan="2">Ignore 3</td><td colspan="2"></td><td></td></w≤<>			Ignore 3				
			0	0.05		ine as s	pot defec	Ignor		
			0	9.03 < W			por derec			
			2. Zone Acceptab		eptabl	e Qty				
Dim Spots Circle shaped and dim edged		Dim Spots Size(mm)		A	В			С		
		$\Phi \leqslant 0.2$	2 Igno		gnore	ore				Minor
		0.20<Φ≤0.40			2			Ignore		
	defects	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$) 1						
					0					
	Dim line	Size(mm)		mm)		Acceptable Qty		le Qty		
	defect						Zon	e		
	Polarizer	L(Length)		W(Width) A B C						
4.2.6	scratch TP film	Ignore		W≤0.03		3 Ignore				Minor
	scratch	5.0 <l≤10< td=""><td>0.0</td><td>0.03<w≤< td=""><td>0.05</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>Ignore</td><td></td><td></td></w≤<></td></l≤10<>	0.0	0.03 <w≤< td=""><td>0.05</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>Ignore</td><td></td><td></td></w≤<>	0.05		2	Ignore		
		L≤5.0		0.05 <w≤< td=""><td>0.08</td><td></td><td>1</td><td colspan="2">– Ignore</td><td></td></w≤<>	0.08		1	– Ignore		
				0.08 <w< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></w<>	1		0			







M		OUTGOING QUALIT	Y STANDARD	P A G E	6 OF 6
TLE:FU	UNCTIONAL	TEST & INSPECTION	N CRITERIA	MDS	Product
4.3. Cos	smetic Defect				
Item No	Items to be inspected		Inspection Standard	d	Classification of defects
4.3.5	Glass defect	into the ITO pad or ex (ii)Usual surface cra	of terminal shall no cpose perimeter seal cks	Z	d Minor Minor
		 (iii) Crack Cracks tend to bre Cracks tend to bre Crack I) Not allow IC an 		ad width is more that	Major n
4.3.6	Parts alignment	 50% beyond lead 2) Not allow chip or 50% of the pad out 	pattern. r solder component ttline.	is off center more that	n Minor
4.3.7	SMT		standard. Compone	electronic assemblies nt missing or function or defect.	



Ver 1.0

PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breather on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone

- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.



Handling precaution for LCM

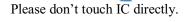
LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling. Correct handling:





As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.



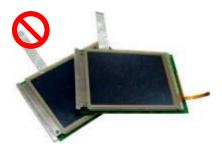




Please don't hold the surface of panel.



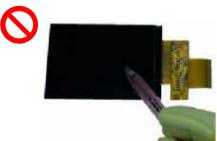
Please don't hold the surface of IC.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0° C and 35° C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped.

Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

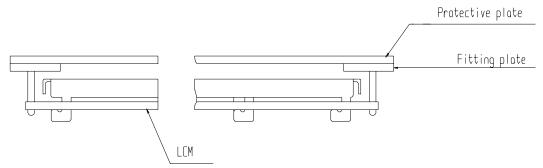
-Terminal electrode sections.

■ USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

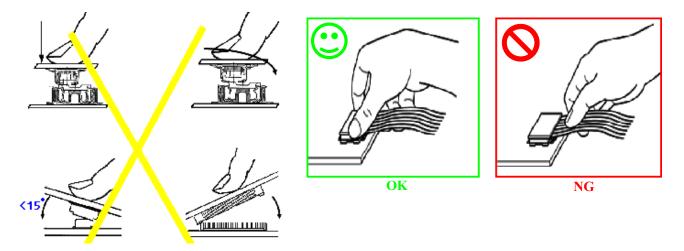
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows





Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input logic voltage before apply analog high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analog high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

Limited Warranty

Unless agreed betweenMulti-Inno and customer,Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on product. The warranty liability ofMulti-Inno limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.



Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

■ PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1. TFor Multi-Inno standard products, we keep the right to change material, process ... for improving the product property without notice on our customer.
- ⁽²⁾For OEM products, if any change needed which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- 2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.