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td DF RECORD OF REVISIONS

Revision	Date	Page	Description
01	2009/10/4	all	New Creation

1. SUMMARY

This technical specification applies to 7" TFT-LCD module with a LED Backlight unit and a 40-pin TTL interface. This module supports 800*R.G.B x 480 WVGA mode and can display 262,144 colors.

2. FEATURES

- Thin and Light Weight.
- WVGA(800x480 pixels) resolution.
- 3.3 V TTL interface

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Screen size	7"(Diagonal)	inch
Display Resolution	800 RGB x 480	pixel
Active area	152.4x91.44	mm
Dot Pitch	63.5 x 190.5	um
Pixel size	190.5 x 190.5	um
Surface treatment	Anti-glare	
Color Saturation (NTSC)	45	%
Pixel Configuration	RGB Vertical Stripe	
Outline dimension	165(W) x 104.44(H) x 6.7 (D)	mm
Weight	TBD	g
View Angle direction (Gray inversion)	6 o'clock	
Interface Type	TTL	
LCD Type	TN	
Color Depth	262,144	colors

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (GND=0V)

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	Vcc	GND=0	-0.3	6	V	-
Input logic voltage	Vi	GND=0	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	Note 1

Note 1: DCLK, DE, R0~ R5, G0~ G5, B0~ B5.

5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 Recommended Operation condition (GND=0V, Ta=25℃)

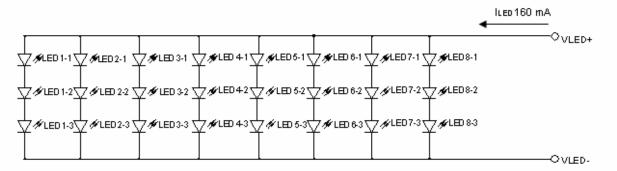
Bara	motor	Symbol		Rating	3	Unit	Condition
Faid	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Condition
Power Supp	ly Voltage	Vcc	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input logic	High Level	V _{IH}	0.7Vcc	-	Vcc	V	Note 1
voltage	Low Level	V _{IL}	0	-	0.3Vcc	V	Note 1

Note 1: DCLK, DE, R0~ R5, G0~ G5, B0~ B5.

5.2 LED Driving Conditions

Ta = 25℃ Remark Parameter Symbol Min. Unit Max. Тур. LED current **I**LED 160 mΑ Note 1 --LED voltage V_{LED} -9.9 V -LED Life Time -10,000 20,000 -Hr Note 2

Note 1 : There are 8 Groups LED shown as below , V_{LED}=9.9V , I_{LED}=160mA.



Note 2 : Brightess to be decreased to 50% of the initial value.

5.3 TFT-LCD current consumption

Parameter	Symbol		Rating	J	Unit	Condition
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
LCD power current	lcc		200	260	mA	black pattern
LED power current	I _{LED}		160	200	mA	

6. AC CHARATERISTICS

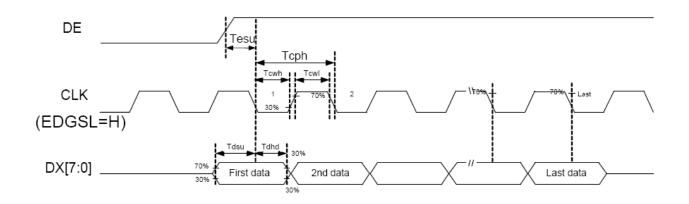
6.1 AC Electrical CHARATERISTICS

		F	Frame ra	ate range :	60Hz~65Hz
Parameter	Symbol		Unit		
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit
Data setup time	Tdsu	6	-	-	ns
Data hold time	Tdhd	6	-	-	ns
DE setup time	Tesu	6	-	-	ns
CLK frequency	Fсрн	29.40	33.26	42.48	MHz
CLK period	Тсрн	23.54	30.06	34.01	ns
CLK pulse duty	Тсwн	40	50	60	%
CLK pulse duty	TcwL	40	50	60	%
DE period	TDEH+TDEL	1000	1056	1200	Тсрн
DE pulse width	TDEH	-	800	-	Тсрн
DE frame blanking	Tdeb	10	45	110	Tdeh+Tdel
DE frame width	TDE	-	480	-	deh + Tdel

Note : We suggest using the typical value, so it can have better performance.

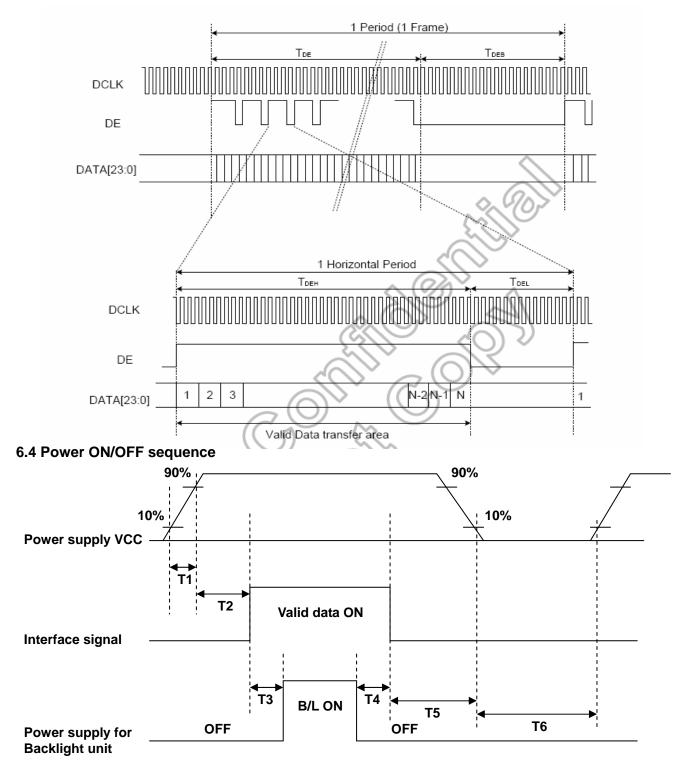
6.2 Timing Controller Timing Chart

Clock and Data input waveforms



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6.3 Data input format



Parameter		SPEC.					
Falameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit			
T1	1		2	ms			
T2	0	60		ms			
Т3	200			ms			
T4	200			ms			
T5	1			ms			
T6	1000			ms			

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7. OPTICAL CHARATERISTIC

ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Brightnes	Brightness			300	320	-	cd/m ²	Center of display
Response t	imo	Tr	Viewing	-	5	10	.ms	Note 3,5
	ine	Tf	normal	-	11	16	.ms	Note 5,5
Contrast ra	itio	CR	angle $\theta = \phi = 0$	250	400	-	-	Note 4,5
Color	White	Wx		0.249	0.299	0.349		Note 2,6,7
Chromaticity	vinite	Wy		0.278	0.328	0.378	-	NOLE 2,0,7
	Hor.	θR		60	70	-		
	ewing angle	θL	CR≥10	60	70	-	Dog	Note 1
		ϕ T	UN≦10	50	60	-	Deg.	NOLE I
	vel.	ϕB		60	70	-		

Note 1: Definition of viewing angle range

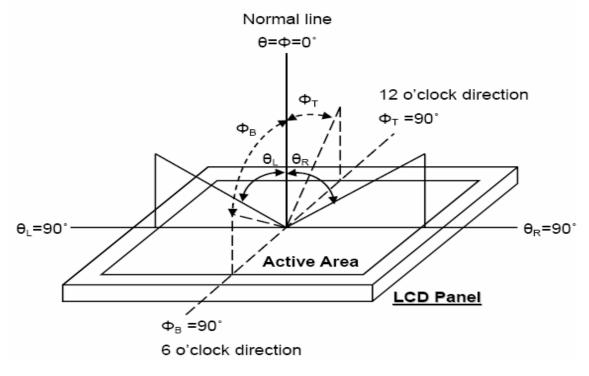


Fig. 7-1 Definition of viewing angle

Note 2: Test equipment setup:

After stabilizing and leaving the panel alone at a driven temperature for 10 minutes, the measurement should be executed. Measurement should be executed in a stable, windless, and dark room. Optical specifications are measured by Topcon BM-7 luminance meter 1.0° field of view at a distance of 50cm and normal direction.

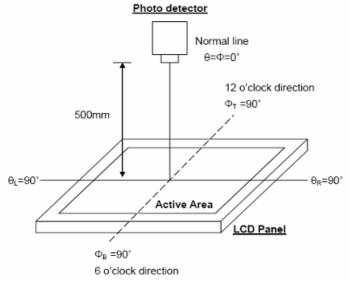
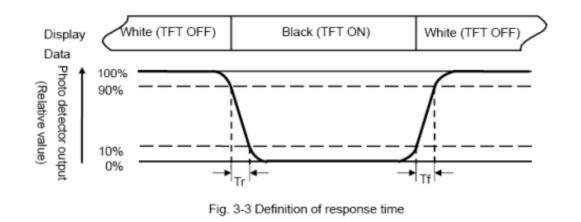


Fig.7-2 Optical measurement system setup

Note 3: Definition of Response time:

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White state and "Black" state. Rise time, Tr, is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time, Tf, is the time between photo detector output Intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio: The contrast ratio is defined as the following expression.

Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state

Contrast ratio (CR)=

Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state

Note 5: White Vi = $V_{i50} \pm 1.5V$ Black Vi = $V_{i50} \pm 2.0V$ " \pm " means that the analog input signal swings in phase with VCOM signal. " \pm " means that the analog input signal swings out of phase with VCOM signal. The 100% transmission is defined as the transmission of LCD panel when all the input terminals of module are electrically opened. Note 6: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE 1931) Color coordinates measured at the center point of LCD

Note 7: Measured at the center area of the panel when all the input terminals of LCD panel are electrically opened.

Note 8 : Uniformity (U) = $\frac{\text{Brightness (min)}}{\text{Brightness (max)}} \times 100\%$

8. INTERFACE

8.1a LCM PIN Definition

	W FIN Deminion		
Pin No.	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	GND	Power Ground	
2	GND	Power Ground	
3	NC	Not Connect	
4	Vcc	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
5	Vcc	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
6	Vcc	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
7	Vcc	Power Supply for Digital Circuit	
8	NC	Not Connect	
9	DE	Data Enable	
10	GND	Power Ground	
11	GND	Power Ground	
12	GND	Power Ground	
13	B5	Blue Data 5 (MSB)	
14	B4	Blue Data 4	
15	B3	Blue Data 3	
16	GND	Power Ground	
17	B2	Blue Data 2	
18	B1	Blue Data 1	
19	B0	Blue Data 0 (LSB)	
20	GND	Power Ground	
21	G5	Green Data 5 (MSB)	
22	G4	Green Data 4	
23	G3	Green Data 3	
24	GND	Power Ground	
25	G2	Green Data 2	
26	G1	Green Data 1	
27	G0	Green Data 0 (LSB)	
28	GND	Power Ground	
29	R5	Red Data 5 (MSB)	
30	R4	Red Data 4	
31	R3	Red Data 3	
32	GND	Power Ground	
33	R2	Red Data 2	
34	R1	Red Data 1	
35	R0	Red Data 0 (LSB)	
36	GND	Power Ground	
37	GND	Power Ground	
38	DCLK	Clock Signals ; Latch Data at the Falling Edge	
39	GND	Power Ground	
40	GND	Power Ground	

Note: User's connector part number is **PF050-40ZSG-F09-S** manufactured by UJU or equivalent.

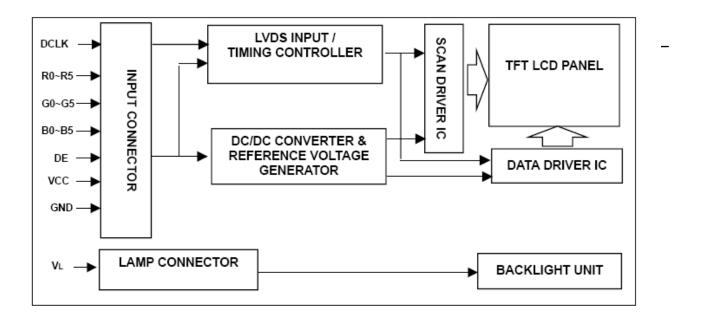
8.1 b T P PIN Definition

PIN	OUT
1	X-
2	Y-
3	X+
4	Y+

8.2 Backlight Driving Part

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VLED+	Red, LED_ Anode
2	VLED-	White, LED_ Cathode

Note: The backlight interface connector is a model **BHSR-02VS-1**manufactured by JST or equivalent. The matching connector part number is **SM02B-BHSS-1-TB** manufactured by JST or equivalent.



LED CONNECTOR

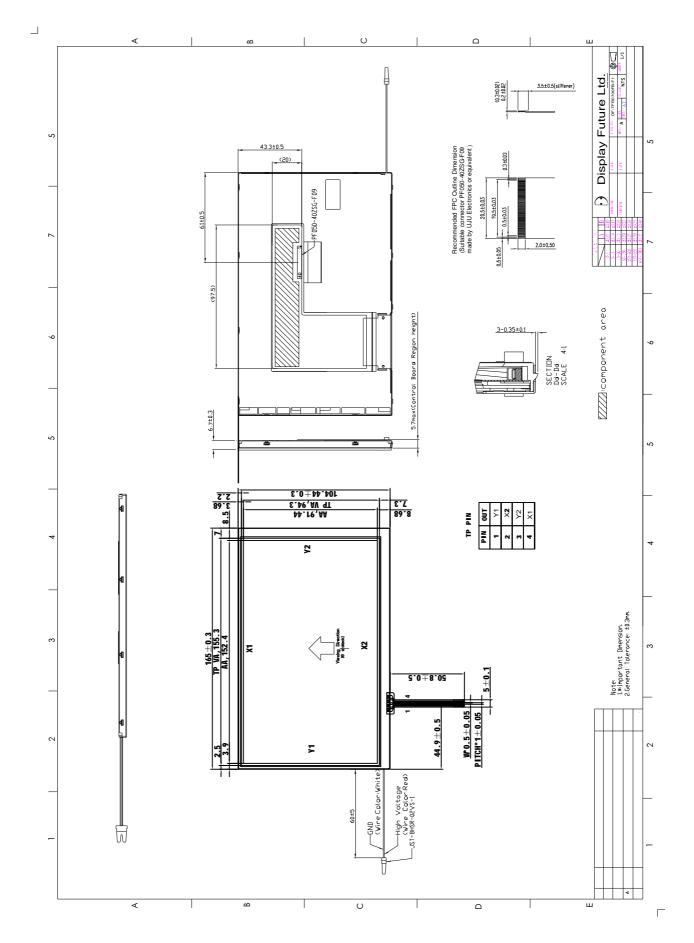
10. QUALITY ASSURANCE

No.	Test Items	Test Condition	REMARK
1	High Temperature Storage Test	Ta=80 [°] C Dry 240h	
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	Ta=-30℃ Dry 240h	
3	High Temperature Operation Test	Ta=70℃ Dry 240h	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	Ta=-20℃ Dry 240h	
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	Ta=60°∁ 90%RH 240h	
6	Electro Static Discharge Test	150pF, 330Ω,±8KV(Contact)/± 15KV(Air), 5 points/panel, 5 times/point	
7	Shock Test (non-operating)	Half sine wave, 180G, 2ms one shock of each six faces (I.e. run 180G 2ms for all six faces)	
8	Vibration Test (non-operating)	Sine wave, 10 ~ 500 ~ 10Hz, 1.5G, 0.37oct/min 3 axis, 1hour/axis	
9	Thermal Shock Test	-20°C (0.5h) ~ 70°C (0.5h) / 100 cycles(Dry)	

***** Ta= Ambient Temperature

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11. OUTLINE DRAWING



Inspection Standard

Defects are classified as major defects and minor defects according to the degree of defectiveness defined herein.

If the Customer has other agreements with Display Future Ltd for standards, please refer to that agreement.

Inspection Condition

Room Temperature: 25±5°C. Humidity: 65±5% RH. Illumination: 300 ~ 700 Lux. Distance:35±5 cm

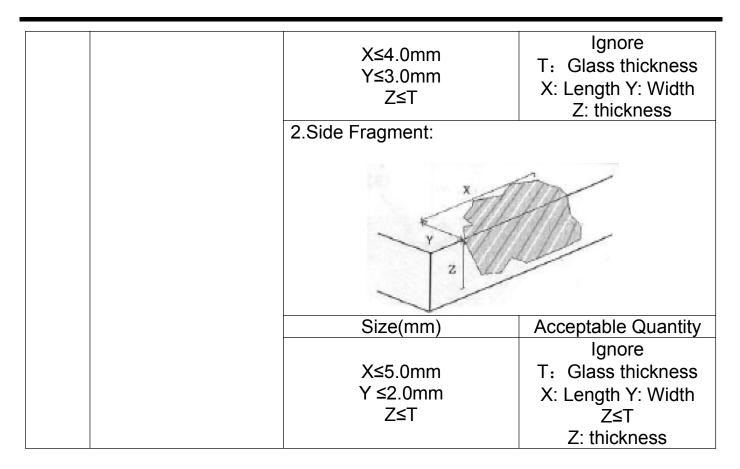
Major defect.

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	
1	All functional defects	 No display Display abnormally Short circuit 4) line defect 	
2	missing	Missing function component	
3	Crack	Glass Crack	

Minor defect.

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection standard	
		For dark/white spot is defined:	
1	Spot Defect Including Black spot White spot Pinhole	$\varphi = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) / 2$ $\xrightarrow{\mathbf{X}} \underbrace{\mathbf{x}}_{\mathbf{x}} \underbrace{\mathbf{y}}_{\mathbf{x}}$	
	Foreign particle	Size φ(mm)	Size φ(mm)
	Polarizer dirt	φ≤0.15	Ignore
		0.15 < φ≤0.30	3
		0.30 < φ	Not allowed

	I	1			
		Define:	1.00		
	Line Defect	_		Width	
	Line Defect	Le	ength		
2	Including Black line				
2	White line	Width(mm) Length(mm)		Acceptable Quantity	
	Scratch	W≤0.03		Ignore	
		0.03 < W≤0.05 L ≤	≤ 4.0	3	
		0.03 < W≤0.08 L ≤		1	
		0.08 < W L>4.0		Not allowed	
		Width(mm) Length(mm)		Acceptable Quantity	
	Polarizer Dent/Bubble	φ≤0.25		Ignore	
3		0.2<Φ≤0.3		3	
		0.3<Φ≤0.5		1	
		0.5 < φ		0	
Bright and Black de			t define:		
	Electrical Dot Defect	克點			
4					
4.		Inspection pattern: Full white Full black Red			
		Inspection pattern: Full white、Full black、Red、 green and blue screens			
		Item Acceptable Qua		antity	
			l area	O area	Total
		Black dot defect	1	3	3
		Bright dot defect	1	1	1
		Total Dot	2	4	4
		1.Corner Fragment:			
			1	1	
	Glass defect		X _{I_} ↓	-y	
5		- ₹_		1	
			5		
			1		
				A	<u> </u>
		Size(mm)		Acceptable	Quantity



Note:

1. Dot defect is defined as the defective area of the dot area is larger than 50% of the dot area.

2. The distance between two bright dot defects (red, green, blue, and white) should be larger than 15mm.

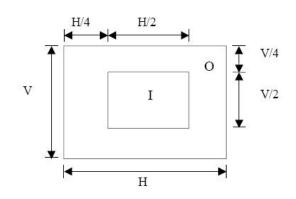
3. The distance between black dot defects or black and bright dot defects should be more than 5mm apart.

4. The definitions of the inner display area

And outer display area

I: Inner display area

O: Outer display area



PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

(1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.

(2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.

(3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).

(4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.

(5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents

- Isopropyl alcohol

- Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

(6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.

- Water

- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

(7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

(8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.

(9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.

(10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.

(11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

(12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.

- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential

- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

(13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.

- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.

- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.

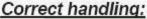
- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.

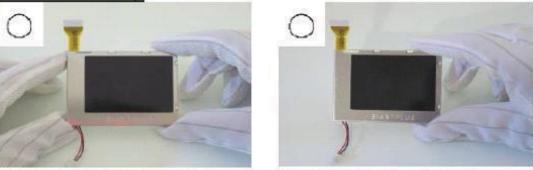
- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.

- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!



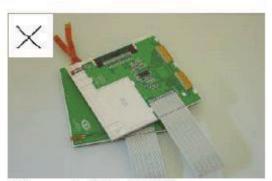


As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

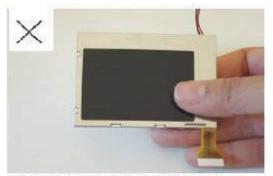
Incorrect handling:



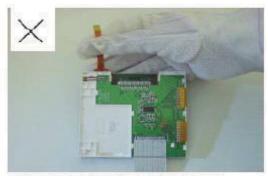
Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



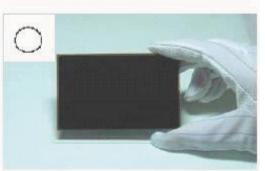
Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.

Handling precaution for LCD

LCD is easy to be damaged. Please note below and be careful for handling!

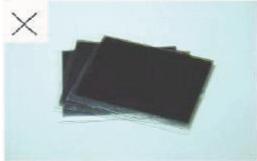
Correct handling:





As above photo, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCD edges.

Incorrect handling:



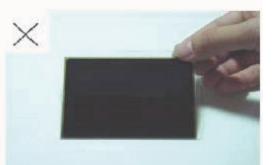
Please don't stack the LCDS.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't hold the surface of LCD.



Please don't touch ITO glass without anti-static gloves.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

(1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.

(2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.

(3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

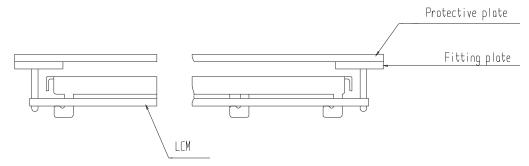
-Terminal electrode sections.

USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

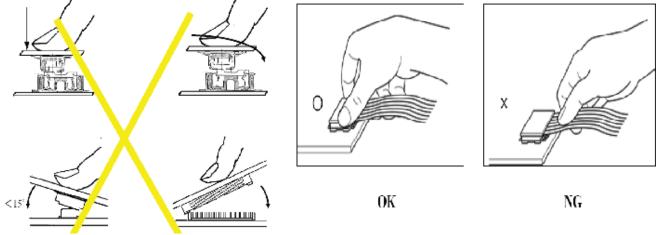
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time : 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

(1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

(2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.

(3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

(1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.

(2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.

(3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.

(4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.

(5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature,50%RH or less is required.

(6) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

(7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

Safety

(1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.

(2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

Limited Warranty

Unless agreed otherwise between Display Future Ltd and customer, Display Future will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned within 90 days of the shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on the product.

The warranty liability of Display Future limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Display Future will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

1. (1) For Display Future standard products, we keep the right to change material and processes for improving the product, without notice to our customers.

⁽²⁾For OEM products, if any change is needed, which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.

2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.

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