

LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model: DF-TFC0283FB-M1

This module uses ROHS materials

For customer acceptance

	_	
Customer		date
Approved		
Comments		

The standard product specification may change without prior notice in order to improve performance or quality. Please contact Display Future Ltd for updated specification and product status before design for the standard product or release of the order.

Revision	1.0
Engineering	
Date	2018/01/4
Our Reference	

REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
1.0	2018-01-04	First Release	

CONTENTS

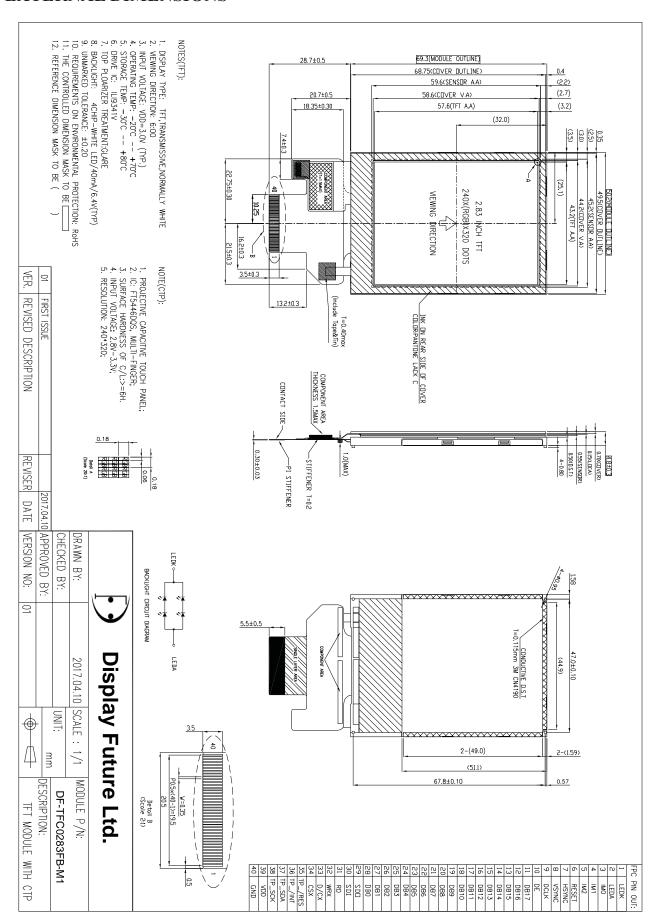
- GENERAL INFORMATION
- EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS
- ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
- ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS
- ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- INTERFACE DESCRIPTION
- APPLICATION NOTES
- RELIABILITY TEST
- INSPECTION CRITERION
- PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES
- PACKING SPECIFICATION
- PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

■ GENERAL INFORMATION

Item	Contents	Unit
LCD type	TFT/Transmissive/Positive	/
Size	2.83	Inch
Viewing direction	6:00 (without image inversion and least brightness change)	O' Clock
Gray scale inversion direction	12:00(contrast peak located at)	O' Clock
$LCM(W \times H \times D)$	50.20×69.30×4.80	mm ³
Active area (W×H)	43.20×57.60	mm ²
Pixel pitch (W×H)	0.18×0.18	mm ²
Number of dots	240 (RGB) × 320	/
Driver IC	ILI9341V	/
Backlight type	4 LEDs	/
Interface type	(1) 3-/4-wire SPI (2) 6-/16-/18-bit RGB (3) 8-/9-/16-18-bit parallel CPU	/
Color depth	65K/262K	/
Pixel configuration	R.G.B vertical stripe	/
Top polarizer surface treatment	Glare	/
Input voltage	3.0	V
With/Without TSP	With CTP	/
TP surface treatment	TBD	/
Weight	TBD	g

Note 1: RoHS compliant; Note 2: LCM weight tolerance: \pm 5%.

■ EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS



■ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	-0.3	3.6	V
Operatingtemperature	Top	-20	70	°C
Storagetemperature	TST	-30	80	°C

■ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply voltage	VDD	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Inputvoltage'H'level	VIH	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V
Inputvoltage'L'level	VIL	GND	-	0.3VDD	V
Outputvoltage'H'level	VOH	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V
Outputvoltage'L'leve	VOL	GND	-	0.2VDD	V

■ BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Forward voltage	Vf	-	6.4	6.8	V	Ta=25±2°C,
Forward current	If	_	40	_	mA	,
Power consumption	WBL	-	256	-	mW	60%RH±5%
Operating life time	-	30000	40000	-	Hrs	

Note:

Operating life time means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness;

The life time of LED will be reduced if LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature and humidity conditions;

Typical operating life time is an estimated data.

■ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time	Tr +Tf		-	25	30	ms	Fig.1	4
Contrastratio	Cr	θ=0°	400	500	-		FIG 2.	1
Luminance uniformity	δ WHITE	Ø=0° Ta=25℃	80	90	-	%	FIG 2.	3
Surface Luminance	Lv	1 a-23 C	158	255	-	cd/m ²	FIG 2.	2
		Ø = 90°	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	
Viewing angle vange	θ	Ø = 270°	-	57	-	deg	FIG 3.	6
Viewing angle range	U	Ø = 0°	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.	"
		Ø = 180°	-	70	-	deg	FIG 3.]
	Red x		0.5868	0.6368	0.6868			
	Red y		0.2829	0.3329	0.3829			
	Green x	θ=0°	0.2897	0.3397	0.3897			
CIE (x, y) chromaticity	Green y		0.5638	0.6138	0.6638		FIG 2.	5
	Blue x	Ø=0°	0.0933	0.1433	0.1933		110 2.	5
	Blue y	Ta=25℃	0.0307	0.0807	0.1307			
	White x		0.2386	0.2886	0.3386			
	White y		0.2694	0.3194	0.3694			
NTSC Ratio	S		55	67	-	%		

Note 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as For more information see FIG 2.:

Contrast Ratio = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels (P₁,P₂, P₃,P₄, P₅)

Average Surface Luminance with all black pixels (P₁, P₂, P₃,P₄, P₅)

Note 2. Surface luminance is the LCD surface from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels $(P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)$

Note 3. The uniformity in surface luminance , δ WHITE is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then dividing the maximum luminance of 5 points luminance by minimum luminance of 5 points luminance. For more information see FIG 2.

 $\delta \text{ WHITE} = \frac{\text{Minimum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}{\text{Maximum Surface Luminance with all white pixels } (P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5)}$

Note 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from White to black(Rise Time, Tr) and from black to white(Decay Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 1. The test equipment is Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series

Note 5. CIE (x, y) chromaticity, The x,y value is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through 5, and then make average value

Note 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 2. For TFT module the conrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

Note 7. For Viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope. Series Instruments. For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE The test data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 photo detector.

Note 8. For TFT module, Gray scale reverse occurs in the direction of panel viewing angle.

FIG.1. The definition of Response Time

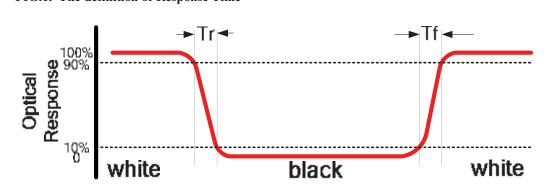


FIG.2. Measuring method for Contrast ratio, surface luminance, Luminance uniformity, CIE (x, y) chromaticity

A: 5 mm

B:5 mm

H,V: Active Area

Light spot size ∅=5mm, 500mm distance from the

LCD surface to detector lens

measurement instrument is TOPCON's luminance

meter BM-5

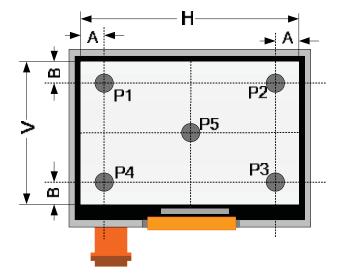
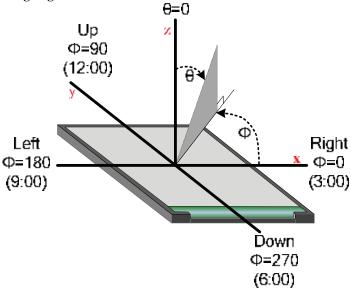


FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle



■ INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description
1	LEDK	P	Cathode of LED backlight
2	LEDA	P	Anode of LED backlight
3	IM0	I	Select Interface Mode; Please see Note 1
4	IM1	I	Select Interface Mode; Please see Note 1
5	IM2	I	Select Interface Mode; Please see Note 1
6	RESET	I	Reset signal input for TFT, Active low
7	HSYNC	I	Line Synchronizing Singnal For RGB Interface Operation Fix to VDD or VSS Level When not in use
8	VSYNC	I	Frame Synchronizing Singnal For RGB Interface Operation Fix to VDD or VSS Level When not in use
9	DCLK	I	Dot Clock Signal For RGB Interface Operation Fix to VDD or VSS Level When not in use
10	DE	I/O	Data enable Singnal For RGB Interface Operation Fix to VDD or VSS Level When not in use
11	DB17	I/O	Data Bus[MSB]
12	DB16	I/O	Data Bus
13	DB15	I/O	Data Bus
14	DB14	I/O	Data Bus
15	DB13	I/O	Data Bus
16	DB12	I/O	Data Bus
17	DB11	I/O	Data Bus
18	DB10	I/O	Data Bus
19	DB9	I/O	Data Bus
20	DB8	I/O	Data Bus
21	DB7	I/O	Data Bus
22	DB6	I/O	Data Bus
23	DB5	I/O	Data Bus
24	DB4	I/O	Data Bus
25	DB3	I/O	Data Bus
26	DB2	I/O	Data Bus
27	DB1	I/O	Data Bus
28	DB0	I/O	Data Bus[LSB]
29	SDO	О	Serial output signal. The data is outputted on the falling edge of the SCL signal If not used, open this pin
30	SDI	I	Serial Input Signal The data is applied on the rising edge of the SCL signal If not used, fix this pin at VDDI or VSS.
31	RD	I	Serves as a read signal and MCU read data at the rising edge Fix to VDD level when not in use
32	WRX	I	Serves as a write signal and writes data at the rising edge - 4-line system (D/CX): Serves as command or parameter select Fix to VDD level when not in use.

33	D/CX	I	This pin is used to select "Data or Command" in the parallel interface or 4-wire 8-bit serial data interface When DCX = '1', data is selected When DCX = '0', command is selected This pin is used serial interface clock in 3-wire 9-bit / 4-wire 8-bit serial data interface If not used, this pin should be connected to VDD or VSS
34	CSX	I	Chip select input pin ("Low" enable) This pin can be permanently fixed "Low" in MPU interface mode only
35	TP_RES	I	Reset signal input for CTP, Active low
36	TP_INT	P	Interrupt signal to host from CTP
37	TP_SDA	I/O	I2C data signal for CTP
38	TP_SCK	I	I2C clock input for CTP
39	VDD	P	Power supply
40	GND	P	Ground

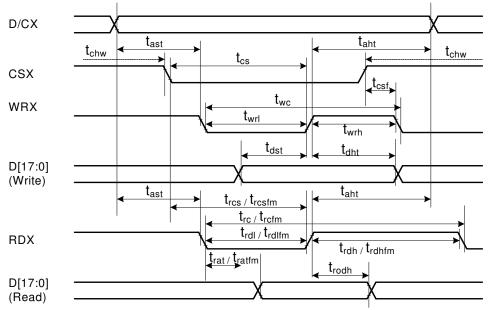
NOTE1:

IM2	IM1	IMO	MCU-Interface Mode	Pins in use				
IIVIZ	IIVII	IIVIO	MOO-Interface Mode	Register/Content	GRAM			
0	0	0	8080 MCU 16-bit bus interface $\scriptstyle II$	D[8:1]	D[17:10],D[8:1],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX			
0	0	1	8080 MCU 8-bit bus interface Ⅱ	D[17:10]	D[17:10],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX			
0	1	0	8080 MCU 18-bit bus interface Ⅱ	D[8:1]	D[17:0],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX			
0	1	1	8080 MCU 9-bit bus interface $\scriptstyle II$	D[17:10]	D[17:9],WRX,RDX,CSX,D/CX			
1	0	1	3-wire 9-bit data serial interface $ {\rm I\hspace{1em}I}$	SCL,SDI,SDO, CSX				
1	1	0	4-wire 8-bit data serial interface $ { m II} $	SCL,SDI,D/CX,SDO, CSX				

■ APPLICATION NOTES

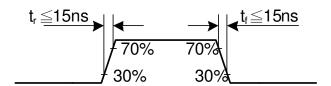
1. AC Characteristics

1.1 Display Parallel 18/16/9/8-bit Interface Timing Characteristics(8080- II system)

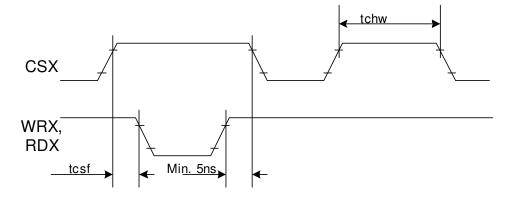


Signal	Symbo I	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
DCX	tast	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
DCX	taht	Address hold time (Write/Read)	0	-	ns	
	tchw	CSX "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	tcs	Chip Select setup time (Write)	15	-	ns	
CSX	trcs	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	trcsfm	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	tcsf	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	twc	Write cycle	66	-	ns	
WRX	twrh	Write Control pulse H duration	15	-	ns	
	twrl	Write Control pulse L duration	15	-	ns	
	trcfm	Read Cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	trdhfm	Read Control H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	trdlfm	Read Control L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
	trc	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	trdh	Read Control pulse H duration	90	-	ns	
	trdl	Read Control pulse L duration	45	-	ns	
D[47.0]	tdst	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[17:0],	tdht	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	For maximum CL 20nF
D[17:10]&D[8:1], D[17:10],	trat	Read access time	-	40	ns	For maximum CL=30pF For minimum CL=8pF
D[17:10], D[17:9]	tratfm	Read access time	-	340	ns	To minimum oc=opr
5[17.3]	trod	Read output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 °C, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, VSS=0V.

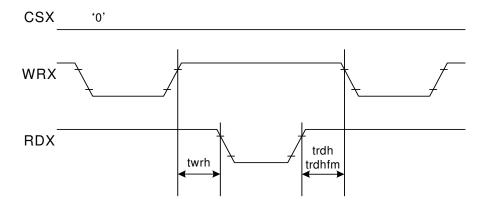


CSX timings:



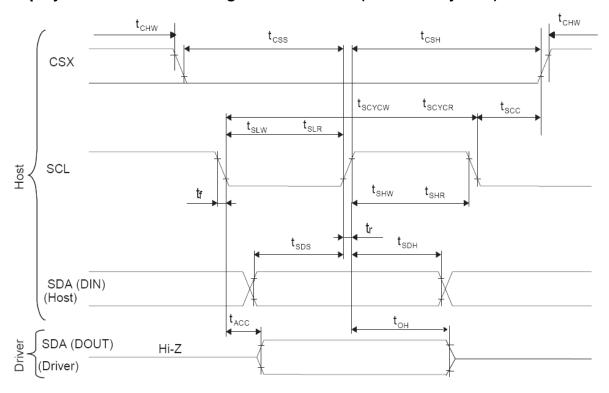
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

Write to read or read to write timings:



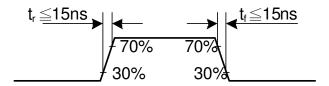
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals.

1.2 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (3-line SPI system)

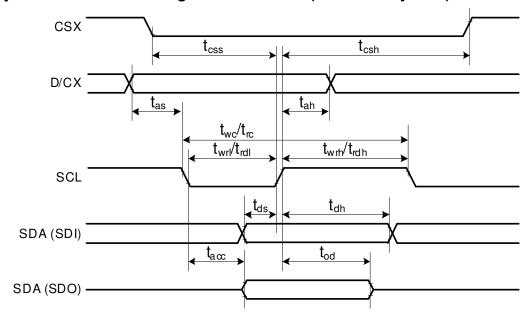


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
	tscycw	Serial Clock Cycle (Write)	100	-	ns	
	tshw	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SCL	tslw	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SOL	tscycr	Serial Clock Cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	tshr	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	tslr	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Read)	60	-	ns	
SDA / SDI	tsds	Data setup time (Write)	30	-	ns	
(Input)	tsdh	Data hold time (Write)	30	-	ns	
SDA / SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	-	ns	
(Output)	toh	Output disable time (Read)	10	50	ns	
	tscc	SCL-CSX	20	-	ns	
CSX	tchw	CSX "H" Pulse Width	40	-	ns	
CSX	tcss	CSX-SCL Time	60	-	ns	
	tcsh	COA-SOL TIME	65	-	ns	

Note: Ta = 25 °C, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, AGND=VSS=0V

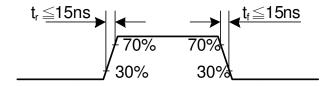


1.3 Display Serial Interface Timing Characteristics (4-line SPI system)

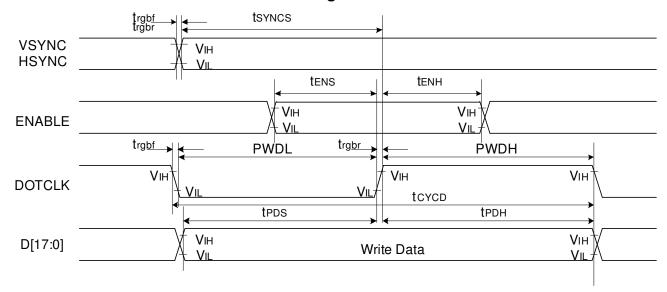


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
CSX	tcss	Chip select time (Write)	40	-	ns	
CSX	tcsh	Chip select hold time (Read)	40	-	ns	
	twc	Serial clock cycle (Write)	100	-	ns	
	twrh	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SCL	twrl	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	40	-	ns	
SCL	trc	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150	-	ns	
	trdh	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
	trdl	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60	-	ns	
D/CX	tas	D/CX setup time	10	-		
D/GX	tah	D/CX hold time (Write / Read)	10	-		
SDA / SDI	tds	Data setup time (Write)	30	-	ns	
(Input)	tdh	Data hold time (Write)	30	-	ns	
SDA / SDO	tacc	Access time (Read)	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
(Output)	tod	Output disable time (Read)	10	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

Note: Ta = 25 °C, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, AGND=VSS=0V

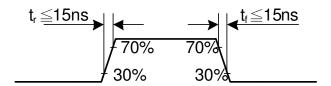


1.4 Parallel 18/16/6-bit RGB Interface Timing Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
VSYNC /	tsyncs	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	
HSYNC	tsynch	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENS}	DE setup time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENH}	DE hold time	15	-	ns	
D[17:0]	t _{POS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	18/16-bit bus RGB
D[17.0]	t _{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	interface mode
	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level period	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level period	15	-	ns	
DOTCER	tcycd	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns	
	t _{rgbr} , t _{rgbf}	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	
VSYNC /	tsyncs	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	
HSYNC	tsynch	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENS}	DE setup time	15	-	ns	
DE	t _{ENH}	DE hold time	15	-	ns	
D[17:0]	t _{POS}	Data setup time	15	-	ns	6-bit bus RGB
[ט.7.0]	t _{PDH}	Data hold time	15	-	ns	interface mode
	PWDH	DOTCLK high-level pulse period	15	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK low-level pulse period	15	-	ns	
DOTOLK	t _{CYCD}	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns	
	t _{rgbr} , t _{rgbf}	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns	

Note: Ta = -30 to 70 °C, VDDI=1.65V to 3.3V, VCI=2.5V to 3.3V, AGND=VSS=0V



INSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

Regulative Command Set				D 1 = -									T
Command Function	D/CX		WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	He
No Operation	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	001
Software Reset	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	011
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	041
Read Display Identification	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Χ	XX
Information	1	1	1	XX				ID1 [XX
	1	1	1	XX				ID2 [7:0]				XX
	1	1	1	XX			ı	ID3 [7:0]				XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	09ł
	1	1	1	XX	Х	X	Х	X	X	X	X	Χ	XX
Read Display Status	1	1	1	XX			D	[31:25]				Χ	00
ricad Biopidy Otaldo	1	1	1	XX	X		D [22:20]		D [1	9:16]		61
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х	Х		D [10:8]		00
	1	1	1	XX		D [7:5]		Х	Х	Х	X	Χ	00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0Ał
Read Display Power Mode	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Χ	Х	X	X	Χ	XX
	1	1	1	XX			D [7	:2]			0	0	08
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0Bł
Read Display MADCTL	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Χ	X	Х	X	Χ	XX
	1	1	1	XX			D [7	:2]	ı		0	0	00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0Cl
Read Display Pixel Format	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Χ	XX
	1	1	1	XX	RIM		DPI [2:0		Х		DBI [2:0]		06
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0Dł
Read Display Image Format	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Χ	XX
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	Х		D [2:0]		00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0Eł
Read Display Signal Mode	1	1	1	XX	X	X	Х	Х	Х	X	X	Χ	XX
	1	1	1	XX			D [7	:2]			0	0	00
Dood Diapley Calf Diagnostic	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0Fh
Read Display Self-Diagnostic Result	1	1	1	XX	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	XX
nesuit	1	1	1	XX	D [7	:6]	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	00
Enter Sleep Mode	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10h
Sleep OUT	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11h
Partial Mode ON	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	12h
Normal Display Mode ON	0	1	1	XX	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	13h
Display Inversion OFF	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20h
Display Inversion ON	0	1	↑	XX	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	21h
Commo Cot	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	26h
Gamma Set	1	1	1	XX				GC [7:0]				01
Display OFF	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	28h
Display ON	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	29h
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2Ał
	1	1	1	XX				SC [1	5:8]				XX
Column Address Set	1	1	↑	XX				SC [XX
	1	1	†	XX				EC [1					XX
	1	1	†	XX				EC [XX
	0	1	†	XX	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	2Bł
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX				SP [1					XX
Page Address Set	1	1	 	XX				SP [7					XX
			1 1 1		1			J. [. •]				1 ///
i age Address det	1	1	1	XX				EP [1	5:81				XX

	_			V//		_	_			_	_		001
Memory Write	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1 -	0	1	1	0	0	2Ch
	1	1	1	V/V				17:0]		_		_	XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2Dh
	1	1	1	XX						00 [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						nn [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						31 [5:0]			XX
Color SET	1	1	1	XX						00 [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						nn [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						64 [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						00 [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						nn [5:0]			XX
	1	1	1	XX						31 [5:0]			XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	2Eh
Memory Read	1	1	1	XX	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1					[17:0]	1		I	1	XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30h
	1	1	1	XX					R [15:8]				00
Partial Area	1	1	1	XX					R [7:0]				00
	1	1	1	XX				E	₹ [15:8]				01
	1	1	1	XX				E	R [7:0]		1		3F
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33h
	1	1	1	XX					A [15:8]				00
	1	1	1	XX				T	A [7:0]				00
Vertical Scrolling Definition	1	1	1	XX				VS	A [15:8]				01
	1	1	1	XX				V	SA [7:0]				40
	1	1	1	XX				BF	A [15:8]				00
	1	1	1	XX				В	A [7:0]				00
Tearing Effect Line OFF	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	34h
Tearing Effect Line ON	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	35h
rearing Effect Life ON	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	X	М	00
Memory Access Control	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	36h
Memory Access Control	1	1	1	XX	MY	MX	MV	ML	BGR	MH	Х	Х	00
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	37h
Vertical Scrolling Start Address	1	1	1	XX				VS	P [15:8]				00
	1	1	1	XX				V:	SP [7:0]				00
Idle Mode OFF	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38h
Idle Mode ON	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	39h
5	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	3Ah
Pixel Format Set	1	1	1	XX	Х		DPI [2:0]	Х		DBI [2:0)]	66
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3Ch
Write Memory Continue	1	1	1					[17:0]	•			•	XX
	0	1	1	XX	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3Eh
Read Memory Continue	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	<u> </u>	1) [17:0]			•		XX
	0	1	<u> </u>	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44h
Set Tear Scanline	1	1		XX	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	STS [8]	00
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX					TS [7:0]			, - · - [•]	00
	0	1	<u></u>	XX	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45h
	1	<u>,</u>	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
Get Scanline	1	<u> </u>	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X		S [9:8]	00
	1	 	1	XX	<u> </u>				TS [7:0]		,	- [U.U]	00
	0	1	<u>'</u>	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	51h
Write Display Brightness	1	1	<u> </u>	XX	"	1	U		3V [7:0]		1 0	<u> </u>	00
	_ '	<u> </u>						וט	[٥.١] ٧ د				1 00

			_										
	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	52h
Read Display Brightness	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Χ	X	XX
	1	1	1	XX				DBV	[7:0]				00
Write CTRL Display	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	53h
White OTHE Display	1	1	↑	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	Х	Х	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	54h
Read CTRL Display	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	BCTRL	Х	DD	BL	Х	Х	00
Write Content Adaptive	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	55h
Brightness Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	C[1:0]	00
5 10	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	56h
Read Content Adaptive Brightness Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
Drighthess Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	CI	1:0]	00
Write CABC Minimum	0	1	1	XX	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	5Eh
Brightness	1	1	<u> </u>	XX				СМЕ	3 [7:0]	•	•	•	00
	0	1	↑	XX	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	5Fh
Read CABC Minimum Brightness	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
brightness	1	1	1	XX				СМЕ	3 [7:0]	1	1		00
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	DAh
Read ID1	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX			Modu	ıle's Maı	nufactur	e [7:0]	1		XX
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	DBh
Read ID2	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	XX
	1	 	1	XX			LCD Mo	dule / Di	river Ver	sion [7:0)]		XX
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	DCh
Read ID3	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	XX
	1	 	1	XX		,		1					XX
		1 ↑ 1 XX LCD Module / Driver ID [7:0] X											

Extended Command Set													
Command Function	D/CX	RDX	WRX	D17-8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Hex
RGB Interface	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	B0h
Signal Control	1	1	1	XX	ByPass_MODE	RCM	[1:0]	Х	VSPL	HSPL	DPL	EPL	40
Fuerra Cantual	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	B1h
Frame Control (In Normal Mode)	1	1	1	XX	X	Χ	Х	Х	X	Х	DIVA	[1:0]	00
(III Normal Mode)	1	1	1	XX	X	Χ	Х		F	RTNA [4:0	0]		1B
Fuerra Cantual	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	B2h
Frame Control (In Idle Mode)	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	X	Х	DIVB [1:0]		00
(in idle Mode)	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Χ		F	RTNB [4:0	0]		1B
Fuerra Cantual	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	B3h
Frame Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Х	DIVC	[1:0]	00
(In Partial Mode)	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Х		RTNC [4:0]				1B
Diamles Instantian Control	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	B4h
Display Inversion Control	1	1	1	XX	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	NLA	NLB	NLC	02
	0	1	↑	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	B5h
	1	1	1	XX	0				VFP [6:	.0]			02
Blanking Porch Control	1	1	1	XX	0				VBP [6:	:0]			02
	1	1	1	XX	0	0	0			HFP [4:0)]		0A
	1	1	\downarrow	XX	0	0	0			HBP [4:0)]		14

	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	B6h
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	PTG	i [1:0]	PT	[1:0]	0A
Display Function Control	1	1	1	XX	REV	GS	SS	SM		18	SC [3:0]		82
	1	1	1	XX	X	X				NL [5:0]			27
	1	1	1	XX	X	X		T	PO	CDIV [5:0	0]		XX
Entry Mode Set	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	B7ł
Entry Mode Got	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	DSTB	GON	DTE	GAS	07
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	B8ł
Backlight Control 1	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	Х	XX
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х			L_UI [3:0]	1	04
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	B9ł
Backlight Control 2	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	X	X	Х	X	Х	X	XX
	1	1	1	XX		TH_MV					_ST [3:0]	1	B8
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	BAr
Backlight Control 3	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	XX
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	Х	Х			H_UI [3:0]	T	04
	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	BBh
Backlight Control 4	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
	1	1	1	XX		DTH_M\					H_ST [3:0]		C9
D	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	BCł
Backlight Control 5	1	1	1	XX	X	X				X	XX		
	1	1	1	XX		DIM2			X		DIM1 [2:		44
Backlight Control 7	0	1	1	XX	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	BEh
	1	1	1	XX			Ι.,		1_DIV [7			Ι ,	0F
Backlight Control 8	0	1	Î	XX	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	BFh
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X			LEDPWMOPL	00
Power Control 1	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	0	0	(D) (5.0)	0	0	C0h
	1	1	1	XX	X	X		0		/RH [5:0]			26
Power Control 2	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	C1h
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	X	0 X		BT [2:		00
VCOM Control 1	0	1	↑ ↑	XX	1 X	1	0	0	VMH	1 [6:0]	0	1	C5h
VCOIVI CONTROL I	1	1	1	XX	X				VML				31 3C
	0	1	<u> </u>	XX	1	1	0	0	0	[6.0] 1	1	1	C7h
VCOM Control 2	1	1	<u> </u>	XX	nVM	-	U	U	VMF		ı		C0
	0	1	_	XX		1	0	1		0.01	0	0	DOF
NV Memory Write	1	1	<u> </u>		1 X	1 X	0 X	1 X	0 X			0 10:01	
NV Memory Write	1	1	<u> </u>	XX		_ ^			 _DATA [GM_ADR	[2.0]	00 XX
	0	1	<u> </u>		1	1	0			7.0 <u>]</u> 0	0	1	D1h
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX	'	1 1	U	1 KE	0 Y [23:16		ı U	1	55
NV Memory Protection Key	1	1	<u> </u>	XX					Y [15:8]				AA
	1	1	1	XX					EY [7:0]				66
	0	1	<u> </u>	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	D2h
	1	1 ↑	1	XX	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
NV Memory Status Read	1	1	1	XX	X		_CNT		X		D1_CNT [XX
	1	<u> </u>	1	XX	BUSY		CNT		X		D3_CNT [XX
		\perp		^^	1 0001	I VIVIE	_ON I	ر∠.∪ا	_ ^	l	DO_CIAL	[∠.∪]	_^^

	1				1				1				
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	D3h
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	XX
Read ID4	1	1	1	XX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00
	1	1	1	XX	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	93
	1	1	1	XX	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	E0h
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP	0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х			VP1 [5	:0]			0E
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х			VP2 [5				12
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х			4 [3:0]		05
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х		V	P6 [4	:01		03
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х		VP1	13 [3:0]		09
Positive Gamma	1	1	<u></u>	XX	Х				P20 [6:0]		- []		47
Correction	1	1	1	XX		VP36	[3:0]	•	20 [0.0]	VP2	27 [3:0]		86
3030	1	1	1	XX	Х	V1 00	[0.0]	V	P43 [6:0]	V 1 2	-7 [0.0]		2B
	1	1	1	XX	X	Х	Х	X	45 [0.0]	VD	50 [3:0]		0B
	1	1	↑	XX	X	X	X		\/E	VF: P57 [4			04
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х	VF		59 [3:0]		00
	1	1	<u> </u>	XX	X	X		^	VP61 [5		[۵.0] قر		00
	1	1	<u> </u>		X	X				00			
			<u> </u>	XX		X		V	VP62 [5	00			
	1	1		XX	X		X	X	0		3 [3:0]		
	0	1	1	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	E1h
	1	1	1	XX	X	X	X	Х			0 [3:0]		08
	1	1	1	XX	X	X			VN1 [5				1A
	1	1	1	XX	X	X			VN2 [5				20
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х			4 [3:0]		07
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х		V	N6 [4			0E
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	X		VN ²	13 [3:0]		05
Negative Gamma	1	1	1	XX	X			V	N20 [6:0]				3A
Correction	1	1	1	XX		VN36	[3:0]			VN2	27 [3:0]		8A
	1	1	1	XX	Х		T	V	N43 [6:0]				40
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Χ		VNS	50 [3:0]		04
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х		17	N57 [4	1:0]		18
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	X	Χ		VNS	59 [3:0]		0F
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х			VN61 [5:0]			3F
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х			VN62 [5:0]			3F
	1	1	1	XX	Х	Х	Х	Х			3 [3:0]		0F
Digital Gamma Control 1	0	1	1	XX	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	E2h
1 st Parameter	1	1	1	XX		RCA0	[3:0]			BCA	A0 [3:0]		XX
:	1	1	1	XX		RCAx					4x [3:0]		XX
16 th Parameter	1	1	1	XX		RCA15					15 [3:0		XX
Digital Gamma Control 2	0	1	1	XX	1	1	1						E3h
1 st Parameter	1	1	1	XX		RFA0							XX
:	1	1	1	XX		RFAx						XX	
64 th Parameter	1	1	1	XX			RFA63 [3:0] BFA63 [3:0]					XX	
סד ו מומוווכוכו	0	1	1	XX	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	F6h
	1	1	↑	XX				X			X	WEMODE	01
Interface Control	1	1	↑	XX	MY_EOR	MX_EOR	MV_EOR	•	BGR_EOR	X			00
						00							
				^^	X		ENDIAN	_ ^	וווח ווורן:	υJ	□ □ IVI	UIIVI	

Note 1: Undefined commands are treated as NOP (00h) command.

Note 2: B0 to D9 and DE to FF are for factory use of display supplier. USER can decide if these commands are available or they are treated as NOP (00h) commands before shipping to USER. Default value is NOP (00h).

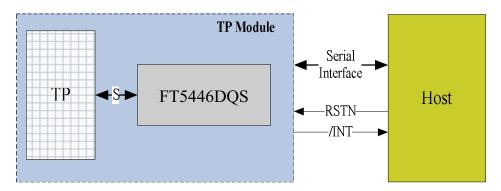
Note 3: Commands 10h, 12h, 13h, 26h, 28h, 29h, 30h, 36h (Bit B4 only), 38h and 39h are updated during V-SYNC when ILI9341V is in Sleep OUT mode to avoid abnormal visual effects. During Sleep IN mode, these commands are updated immediately. Read status (09h), Read display power mode (0Ah), Read display MADCTL (0Bh), Read display pixel format (0Ch), Read display image mode (0Dh), Read display signal mode (0Eh) and Read display self diagnostic result (0Fh) of these commands are updated immediately both in Sleep IN mode and Sleep OUT mode.

■ CTP SPECIFICATIONS

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit
Туре	Transparent type projected capacitive touch panel	
Input mode	Human's finger	
Finger	Single-touch+two-touch gesture	
Resolution	240 x 320	dots
Cover viewing area	44.2(W) x 58.6(H)	mm
Sensor active area	45.2(W)(typ.) x 59.6(H)(typ.)	mm
Transparency	>85%	%
Hardness	>=6H	Pencil hardness
Driver IC	FT5446DQS	/

2. BLOCK DIAGRAM



3. CTP TIMING

The I2C is always configured in the Slave mode. The data transfer format is shown in Figure 1-1.

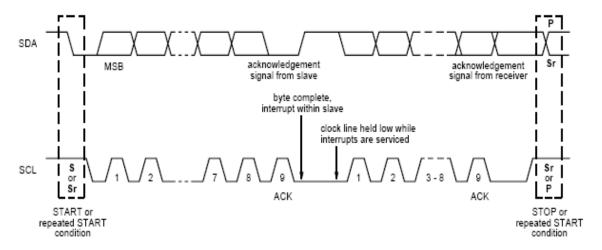


Figure 1-1 I2C Serial Data Transfer Format

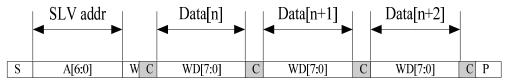


Figure 1-2 I2C master write, slave read

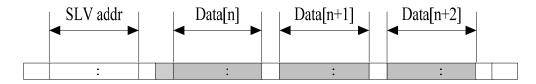


Figure 1-3 I2C master read, slave write

Table 1-1 lists the meanings of the mnemonics used in the above figures.

Table 1-1 Mnemonics Description

Mnemonics	Description
S	I2C Start or I2C Restart
A[6:0]	Slave address A[6:4]: 3'b011 A[3:0]: data bits are identical to those of I2CCON[7:4] register.
W	1'b0: Write
R	1'b1: Read
С	ACK
Р	STOP: the indication of the end of a packet (if this bit is missing, S will indicate the end of the current packet and the beginning of the next packet)

I2C Interface Timing Characteristics is shown in Table 1-2.

Table 1-2 I2C Timing Characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Min	Max
SCL frequency	KHz	0	400
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	us	4.7	\
Hold time (repeated) START condition	us	4.0	\
Data setup time	ns	250	\
Setup time for a repeated START condition	us	4.7	\
Setup Time for STOP condition	us	4.0	\

■ RELIABILITY TEST

No.	Test Item	Test Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Storage Test	80°C±2°C/96Hrs.	Note2
2	Low Temperature Storage Test	-30°C ±2°C/96Hrs.	Note1,2
3	High Temperature Operation Test	70°C±2°C/96Hrs.	
4	Low Temperature Operation Test	-20°C±2°C/96Hrs.	Note1
5	High Temperature and High Humidity Operation Test	60±5℃, 90%RH 96Hrs.	Note1,2
6	Thermal Shock Test -30±2°C(30Min.)~25±2°C(5Min.)~80 (Non-operating) 10Cycles		
7	Frequency:10~55Hz Amplitude: 1.5mm Vibration Test (Non-operating) Test Period: 6 Cycles For Each Direction Of X, Y, Z (Packing Condition)		
8	Shock Test 100G, 6Ms Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ (Non-operating) Cycle: 3 Times		
9	Electro Static Discharge Test (Non-operating) Voltage: ±8KV, R:330Ω, C:150pF, Air Discharge, 10 Times. (Packing Condition)		

Note 1: Without water condensation

Note 2: The function test shall be conducted after 2 hours storage at the room temperature and humidity after removed from the test chamber.

■ INSPECTION CRITERION

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 1 OF 5
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for TFT module.

1 Sample plan

1.1 Lot size: Quantity per shipment lot per model

1.2 Sampling type: Normal inspection, Single sampling

1.3 Inspection level: II

1.4 Sampling table: MIL-STD-105D1.5 Acceptable quality level (AQL)

Major defect: AQL=0.65 Minor defect: AQL=1.50

2. Inspection condition

2.1 Ambient conditions:

a. Temperature: Room temperature $25\pm5^{\circ}$ C

b. Humidity: (60± 10) %RH

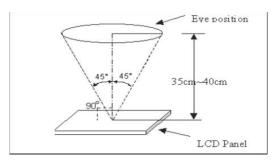
c. Illumination: Single fluoresænt lamp non-directive (300 to 700 Lux)

2.2 Viewing distance:

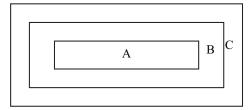
The distance between the LCD and the inspector's eyes shall be at least 35 ± 5 cm.

2.3 Viewing Angle

U/D: 45° /45° , L/R: 45° /45°



- 3. Definition of Inspection Item.
 - 3.1 Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 2 OF 5
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for quality and assembly of customer's product. 4. Inspection standards

Defects are classified as majot defects and minor defects according to the degree of defectiveness defined herein.

4.1 Major defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	
4.1.1	All functional defects	1) No display 2) Display abnormally 3) Short circuit 4) Line defect 5) Excess power consumption	
4.1.2	Missing	Missing function component	
4.1.3	Crack	Glass crack	

4.2 Minor defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection standard	
4.2.1	Spot Defect Including Black spot	For dark/white spot is define $\varphi = (\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y}) / 2$ $X \leftarrow \mathbf{y}$ $Y \leftarrow \mathbf{y}$	ined
	White spot Pinhole Foreign particle	Size φ(mm) φ≤0.15 2mm(min) apart	Acceptable Quantity Ignore
	Polarizer dirt	0.15 < φ≤ 0.25 5mm(min) apart	3
		0.25<φ	Not allowed

		OUTGOIN	G QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 3 OF 5
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA				
			Define:	
		.2 Line Defect Including Black line	Length	Vidth
	4.2.2		Width(mm) Length(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
		White line	W≤0.05 and L≤10	Ignore
		Scratch	0.05 < W≤0.08 and L≤10 3mm(min) apart	3
			0.08 < W≤0.10 andL≤5 3mm(min) apart	1
			0.10< W or 10 <l< td=""><td>Not allowed</td></l<>	Not allowed
			Size φ(mm)	Acceptable Quantity
	4.2.3	Polarizer Dent/Bubble	φ≤0.25	Ignore
			Non visible area	Ignore
			0.25<φ≤ 0.40 5mm(min) apart	2
			0.40< φ	Not allowed
	4.2.4 E1		Bright and Black dot defi	and
		Electrical Dot Defect	Inspection pattern: Full white, Full black, Red, green and blue screens	
			Item	Acceptable Quantity
			Black dot defect	2
			Bright dot defect	0
			Total Dot	2

TITLE FLAT		G QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 4 OF 5
TITLE:FUNG	Touch panel chips	1.Corner chips:	X Y Y
4.2.5		Size(mm) X≤3mm Y≤3mm Z≤T	Acceptable Quantity Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness
		2. Side chips:	Accentable Quantity
		Size(mm) X≤5mm Y≤3mm Z≤T	Ignore T: Glass thickness X: Length Y: Width Z: thickness

OUTGOING QUALITY STANDARD	PAGE 5 OF 5
TITLE:FUNCTIONAL TEST & INSPECTION CRITERIA	

Note: 1. Dot defect is defined as the defective area of the dot area is larger than 50% of the dot area.

- 2. The distance between black dot defects or black and bright dot defects should be more than 5mm apart. The distance between two bright dot defects should be more than 15mm apart
- 3. Polarizer bubble is defined as the bubble appears on active display area. The defect of polarizer bubble shall be ignored if the polarizer bubble appears on the outside of active display area.
- 4. Mura is checker by 6% ND filter.
- 5. Foreign particle on the surface of the LCM should be ignore.

■ PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

- (1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
 - (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Electro-Static Discharge Control, Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential
- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated

- (13) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Handling precaution for LCM

LCM is easy to be damaged.
Please note below and be careful for handling!

Correct handling:



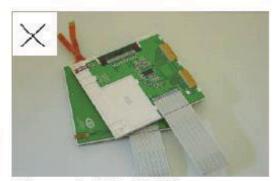


As above picture, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCM edges.

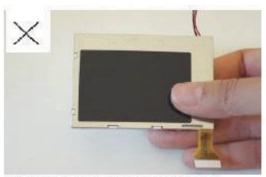
Incorrect handling:



Please don't touch IC directly.



Please don't stack LCM.



Please don't hold the surface of panel.



Please don't stretch interface of output, such as FPC cable.

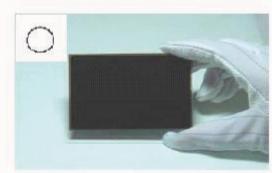
Handling precaution for LCD

LCD is easy to be damaged.

Please note below and be careful for handling!

Correct handling:





As above photo, please handle with anti-static gloves around LCD edges.

Incorrect handling:



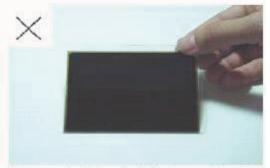
Please don't stack the LCDS.



Please don't hold the surface of LCD.



Please don't operate with sharp stick such as pens.



Please don't touch ITO glass without anti-static gloves.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the anti-static electricity container in which they were shipped. Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

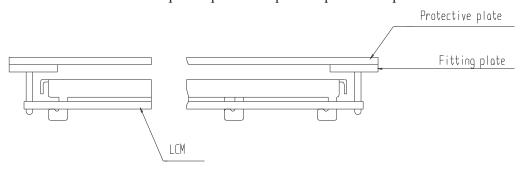
- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- -Terminal electrode sections.

USING LCD MODULES

Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

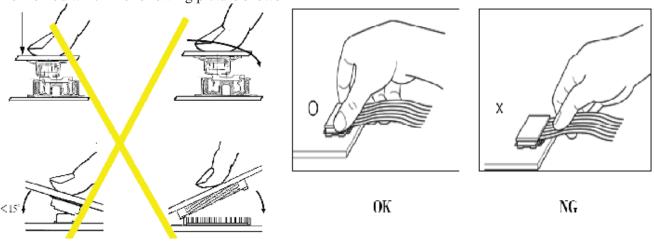
(1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



(2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

Please note the position of the male and female connector position,don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



Precaution for soldering to the LCM

	Hand soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No ROHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Speed: 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
ROHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
product	Time : 3-5S.	Time: 4-8 mm/s.	Time : 3-6S.
product			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

- (1) If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- (2) When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- (3) When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

Precautions for Operation

- (1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.
- (2) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage then the limit cause the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current drive should be avoided.
- (3) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction or out of order with LCD's, Which will come back in the specified operating temperature.
- (4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- (5) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit. Usage under the maximum operating temperature, 50%RH or less is required.
 - (6) Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- (7) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

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Limited Warranty

Unless agreed otherwise between Display Future Ltd and customer, Display Future will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of production. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned within 90 days of the shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on data code on the product.

The warranty liability of Display Future limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Display Future will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

Return LCM under warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are :

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet is damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet, conductors and terminals.

■ PRIOR CONSULT MATTER

- 1. ①For Display Future standard products, we keep the right to change material and processes for improving the product, without notice to our customers.
 - ②For OEM products, if any change is needed, which may affect the product property, we will consult with our customer in advance.
- 2. If you have special requirement about reliability condition, please let us know before you start the test on our samples.

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